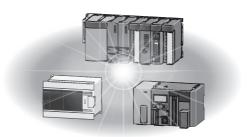


Programmable Controller

MELSEGQ_{series} MELSEGL_{series}

MELSEC-Q/L Structured Programming Manual (Special Instructions)



SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

(Read these precautions before using this product.)

Before using MELSEC-Q or -L series programmable controllers, please read the manuals included with each product and the relevant manuals introduced in those manuals carefully, and pay full attention to safety to handle the product correctly. Make sure that the end users read the manuals included with each product, and keep the manuals in a safe place for future reference.

CONDITIONS OF USE FOR THE PRODUCT

(1) Mitsubishi programmable controller ("the PRODUCT") shall be used in conditions;

i) where any problem, fault or failure occurring in the PRODUCT, if any, shall not lead to any major or serious accident; and

ii) where the backup and fail-safe function are systematically or automatically provided outside of the PRODUCT for the case of any problem, fault or failure occurring in the PRODUCT.

(2) The PRODUCT has been designed and manufactured for the purpose of being used in general industries. MITSUBISHI SHALL HAVE NO RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY AND ALL RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY BASED ON CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT, PRODUCT LIABILITY) FOR ANY INJURY OR DEATH TO PERSONS OR LOSS OR DAMAGE TO PROPERTY CAUSED BY the PRODUCT THAT ARE OPERATED OR USED IN APPLICATION NOT INTENDED OR EXCLUDED BY INSTRUCTIONS, PRECAUTIONS, OR WARNING CONTAINED IN MITSUBISHI'S USER, INSTRUCTION AND/OR SAFETY MANUALS, TECHNICAL BULLETINS AND GUIDELINES FOR the PRODUCT.

("Prohibited Application")

Prohibited Applications include, but not limited to, the use of the PRODUCT in;

- Nuclear Power Plants and any other power plants operated by Power companies, and/or any other cases in which the public could be affected if any problem or fault occurs in the PRODUCT.
- Railway companies or Public service purposes, and/or any other cases in which establishment of a special quality assurance system is required by the Purchaser or End User.
- Aircraft or Aerospace, Medical applications, Train equipment, transport equipment such as Elevator and Escalator, Incineration and Fuel devices, Vehicles, Manned transportation, Equipment for Recreation and Amusement, and Safety devices, handling of Nuclear or Hazardous Materials or Chemicals, Mining and Drilling, and/or other applications where there is a significant risk of injury to the public or property.

Notwithstanding the above, restrictions Mitsubishi may in its sole discretion, authorize use of the PRODUCT in one or more of the Prohibited Applications, provided that the usage of the PRODUCT is limited only for the specific applications agreed to by Mitsubishi and provided further that no special quality assurance or fail-safe, redundant or other safety features which exceed the general specifications of the PRODUCTs are required. For details, please contact the Mitsubishi representative in your region.

INTRODUCTION

Thank you for purchasing the Mitsubishi MELSEC-Q or -L series programmable controllers.

Before using this product, please read this manual and the relevant manuals carefully and develop familiarity with the programming specifications to handle the product correctly.

When applying the program examples introduced in this manual to an actual system, ensure the applicability and confirm that it will not cause system control problems.

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RELEVANT MANUALS

The manuals related to this product are listed below. Order each manual as needed, referring to the following lists.

■Structured programming

Manual name Manual number (model code)	Description
MELSEC-Q/L/F Structured Programming Manual (Fundamentals) <sh-080782eng></sh-080782eng>	Methods and languages for structured programming
MELSEC-Q/L Structured Programming Manual (Common Instructions) <sh-080783eng></sh-080783eng>	Specifications and functions of common instructions, such as sequence instructions, basic instructions, and application instructions, that can be used in structured programs
MELSEC-Q/L Structured Programming Manual (Application Functions) <sh-080784eng></sh-080784eng>	Specifications and functions of application functions that can be used in structured programs

■Operation of GX Works2

Manual name Manual number (model code)	Description
GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Common) <sh-080779eng></sh-080779eng>	System configuration, parameter settings, and online operations of GX Works2, which are common to Simple projects and Structured projects
GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Structured Project) <sh-080781eng></sh-080781eng>	Operations, such as programming and monitoring in Structured projects, of GX Works2
GX Works2 Beginner's Manual (Structured Project) <sh-080788eng></sh-080788eng>	Basic operations, such as programming, editing, and monitoring in Structured projects, of GX Works2. This manual is intended for first-time users of GX Works2.

■Detailed specifications of instructions

Analog instruction

Series		Manual name	Description
Q	L	Manual number (model code)	
•	-	Analog-Digital Converter Module User's Manual <sh-080055></sh-080055>	System configuration, performance specifications, functions, handling, wiring, and troubleshooting of the Q64AD, Q68ADV, and Q68ADI
•		Channel Isolated High Resolution Analog-Digital Converter Module / Channel Isolated High Resolution Analog-Digital Converter Module (With Signal Conditioning Function) User's Manual <sh-080277></sh-080277>	System configuration, performance specifications, functions, handling, wiring, and troubleshooting of the Q64AD-GH and Q62AD-DGH
Ð	_	Channel Isolated Analog-Digital Converter Module/Channel Isolated Analog-Digital Converter Module (With Signal Conditioning Function) User's Manual <sh-080647eng></sh-080647eng>	System configuration, performance specifications, functions, handling, wiring, and troubleshooting of the Q68AD-G and Q66AD-DG
Ð	-	MELSEC-Q High Speed Analog-Digital Converter Module User's Manual <sh-080987eng></sh-080987eng>	System configuration, performance specifications, functions, handling, wiring, and troubleshooting of the Q64ADH
•	-	MELSEC-Q High Speed Digital-Analog Converter Module User's Manual <sh-081101eng></sh-081101eng>	System configuration, performance specifications, functions, handling, wiring, and troubleshooting of the Q64DAH
Ð	-	Digital-Analog Converter Module User's Manual <sh-080054></sh-080054>	System configuration, performance specifications, functions, handling, wiring, and troubleshooting of the Q62DAN, Q64DAN, Q68DAVN, and Q68DAIN
•	-	Channel Isolated Digital-Analog Converter Module User's Manual <sh-080281e></sh-080281e>	System configuration, performance specifications, functions, handling, wiring, and troubleshooting of the Q62DA-FG
•	-	Channel Isolated Digital-Analog Converter Module User's Manual <sh-080648eng></sh-080648eng>	System configuration, performance specifications, functions, handling, wiring, and troubleshooting of the Q66DA-G
Ð	-	RTD Input Module Channel Isolated RTD Input Module User's Manual <sh-080142></sh-080142>	System configuration, performance specifications, functions, handling, wiring, and troubleshooting of the Q64RD and Q64RD-G

Series		Manual name	Description
Q	L	Manual number (model code)	
•	—	Thermocouple Input Module Channel Isolated Thermocouple/ Micro Voltage Input Module User's Manual <sh-080141></sh-080141>	System configuration, performance specifications, functions, handling, wiring, and troubleshooting of the Q64TD and Q64TDV-GH
•	-	Channel Isolated Thermocouple Input Module User's Manual <sh-080795eng></sh-080795eng>	System configuration, performance specifications, functions, handling, wiring, and troubleshooting of the Q68TD-G-H01/Q68TD-G-H02
•	-	Channel Isolated RTD Input Module User's Manual <sh-080722eng></sh-080722eng>	System configuration, performance specifications, functions, handling, wiring, and troubleshooting of the Q68RD3-G
•	-	Load Cell Input Module User's Manual <sh-080821eng></sh-080821eng>	System configuration, performance specifications, functions, handling, wiring, and troubleshooting of the Q61LD
•	-	MELSEC-Q Current Transformer Input Module User's Manual <sh-081033eng></sh-081033eng>	System configuration, performance specifications, functions, handling, wiring, and troubleshooting of the Q68CT
—	•	MELSEC-L Analog-Digital Converter Module User's Manual <sh-080899eng></sh-080899eng>	System configuration, performance specifications, functions, handling, wiring, and troubleshooting of the analog-digital converter module
_	•	MELSEC-L Dual Channel Isolated High Resolution Analog- Digital Converter Module User's Manual <sh-081103eng></sh-081103eng>	System configuration, performance specifications, functions, handling, wiring, and troubleshooting of the L60AD4-2GH
_	•	MELSEC-L Digital-Analog Converter Module User's Manual <sh-080900eng></sh-080900eng>	System configuration, performance specifications, functions, handling, wiring, and troubleshooting of the digital-analog converter module
_	•	MELSEC-L Analog Input/Output Module User's Manual <sh-081167eng></sh-081167eng>	System configuration, specifications, settings, and troubleshooting of the analog input/output module

Positioning instruction

Series		Manual name	Description
Q	L	Manual number (model code)	
•	-	Type QD75P/QD75D Positioning Module User's Manual (Details) <sh-080058></sh-080058>	System configuration, performance specifications, functions, handling, wiring, and troubleshooting of the QD75P1N/QD75P2N/QD75P4N/QD75D1N/QD75D2N/QD75D4N/QD75P1/QD75P2/QD75P4/QD75D1/QD75D2/QD75D4
•	-	Type QD75M Positioning Module User's Manual (Details) <ib-0300062></ib-0300062>	System configuration, performance specifications, functions, handling, procedures before operation, and troubleshooting of the QD75M1/QD75M2/QD75M4
•	-	Type QD75MH Positioning Module User's Manual (Details) <ib-0300117></ib-0300117>	System configuration, performance specifications, functions, handling, procedures before operation, and troubleshooting of the QD75MH1/ QD75MH2/QD75MH4
_	•	MELSEC-L LD75P/LD75D Positioning Module User's Manual <sh-080911eng></sh-080911eng>	System configuration, performance specifications, functions, handling, wiring, and troubleshooting of the LD75P1/LD75P2/LD75P4/LD75D1/LD75D2/ LD75D4

Serial communication instruction

Series		Manual name	Description
Q	L	Manual number (model code)	
•	—	Q Corresponding Serial Communication Module User's Manual (Basic) <sh-080006></sh-080006>	The overview for use of the module, applicable system configuration, specifications, procedures before operation, fundamental data communication with external devices, maintenance, inspection, and troubleshooting
_	•	MELSEC-L Serial Communication Module User's Manual (Basic) <sh-080894eng></sh-080894eng>	The overview for use of the module, applicable system configuration, specifications, procedures before operation, fundamental data communication with external devices, maintenance, inspection, and troubleshooting
•	•	MELSEC-Q/L Serial Communication Module User's Manual (Application) <sh-080007></sh-080007>	The specifications and usage of special functions of the module, settings for special functions, and data communication with external devices

Network dedicated instruction

Series		Manual name	Description
Q	L	Manual number (model code)	
•	-	MELSEC-Q CC-Link System Master/Local Module User's Manual <sh-080394e></sh-080394e>	System configuration, performance specifications, functions, handling, wiring, and troubleshooting of the QJ61BT11N
_	•	MELSEC-L CC-Link System Master/Local Module User's Manual <sh-080895eng></sh-080895eng>	System configuration, performance specifications, functions, handling, wiring, and troubleshooting of the built-in CC-Link and CC-Link system master/local modules
•	-	CC-Link IE Controller Network Reference Manual <sh-080668eng></sh-080668eng>	System configuration, performance specifications, functions, handling, wiring, and troubleshooting of the CC-Link IE Controller Network

Series		Manual name	Description
Q	L	Manual number (model code)	
•	-	MELSEC-Q CC-Link IE Field Network Master/Local Module User's Manual <sh-080917eng></sh-080917eng>	The specifications, procedures before operation, system configuration, installation, settings, functions, programming, and troubleshooting of the CC-Link IE Field Network and the CC-Link IE Field Network master/local module
_	•	MELSEC-L CC-Link IE Field Network Master/Local Module User's Manual <sh-080972eng></sh-080972eng>	The specifications, procedures before operation, system configuration, installation, settings, functions, programming, and troubleshooting of the CC-Link IE Field Network and the CC-Link IE Field Network master/local module
•	-	Q Corresponding MELSECNET/H Network System Reference Manual (PLC to PLC network) <sh-080049></sh-080049>	The specifications, settings and procedures before operation, parameter setting, programming, and troubleshooting of the MELSECNET/H PLC-to-PLC network system
•	—	Q Corresponding MELSECNET/H Network System Reference Manual (Remote I/O network) <sh-080124></sh-080124>	System configuration, performance specifications, and programming of the MELSECNET/H network system (remote I/O network)
•	—	Q Corresponding Ethernet Interface Module User's Manual (Basic) <sh-080009></sh-080009>	The specifications of the Ethernet module, data communication procedure with external devices, line connection (open/close), fixed buffer communication, random access buffer communication, and troubleshooting
_	•	MELSEC-L Ethernet Interface Module User's Manual (Basic) <sh-081105eng></sh-081105eng>	The specifications of the Ethernet module, data communication procedure with external devices, line connection (open/close), fixed buffer communication, random access buffer communication, and troubleshooting
•	•	MELSEC-Q/L Ethernet Interface Module User's Manual (Application) <sh-080010></sh-080010>	The e-mail function of the Ethernet module, programmable controller CPU status monitoring, communication function using the MELSECNET/H or MELSECNET/10 as a relay station, communication with data link instructions, and the use of file transfer (FTP server) function

PID control instruction

Serie	es	Manual name	Description
Q	L	Manual number (model code)	
•	•	MELSEC-Q/L/QnA Programming Manual (PID Control Instructions) <sh-080040></sh-080040>	The dedicated instructions for PID control

Socket communication function instruction

Seri	es	Manual name	Description		
Q	L	Manual number (model code)			
•	-	QnUCPU User's Manual (Communication via Built-in Ethernet Port) <sh-080811eng></sh-080811eng>	Functions for the communication via built-in Ethernet port of the CPU module		
_	•	MELSEC-L CPU Module User's Manual (Built-In Ethernet Function) <sh-080891eng></sh-080891eng>	The built-in Ethernet function of the CPU module		

• Built-in I/O function instruction

Series		Manual name	Description		
Q	L	Manual number (model code)			
_	•	MELSEC-L CPU Module User's Manual (Built-In I/O Function) <sh-080892eng></sh-080892eng>) The general-purpose I/O function, interrupt input function, pulse catch function positioning function, and high-speed counter function of the CPU module		

Data logging function instruction

Series Q L		Manual name	Description		
		Manual number (model code)			
•	•	QnUDVCPU/LCPU User's Manual (Data Logging Function) <sh-080893eng></sh-080893eng>	Specifications of the data logging function, and operating method of the LCPU logging configuration tool		

SFC control instruction

Series		Manual name	Description		
Q L		Manual number (model code)			
•	•	MELSEC-Q/L/QnA Programming Manual (SFC) <sh-080041></sh-080041>	The programming methods required to create SFC program, specifications and functions		

TERMS

This manual uses the generic terms and abbreviations listed in the following table to discuss the software packages and programmable controller CPUs. Corresponding module models are also listed if needed.

Term	Description
Application function	A generic term for the functions, such as functions and function blocks, defined in IEC61131-3.
	(The functions are executed with a set of common instructions in a programmable controller.)
Basic model QCPU	A generic term for the Q00JCPU, Q00CPU, and Q01CPU
Built-in Ethernet port LCPU	A generic term for the L02CPU, L02CPU-P, L06CPU, L06CPU-P, L26CPU, L26CPU-P, L26CPU-BT, and L26CPU-PBT
Built-in Ethernet port QCPU	A generic term for the Q03UDVCPU, Q03UDECPU, Q04UDVCPU, Q04UDEHCPU, Q06UDVCPU, Q06UDEHCPU, Q10UDEHCPU, Q13UDVCPU, Q13UDEHCPU, Q20UDEHCPU, Q26UDVCPU, Q26UDEHCPU, Q50UDEHCPU, and Q100UDEHCPU
CC-Link IE	A generic term for CC-Link IE Controller Network system and CC-Link IE Field Network system
Common instruction	A generic term for the sequence instructions, basic instructions, application instructions, data link instructions, multiple CPU dedicated instructions, multiple CPU high-speed transmission dedicated instructions, and redundant system instructions
CPU module	A generic term for QCPU (Q mode) and LCPU
GX Works2	Product name of the software package for the MELSEC programmable controllers
High Performance model QCPU	A generic term for the Q02CPU, Q02HCPU, Q06HCPU, Q12HCPU, and Q25HCPU
High-speed Universal model QCPU	A generic term for the Q03UDVCPU, Q04UDVCPU, Q06UDVCPU, Q13UDVCPU, and Q26UDVCPU
IEC61131-3	The abbreviation for the IEC 61131-3 international standard
LCPU	A generic term for the L02SCPU, L02SCPU-P, L02CPU, L02CPU-P, L06CPU, L06CPU-P, L26CPU, L26CPU-P, L26CPU-P, L26CPU-BT, and L26CPU-PBT
MELSECNET/H	The abbreviation for MELSECNET/H network system
Personal computer	A generic term for personal computer on which Windows [®] operates
Process CPU	A generic term for the Q02PHCPU, Q06PHCPU, Q12PHCPU, and Q25PHCPU
QCPU (Q mode)	A generic term for the Basic model QCPU, High Performance model QCPU, Process CPU, Redundant CPU, and Universal model QCPU.
Redundant CPU	A generic term for the Q12PRHCPU and Q25PRHCPU
Special instruction	A generic term for the module dedicated instructions, PID control instructions, socket communication function instructions, built-in I/O function instructions, and data logging function instructions
Universal model QCPU	A generic term for the Q00UJCPU, Q00UCPU, Q01UCPU, Q02UCPU, Q03UDCPU, Q03UDVCPU, Q03UDECPU, Q04UDHCPU, Q04UDVCPU, Q04UDEHCPU, Q06UDHCPU, Q06UDVCPU, Q06UDEHCPU, Q10UDHCPU, Q10UDEHCPU, Q13UDHCPU, Q13UDVCPU, Q13UDEHCPU, Q20UDHCPU, Q20UDEHCPU, Q26UDHCPU, Q26UDHCPU, Q26UDEHCPU, Q50UDEHCPU, and Q100UDEHCPU

1 OVERVIEW

1.1 Purpose of This Manual

This manual explains the instructions for the network module, intelligent function module, PID control, socket communication function, built-in I/O function, and data logging function among common instructions and special instructions necessary for creating programs using the structured programming technique. Manuals for reference are listed in the following table according to their purpose.

For information such as the contents and number of each manual, refer to the list of 'Related manuals'.

Page 6 RELEVANT MANUALS

Operation of GX Works2

Purpose		Overview	Details
Installation	Learning the operating environment and installation method	_	GX Works2 Installation Instructions
	Learning a USB driver installation method	_	GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manua (Common)
Operation of GX	Learning all functions of GX Works2	GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual	—
Works2	Learning the project types and available languages in GX Works2	(Common)	_
	Learning the basic operations and operating procedures when creating a simple project for the first time	_	GX Works2 Beginner's Manual (Simple Project)
	Learning the basic operations and operating procedures when creating a structured project for the first time	_	GX Works2 Beginner's Manual (Structured Project)
	Learning the operations of available functions regardless of project type.	_	GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manua (Common)
	Learning the functions and operation methods for programming	GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Common)	GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manua (Simple Project) GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manua (Structured Project)
	Learning data setting methods for intelligent function module	-	GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manua (Intelligent Function Module)

Operations in each programming language

For details of instructions used in each programming language, refer to the following.

Page 11 Details of instructions in each programming language

Purpose		Overview	Details
Simple Project	Ladder	GX Works2 Beginner's Manual (Simple Project)	GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Simple Project)
	SFC	GX Works2 Beginner's Manual (Simple Project) ^{*1}	
	ST	GX Works2 Beginner's Manual (Structured Project)	GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Structured Project)
Structured Project	Ladder	GX Works2 Beginner's Manual (Simple Project)	GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Simple Project)
	SFC	GX Works2 Beginner's Manual (Simple Project) ^{*1}	
	Structured ladder/FBD	GX Works2 Beginner's Manual	GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual
	ST	(Structured Project)	(Structured Project)

*1 MELSAP3 and FX series SFC only

Details of instructions in each programming language

Purpose		Overview	Details
All languages	Learning details of programmable controller CPU error codes, special relays, and special registers	_	Use's Manual (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection) for the CPU module used
Using ladder diagram	Learning the types and details of common instructions	_	MELSEC-Q/L Programming Manual (Common Instruction)
	Learning the types and details of instructions for intelligent function modules	_	Anual for the intelligent function module used
	Learning the types and details of instructions for network modules	-	Amoual for the network module used
	Learning the types and details of instructions for the PID control function	-	MELSEC-Q/L/QnA Programming Manual (PID Control Instructions)
	Learning the types and details of the process control instructions	_	MELSEC-Q Programming/Structured Programming Manual (Process Control Instructions)
Using SFC language	Learning details of specifications, functions, and instructions of SFC (MELSAP3)	_	LI MELSEC-Q/L/QnA Programming Manual (SFC)
Using structured ladder/FBD or	Learning the fundamentals for creating a structured program	_	MELSEC-Q/L/F Structured Programming Manual (Fundamentals)
structured text language	Learning the types and details of common instructions	_	MELSEC-Q/L Structured Programming Manual (Common Instructions)
	Learning the types and details of instructions for intelligent function modules	MELSEC-Q/L Structured Programming Manual (Special Instructions)	Manual for the intelligent function module used
	Learning the types and details of instructions for network modules		Manual for the network module used
	Learning the types and details of instructions for the PID control function		MELSEC-Q/L/QnA Programming Manual (PID Control Instructions)
	Learning the types and details of application functions	_	MELSEC-Q/L Structured Programming Manual (Application Functions)
	Learning the types and details of the process control instructions	_	MELSEC-Q Programming/Structured Programming Manual (Process Control Instructions)

1.2 Explanation Content in This Manual

This manual explains the programming methods and data used for control of the following modules and PID control using structured programming technique.

Function/module for instruction	r explaining an	Processing performed by the instruction	Reference	
Analog module		 Switches the mode. (Offset/gain setting mode or normal mode) Reads the user range setting offset/gain value. Restores the user range setting offset/gain value. 	Page 33 Analog Instruction	
Positioning module		 Restores the absolute position of the specified axis. Starts positioning of the specified axis. Executes teaching of the specified axis. Writes parameters/positioning data and block start data to a flash ROM. Initializes setting data. 	Page 39 Positioning Instruction	
Serial communication mo	odule	 Sends and receives data to and from an external device. Registers and reads user frames. 	Page 51 Serial Communication Instruction	
CC-Link system master/local module		 Reads and writes data from and to an intelligent device station on the CC-Link system. Reads and writes data from and to the auto-refresh buffer memory at the master station. Sets the network parameters. 	Page 98 Network Dedicated Instruction	
CC-Link IE network mod	ule	Sends and receives data to and from an external device.		
MELSECNET/H network	module	Reads and writes data from and to another station on the CC-Link IE or MELSECNET/H network system.		
Ethernet interface modul	е	 Reads and clears error information. Sends and receives e-mails. 		
PID control instruction		 Sets PID control data and performs PID operation for inexact differential and exact differential. Stops and starts operation of the specified loop. Changes the parameter of the specified loop. 	Page 227 PID CONTROL INSTRUCTION	
Socket communication fu	unction	 Opens/closes a connection. Reads receive data. Changes the receive mode. 	Page 252 SOCKET COMMUNICATION FUNCTION INSTRUCTION	
Built-in I/O function	Positioning function	 Starts positioning of the specified axis. Starts OPR of the specified axis. Starts JOG operation of the specified axis. Restores the absolute position of the specified axis. Stops the operating axis. Changes the speed and the target position of the specified axis. 	Page 272 BUILT-IN I/O FUNCTION INSTRUCTION	
Counter function		 Updates the current value of the specified CH. Sets a ring counter lower limit value and a ring counter upper limit value. Sets a preset value/latch counter value/sampling counter value. Sets the coincidence output No. n point. Measures the frequency/rotation speed. Stores the measured pulse value. Outputs the PWM wave form. 		
Data logging function		 Generates a trigger on the data logging of the specified data logging configuration number. Resets the LOGTRG instruction of the specified data logging configuration number. 	Page 299 DATA LOGGING FUNCTION INSTRUCTION	
SFC control		 Reads comment of an active step in the specified SFC block. Reads comment of transition condition associated with an active step in the specified SFC block. 	Page 301 SFC CONTROL INSTRUCTION	

Point P

• Precautions on using instructions

For details of the specifications, functions, and operating timing of each instruction, refer to the related manuals of each module.

MANUALS

1.3 Modules and Versions Applicable to Instructions

This section describes the modules and versions applicable to the instructions explained in this manual. For details of applicable versions, refer to each instruction in Chapter 5

Function/module for explaining an inst	ruction	Applicable version/serial number
Analog module	Q64AD, Q68ADV, Q68ADI, Q64AD-GH, Q62AD-DGH, Q68AD-G, Q66AD-DG, Q64ADH, Q64DAH, Q62DAN, Q64DAN, Q68DAVN, Q68DAIN, Q62DA, Q64DA, Q68DAV, Q68DAI, Q62DA-FG, Q66DA-G, Q64RD, Q64RD-G, Q64TD, Q64TDV-GH, Q68TD-G-H01, Q68TD-G- H02, Q68RD3-G, Q61LD, Q68CT, L60AD4, L60AD4-2GH, L60DA4, L60AD2DA2, L60ADVL8, L60ADIL8, L60DAVL8, L60DAIL8	Applicable to all versions
Positioning module	QD75P1N, QD75P2N, QD75P4N, QD75D1N, QD75D2N, QD75D4N, QD75P1, QD75P2, QD75P4, QD75D1, QD75D2, QD75D4, QD75M1, QD75M2, QD75M4, QD75MH1, QD75MH2, QD75MH4, LD75P1, LD75P2, LD75P4, LD75D1, LD75D2, LD75D4	Applicable to all versions
Serial communication module	QJ71C24N, QJ71C24N-R2, QJ71C24N-R4, QJ71C24, QJ71C24-R2, LJ71C24, LJ71C24-R2	The modules that can use the UINI instruction are limited.
CC-Link system master/local module	QJ61BT11N, LJ61BT11	Applicable to all versions
	QJ61BT11	The modules that can use the RLPASET instruction are limited. The instruction is applicable to the module of which the function version is B and the first five digits of the serial number are '03042' or higher. Image 118 Network parameter setting
CC-Link IE Controller Network module	QJ71GP21-SX, QJ71GP21S-SX	Applicable to all versions
CC-Link IE Field Network module	QJ71GF11-T2, LJ71GF11-T2	Applicable to all versions
MELSECNET/H network module	QJ71LP21, QJ71LP21-25, QJ71LP21S-25, QJ71LP21G, QJ71BR11, QJ72LP25-25, QJ72LP25G, QJ72BR15	Applicable to all versions
Ethernet interface module	QJ71E71-100, QJ71E71-B5, QJ71E71-B2, LJ71E71-100	Applicable to all versions
CPU module supporting the PID control instruction	Q00JCPU, Q00UJCPU, Q00CPU, Q00UCPU, Q01CPU, Q01UCPU, Q02CPU, Q02HCPU, Q02UCPU, Q03UDCPU, Q03UDVCPU, Q03UDECPU, Q04UDHCPU, Q04UDVCPU, Q04UDEHCPU, Q06HCPU, Q06UDHCPU, Q06UDVCPU, Q06UDEHCPU, Q10UDHCPU, Q10UDEHCPU, Q12HCPU, Q12PRHCPU, Q13UDHCPU, Q13UDVCPU, Q13UDEHCPU, Q20UDHCPU, Q20UDEHCPU, Q25HCPU, Q25PRHCPU, Q26UDHCPU, Q26UDVCPU, Q26UDEHCPU, Q50UDEHCPU, Q100UDEHCPU, L02SCPU, L02SCPU-P, L02CPU, L02CPU-P, L06CPU, L06CPU-P, L26CPU, L26CPU-P, L26CPU-BT, L26CPU-PBT	The modules that can use the instruction are limited. C ³⁷ Page 227 PID Control Instruction (Inexact Differential),Page 240 PID Control Instruction (Exact Differential)
Built-in Ethernet port QCPU, Built-in Ethernet port LCPU (Built-in Ethernet function)	Q03UDVCPU, Q03UDECPU, Q04UDVCPU, Q04UDEHCPU, Q06UDVCPU, Q06UDEHCPU, Q10UDEHCPU, Q13UDVCPU, Q13UDEHCPU, Q20UDEHCPU, Q26UDVCPU, Q26UDEHCPU, Q50UDEHCPU, Q100UDEHCPU, L02CPU, L02CPU-P, L06CPU, L06CPU-P, L26CPU, L26CPU-P, L26CPU-BT, L26CPU-PBT	The modules that can use the socket communication function instruction are limited when using the Built-in Ethernet port QCPU. The instruction is applicable to the module of which the function version is B and the first five digits of the serial number are '11012' or higher. The instruction is applicable to all versions when using the Built-in Ethernet port LCPU.
LCPU (Built-in I/O function)	L02SCPU, L02SCPU-P, L02CPU, L02CPU-P, L06CPU, L06CPU-P, L26CPU, L26CPU-P, L26CPU-BT, L26CPU-PBT	Applicable to all versions
Data logging function	Q03UDVCPU, Q04UDVCPU, Q06UDVCPU, Q13UDVCPU, Q26UDVCPU, L02CPU, L02CPU-P, L06CPU, L06CPU-P, L26CPU, L26CPU-P, L26CPU-BT, L26CPU-PBT	Applicable to all versions

Function/module for explaining an in	Applicable version/serial number	
CPU module supporting the SFC control instruction	Q02CPU, Q02HCPU, Q02PHCPU, Q03UDCPU, Q03UDVCPU, Q03UDECPU, Q04UDHCPU, Q04UDVCPU, Q04UDEHCPU, Q06HCPU, Q06PHCPU, Q06UDHCPU, Q06UDVCPU, Q06UDEHCPU, Q10UDHCPU, Q10UDEHCPU, Q12HCPU, Q12PHCPU, Q12PRHCPU, Q13UDHCPU, Q13UDVCPU, Q13UDEHCPU, Q20UDHCPU, Q20UDEHCPU, Q25HCPU, Q25PHCPU, Q25PRHCPU, Q26UDHCPU, Q26UDVCPU, Q26UDEHCPU, Q50UDEHCPU, Q100UDEHCPU	The modules that can use the instruction are limited.
• How to check the	applicable version or serial number	

Intelligent function modules: User's Manual or Reference Manual for the module listed in 'Manuals' CPU modules supporting PID control: User's Manual (Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals) of the

CPU module to be used

Built-in Ethernet port QCPU: QnUCPU User's Manual (Communication via Built-in Ethernet Port)

Manual for reference

2 INSTRUCTION TABLES

2.1 How to Read Instruction Tables

The instruction tables found from Page 16 Module Dedicated Instruction to Page 28 SFC Control Instruction have been made according to the following format:

0	2	3	4	5	6	7
Classification	Instruction name	Argument	Processing details	Executing condition	Applicable module	Reference
On-demand function transmission	G_ONDEMAND GP_ONDEMAN D	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d) (Un*), (s1), (s2), (d)	Sends data using the on-demand function of MC protocol.		Serial Modem	Page 53 G(P)_ONDE MAND
Nonprocedural protocol communication	G_OUTPUT GP_OUTPUT	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d) (Un*), (s1), (s2), (d)	Sends the specified number of data.		Serial Modem	Page 56 G(P)_OUTP UT
	G_INPUT	(Un*), (s), (d1), (d2)	Reads the received data.			Page 58 G_INPUT
Bidirectional protocol communication	G_BIDOUT GP_BIDOUT	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d) (Un*), (s1), (s2), (d)	Sends the specified number of data.		Serial Modem	Page 60 G(P)_BIDO UT
	G_BIDIN	(Un*), (s), (d1), (d2)	Reads received data.			Page 62 G(P) RIDIN
		(Un*), (s), (d1)				

Description

OClassifies instructions by application.

2 Indicates the instructions used in a program.

3 Indicates the arguments of the instruction.

Symbol	Name	Description
(s), (s1)	Source	Stores data before operation.
(d), (d1)	Destination	Indicates the destination of data after operation.
n, n1	—	Specifies the number of devices and the number of transfers.
(Jn*)	—	Specifies the network number.
(Un*)	—	Specifies the start I/O number of a module.

Indicates the processing details of each instruction.

ODetails of executing condition of each instruction are as follows:

Symbol	Executing condition
	Indicates an 'executed while ON' type instruction that is executed only while the precondition is ON. When the precondition is OFF, the instruction is not executed and does not perform processing.
	Indicates an 'executed once at ON' type instruction that is executed only at the rising pulse (OFF \rightarrow ON) of the precondition of the instruction.

Indicates the execution target module of each instruction. For details of the icons, refer to Chapter Page 31 HOW TO READ INSTRUCTIONS.

Olndicates the references on which the instructions are explained.

2.2 Module Dedicated Instruction

Analog instruction

Classification	Instruction name	Argument	Processing details	Executing condition	Reference
Mode switching	G_OFFGAN	(Un*), (s)	 Moves to the offset/gain setting mode. Moves to the normal mode. 		Page 33 G(P)_OFFGAN
	GP_OFFGAN				
Setting value reading	G_OGLOAD	(Un*), (s), (d)	Reads the user range settings offset/gain value to the programmable controller CPU.		Page 35 G(P)_OGLOA
	GP_OGLOAD				D
Setting value restoration	G_OGSTOR	(Un*), (s), (d)	Restores the user range settings offset/gain value stored in the programmable controller		Page 37 G(P)_OGSTO
	GP_OGSTOR		CPU.		R

Positioning instruction

Classification	Instruction name	Argument	Processing details	Executing condition	Reference
Absolute position restoration	Z_ABRST1	(Un*), (s), (d)	Restores the absolute position of the specified axis.		Page 39 Z_ABRST1,
	Z_ABRST2	(Un*), (s), (d)			Z_ABRST2, Z_ABRST3,
	Z_ABRST3	(Un*), (s), (d)			Z_ABRST4
	Z_ABRST4	(Un*), (s), (d)			
Positioning start	ZP_PSTRT1	(Un*), (s), (d)	Starts positioning of the specified axis.	_ <u>_</u>	Page 43 ZP_PSTRT1,
	ZP_PSTRT2	(Un*), (s), (d)	_	_ _	ZP_PSTRT2, ZP_PSTRT3,
	ZP_PSTRT3	(Un*), (s), (d)		_ _	ZP_PSTRT4
	ZP_PSTRT4	(Un*), (s), (d)	_		_
Teaching	ZP_TEACH1	(Un*), (s), (d)	Performs teaching for the specified axis.		Page 45 ZP_TEACH1,
	ZP_TEACH2	(Un*), (s), (d)	_		ZP_TEACH2, ZP_TEACH3,
	ZP_TEACH3	(Un*), (s), (d)	_		ZP_TEACH4
	ZP_TEACH4	(Un*), (s), (d)			
Writing to flash ROM	ZP_PFWRT	(Un*), (s), (d)	Writes the positioning module parameters, positioning data, and block start data to the flash ROM.		Page 47 ZP_PFWRT
Setting data initialization	ZP_PINIT	(Un*), (s), (d)	Initializes the positioning module setting data.		Page 49 ZP_PINIT

Serial communication instruction

Classification	Instruction name	Argument	Processing details	Executing condition	Applicable module	Reference
On-demand function transmission	G_ONDEMAND	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d)	Sends data using the on-demand function of MC protocol.		Serial	Page 51 G(P)_ONDE
	GP_ONDEMAN D	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d)			Modem	MAND
Nonprocedural protocol communication	G_OUTPUT	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d)	Sends the specified number of data.		Serial	Page 54 G(P)_OUTP
	GP_OUTPUT	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d)			Modem	UT
	G_INPUT	(Un*), (s), (d1), (d2)	Reads the received data.			Page 57 G_INPUT
Bidirectional protocol communication	G_BIDOUT	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d)	Sends the specified number of data.		Serial	Page 59 G(P)_BIDOU
	GP_BIDOUT	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d)			Modem	Т
	G_BIDIN	(Un*), (s), (d1), (d2)	Reads received data.			Page 61 G(P)_BIDIN
	GP_BIDIN	(Un*), (s), (d1), (d2)				
Communication status check	G_SPBUSY	(Un*), (d)	Reads the data transmission/reception status using the instruction.		Serial	Page 63 G(P)_SPBU
	GP_SPBUSY	(Un*), (d)			Modem	SY
Receive data clear	ZP_CSET	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d1), (d2)	Clears receive data without stopping transmission using the nonprocedural protocol.	1	Serial Modem	Page 64 ZP_CSET
Data transmission/ reception	Z_BUFRCVS	(Un*), (s), (d)	Receives data with an interrupt program using the nonprocedural protocol or bidirectional protocol.		Serial Modem	Page 66 Z_BUFRCVS
	G_PRR	(Un*), (s), (d)	Sends data by user frame according to the specification in user frame			Page 68 G(P)_PRR
	GP_PRR	(Un*), (s), (d)	specification area for transmission using the nonprocedural protocol.			
Initial setting	ZP_CSET	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d1), (d2)	Sets the unit (word/byte) of the number of the data to be sent or received.	1	Serial Modem	Page 72 ZP_CSET
Programmable controller CPU monitor	ZP_CSET	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d1), (d2)	Registers and cancels the programmable controller CPU monitoring for using the programmable controller CPU monitoring function.		Serial Modem	Page 75 ZP_CSET
Flash ROM user frame registration/reading	G_PUTE	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d)	Registers a user frames to the flash ROM.		Serial	Page 83 G(P)_PUTE
	GP_PUTE	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d)			Modem	
	G_GETE	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d)	Reads a user frames from the flash ROM.			Page 86 G(P)_GETE
	GP_GETE	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d)				
Mode switching	ZP_UINI	(Un*), (s), (d)	Switches the mode, transmission specification, and host station number.		Serial	Page 89 ZP_UINI
Pre-defined protocol communication	G_CPRTCL	(Un*), n1, n2, (s), (d)	Executes the protocols and functional protocols written to the flash ROM.		Serial	Page 95 G(P)_CPRT
	GP_CPRTCL	(Un*), n1, n2, (s), (d)	-			CL

Network dedicated instruction

Classification	Instruction name	Argument	Processing details	Executing condition	Applicable module	Reference
Reading from the buffer memory of an intelligent device station	J_RIRD	(Jn*), (s), (d1), (d2)	Reads data for the specified number of points from the buffer memory or		CC IE C	Page 98 J(P)_RIRD,
	JP_RIRD	(Jn*), (s), (d1), (d2)	device of the specified station.	1	CC IE C CC IE F	G(P)_RIRD
	G_RIRD	(Un*), (s), (d1), (d2)			CC-Link CC IE C	•
	GP_RIRD	(Un*), (s), (d1), (d2)			CC-Link CC IE C CC IE F	
Writing to the buffer memory of an intelligent	J_RIWT	(Jn*), (s1), (s2), (d)	Writes data for the specified number of points to the buffer memory or device of		CC IE C	Page 102 J(P)_RIWT,
device station	JP_RIWT	(Jn*), (s1), (s2), (d)	the specified station.		CC IE C CC IE F	Ğ(P)_RIWT
	G_RIWT	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d)			CC-Link CC IE C	
	GP_RIWT	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d)			CC-Link CC IE C CC IE F	
Reading from the buffer memory of an intelligent	G_RIRCV	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d1), (d2)	Automatically performs handshaking with the specified station and reads		CC-Link	Page 106 G(P)_RIRCV
device station (with handshake)	GP_RIRCV	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d1), (d2)	data from the buffer memory of the specified station. This instruction is applicable with a module having a handshake signal, such as the AJ65BT-R2(N).			
Writing to the buffer memory of an intelligent	G_RISEND	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d1), (d2)	Automatically performs handshaking with the specified station and writes		CC-Link	Page 110 G(P)_RISEN
device station (with handshake)	GP_RISEND	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d1), (d2)	data to the buffer memory of the specified station. This instruction is applicable with a module having a handshake signal, such as the AJ65BT-R2(N).			D
Reading from the auto- refresh buffer memory of	G_RIFR	(Un*), n1, n2, n3, (d)	Reads data from the auto-refresh buffer memory of the specified station.		CC-Link	Page 114 G(P)_RIFR
the master station	GP_RIFR	(Un*), n1, n2, n3, (d)	This instruction is applicable with a module having an auto-refresh buffer, such as the AJ65BT-R2.			
Writing to the auto- refresh buffer memory of	G_RITO	(Un*), n1, n2, n3, (d)	Writes data to the auto-refresh buffer memory of the specified station.		CC-Link	Page 116 G(P)_RITO
the master station	GP_RITO	(Un*), n1, n2, n3, (d)	This instruction is applicable with a module having an auto-refresh buffer, such as the AJ65BT-R2.]	
Network parameter setting	G_RLPASET	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (s3), (s4), (s5), (d)	Sets network parameter to the master station and starts up the data link.		CC-Link	Page 118 G(P)_RLPAS ET
	GP_RLPASET	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (s3), (s4), (s5), (d)				

Classification	Instruction name	Argument	Processing details	Executing condition	Applicable module	Reference
Device data read/write	J_READ	(Jn*), (s1), (s2),	Reads data from a word device of		CC IE C	Page 125
	JP_READ	(d1), (d2) (Jn*), (s1), (s2), (d1), (d2)	another station.		CC IE F	J(P)_READ, G(P)_READ
	G_READ	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d1), (d2)	-		NET/H	
	GP_READ	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d1), (d2)			Ether	
	J_SREAD	(Jn*), (s1), (s2), (d1), (d2), (d3)	Reads data from a device of another station (with completion device).		_	Page 130 J(P)_SREAD
	JP_SREAD	(Jn*), (s1), (s2), (d1), (d2), (d3)				, G(P)_SREA
	G_SREAD	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d1), (d2), (d3)	-			D
	GP_SREAD	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d1), (d2), (d3)	-			
	J_WRITE	(Jn*), (s1), (s2), (s3), (d1)	Writes data to a device of another station.			Page 134 J(P)_WRITE,
	JP_WRITE	(Jn*), (s1), (s2), (s3), (d1)	-			G(P)_WRITE
	G_WRITE	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (s3), (d1)	_		-	
	GP_WRITE	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (s3), (d1)				
	J_SWRITE	(Jn*), (s1), (s2), (d1), (d2), (d3)	Writes data to a device of another station (with completion device).			Page 140 J(P)_SWRIT
	JP_SWRITE	(Jn*), (s1), (s2), (d1), (d2), (d3)				E, G(P)_SWRIT E
	G_SWRITE	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d1), (d2), (d3)				E
	GP_SWRITE	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d1), (d2), (d3)				
Message (user-specified data) communication	J_SEND	(Jn*), (s1), (s2), (d)	Sends data to another station.			Page 144 J(P)_SEND,
	JP_SEND	(Jn*), (s1), (s2), (d)			CC IE F NET/H Ether	G(P)_SEND
	G_SEND	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d)				
	GP_SEND	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d)				
	J_RECV	(Jn*), (s), (d1), (d2)	Reads received data from another station			Page 150 J(P)_RECV,
	JP_RECV	(Jn*), (s), (d1), (d2)	(for main program).			G(P)_RECV
	G_RECV	(Un*), (s), (d1), (d2)				
	GP_RECV	(Un*), (s), (d1), (d2)				
	Z_RECVS	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d)	Reads received data from another station (for interrupt program)		1	Page 154 Z_RECVS

Classification	Instruction name	Argument	Processing details	Executing condition	Applicable module	Reference
Transient request to another station	J_REQ	(Jn*), (s1), (s2), (d1), (d2)	Executes remote RUN/STOP for another station.		CC IE C	Page 157 J(P)_REQ,
	JP_REQ	(Jn*), (s1), (s2), (d1), (d2)	Reads/writes clock data from another station.		CC IE C CC IE F NET/H Ether	G(P)_REQ
	G_REQ	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d1), (d2)	_		CC IE C	
	GP_REQ	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d1), (d2)			CC IE C CC IE F NET/H Ether	
Read from other station devices	J_ZNRD	(Un*), n1, (s), n2, (d1), (d2)	Reads data from a device of a programmable controller on another		CC IE C	Page 165 J(P)_ZNRD
	JP_ZNRD	(Un*), n1, (s), n2, (d1), (d2)	station. (In units of words)		NET/H	
Write to other station devices	J_ZNWR	(Un*), n1, (s), n2, (d1), (d2)	Writes data to a device of a programmable controller on another		Ether	Page 168 J(P)_ZNWR
	JP_ZNWR	(Un*), n1, (s), n2, (d1), (d2)	station. (In units of words)			
Remote RUN	Z_RRUN_J	(Jn*), (s1), (s2), (s3), (s4), (d)	Executes remote RUN for a CPU module on another station.		CC IE C	Page 171 Z(P)_RRUN_ J, Z(P)_RRUN_ U
	ZP_RRUN_J	(Jn*), (s1), (s2), (s3), (s4), (d)			NET/H	
	Z_RRUN_U	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (s3), (s4), (d)				0
	ZP_RRUN_U	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (s3), (s4), (d)				
Remote STOP	Z_RSTOP_J	(Jn*), (s1), (s2), (s3), (s4), (d)	Executes remote STOP for a CPU module on another station.		CC IE C NET/H	Page 174 Z(P)_RSTOP _J, Z(P)_RSTOP
	ZP_RSTOP_J	(Jn*), (s1), (s2), (s3), (s4), (d)				
	Z_RSTOP_U	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (s3), (s4), (d)				_U
	ZP_RSTOP_U	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (s3), (s4), (d)				
Reading clock data from another station	Z_RTMRD_J	(Jn*), (s1), (s2), (s3), (d1), (d2)	Reads clock data from a CPU module on another station.		CC IE C	Page 177 Z(P)_RTMR
	ZP_RTMRD_J	(Jn*), (s1), (s2), (s3), (d1), (d2)			NET/H	D_J, Z(P)_RTMR
	Z_RTMRD_U	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (s3), (d1), (d2)				D_U
	ZP_RTMRD_U	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (s3), (d1), (d2)				
Writing clock data to another station	Z_RTMWR_J	(Jn*), (s1), (s2), (s3), (s4), (d)	Writes clock data to a CPU module on another station.		CC IE C	Page 179 Z(P)_RTMW
	ZP_RTMWR_J	(Jn*), (s1), (s2), (s3), (s4), (d)			NET/H	R_J, Z(P)_RTMW
	Z_RTMWR_U	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (s3), (s4), (d)				R_U
	ZP_RTMWR_U	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (s3), (s4), (d)				

Classification	Instruction name	Argument	Processing details	Executing condition	Applicable module	Reference
Reading from buffer memory of intelligent	Z_REMFR	(Jn*), n1, n2, n3, n4, n5, (d1), (d2)	Reads data from the buffer memory of an intelligent function module on the		NET/H	Page 182 Z(P)_REMF
function module on remote I/O station	ZP_REMFR	(Jn*), n1, n2, n3, n4, n5, (d1), (d2)	remote I/O station.		CC IE F NET/H	R
Writing to buffer memory of intelligent function	Z_REMTO	(Jn*), n1, n2, n3, n4, n5, (d1), (d2)	Writes data to the buffer memory of an intelligent function module on the		NET/H	Page 185 Z(P)_REMT
module on remote I/O station	ZP_REMTO	(Jn*), n1, n2, n3, n4, n5, (d1), (d2)	remote I/O station.		CC IE F NET/H	0
Setting parameter	G_CCPASET	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (s3), (s4), (d)	Set parameters for master/local modules (master station).		CC IE F	Page 188 G(P)_CCPA
	GP_CCPASET	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (s3), (s4), (d)				SET
Connection opening or closing	ZP_OPEN	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d)	Opens a connection.		Ether	Page 194 ZP_OPEN
	ZP_CLOSE	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d)	Closes a connection.			Page 198 ZP_CLOSE
Fixed buffer communication	ZP_BUFRCV	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d1), (d2)	Reads received data. (for main program).		Ether	Page 201 ZP_BUFRCV
	Z_BUFRCVS	(Un*), (s), (d)	Reads received data. (for interrupt program)			Page 204 Z_BUFRCVS
	ZP_BUFSND	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (s3), (d)	Sends data.			Page 206 ZP_BUFSND
Reading or clearing error information	ZP_ERRCLR	(Un*), (s), (d)	Clears error information.		Ether	Page 209 ZP_ERRCLR
	ZP_ERRRD	(Un*), (s), (d)	Reads error information.			Page 212 ZP_ERRRD
Re-initialization/station number setting/changing	Z_UINI	(Un*), (s), (d)	 Executes re-initialization. Sets the host station number. 		CC IE C	Page 214 Z(P)_UINI
switch setting	ZP_UINI	(Un*), (s), (d)	 Changes the switch setting. 		CC IE C Ether	
E-mail communication	ZP_MRECV	(Un*), (s), (d1), (d2)	Reads received e-mail.		Ether	Page 218 ZP_MRECV
	ZP_MSEND	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d)	Sends an e-mail.			Page 221 ZP_MSEND

PID control instruction (inexact differential)

Classification	Instruction name	Argument	Processing details	Executing condition	Reference
Data setting	S_PIDINIT	(s)	Sets data to be used for PID operation.		Page 227 S(P)_PIDINIT
	SP_PIDINIT	(S)			
PID operation	S_PIDCONT	(s)	Performs PID operation based on the set value (SV) and process value (PV).		Page 232 S(P)_PIDCON
	SP_PIDCONT	(s)			Т
PID operation stop	S_PIDSTOP	n	Stops the PID operation for the specified loop number.		Page 236 S_PIDSTOP,
	SP_PIDSTOP	n			S_PIDRUN
PID operation start	S_PIDRUN	n	Starts the PID operation for the specified loop number.		
	SP_PIDRUN	n			
Operation parameter change	S_PIDPRMW	n, (s)	Changes operation parameter of the specified loop number.		Page 237 S(P)_PIDPRM
	SP_PIDPRMW	n, (s)			W

PID control instruction (exact differential)

Classification	Instruction name	Argument	Processing details	Executing condition	Reference
Data setting	PIDINIT	(s)	Sets data to be used for PID operation.		Page 240 PIDINIT(P)
	PIDINITP	(s)			
PID operation	PIDCONT	(s)	Performs PID operation based on the set value (SV) and process value (PV).		Page 244 PIDCONT(P)
	PIDCONTP	(s)			
PID operation stop	PIDSTOP	n	Stops the PID operation for the specified loop number.		Page 248 PIDSTOP,
	PIDSTOPP	n			PIDRUN
PID operation start	PIDRUN	n	Starts the PID operation for the specified loop number.		
	PIDRUNP	n			1
Operation parameter change	PIDPRMW	n, (s)	Changes operation parameter of the specified loop number.		Page 249 PIDPRMW(P)
	PIDPRMWP	n, (s)]

2.4 Socket Communication Function Instruction

Classification	Instruction name	Argument	Processing details	Executing condition	Reference
Opening/closing connection	SP_SOCOPEN	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d)	Establishes a connection.		Page 252 SP_SOCOPEN
	SP_SOCCLOS E	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d)	Shuts a connection off.		Page 255 SP_SOCCLOS E
Reading receive data	SP_SOCRCV	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d1), (d2)	Reads receive data. (Reading at the end process)	_ _	Page 257 SP_SOCRCV
	S_SOCRCVS	(Un*), (s), (d)	Reads receive data. (Reading at the instruction execution)		Page 259 S_SOCRCVS
Sending data	SP_SOCSND	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (s3), (d)	Sends data.	_ _	Page 261 SP_SOCSND
Reading connection information	SP_SOCCINF	(Un*), (s1), (s2), (d)	Reads connection information.	_ _	Page 264 SP_SOCCINF
Changing destination	SP_SOCCSET	(Un*), (s1), (s2)	Changes a destination of a UDP/IP connection.	_ _	Page 266 SP_SOCCSET
Changing receive mode	SP_SOCRMOD E	(Un*), (s1), (s2)	Changes the receive mode of a connection.		Page 268 SP_SOCRMO DE
Reads data from the receive data area.	S_SOCRDATA	(Un*), (s1), (s2), n, (d)	Reads data from the receive data area.		Page 270 S(P)_SOCRDA
	SP_SOCRDAT A			_ _	ТА

2.5 Built-in I/O Function Instruction

Positioning function dedicated instruction

Classification	Instruction name	Argument	Processing details	Executing condition	Reference	
Positioning start	IPPSTRT1	n	Specifies a data number to be executed from "Positioning Data" No. 1 to No. 10 which are		Page 272 IPPSTRT1,	
	IPPSTRT1P	n	previously set in GX Works2, and starts the positioning.		IPPSTRT2	
	IPPSTRT2	n			-	
	IPPSTRT2P	n	_		_	
	IPDSTRT1	(S)	Regardless of "Positioning Data" No. 1 to No. 10 which are previously set in GX Works2,		Page 273 IPDSTRT1,	
	IPDSTRT1P	(S)	starts the positioning using the data stored in the devices starting from the one specified for		IPDSTRT2	
	IPDSTRT2	(S)	control data.		-	
	IPDSTRT2P	(S)	_		_	
	IPSIMUL	n1, n2	Starts the positioning of the axis 1 "Positioning Data" number and the axis 2 "Positioning Data"		Page 275 IPSIMUL(P)	
	IPSIMULP	n1, n2	number simultaneously.			
OPR start	IPOPR1	(S)	Specifies a method and starts the OPR of the specified axis.		Page 276 IPOPR1,	
	IPOPR1P	(S)		1	IPOPR2	
	IPOPR2	(S)			_	
	IPOPR2P	(S)			-	
JOG start	IPJOG1	(s1), (s2)	Starts the JOG operation of the specified axis.		Page 278 IPJOG1,	
	IPJOG2	(s1), (s2)			IPJOG2	
Absolute position restoration	IPABRST1	(s), (d)	Executes the absolute position restoration of the specified axis.		Page 280 IPABRST1,	
	IPABRST2	(s), (d)			IPABRST2	
Stop	IPSTOP1	-	Stops the axis in operation.		Page 282 IPSTOP1,	
	IPSTOP2	-			IPSTOP2	
Speed change	IPSPCHG1	(S)	Changes the speed of the specified axis.		Page 283 IPSPCHG1,	
	IPSPCHG1P	(S)	_		IPSPCHG2	
	IPSPCHG2	(S)			1	
	IPSPCHG2P	(S)			1	
Target position change	IPTPCHG1	(S)	Changes the target position of the specified axis.		Page 285 IPTPCHG1,	
	IPTPCHG1P	(S)			IPTPCHG2	
	IPTPCHG2	(S)	-			
	IPTPCHG2P	(S)			-	

Counter function dedicated instruction

Classification	Instruction name	Argument	Processing details	Executing condition	Reference
Current value read	ICCNTRD1	-	Stores the most recent value for the current value of the specified CH.		Page 287 ICCNTRD1,
	ICCNTRD1P	-		†	ICCNTRD2
	ICCNTRD2	-	_		_
	ICCNTRD2P	-	_		-
Ring counter upper/lower limit value write	ICRNGWR1	(s1), (s2)	Sets a ring counter lower limit value and upper limit value of the specified CH.		Page 288 ICRNGWR1,
value write	ICRNGWR1P	(s1), (s2)			ICRNGWR2
	ICRNGWR2	(s1), (s2)	_		-
	ICRNGWR2P	(s1), (s2)	_		-
Preset value write	ICPREWR1	(s)	Sets a preset value of the specified CH.		Page 290 ICPREWR1,
	ICPREWR1P	(s)	-		ICPREWR1,
	ICPREWR2	(s)	_		-
	ICPREWR2P	(s)	_		-
Latch counter value read	ICLTHRD1	n, (d)	Stores a latch counter value of the specified CH.		Page 291 ICLTHRD1,
	ICLTHRD1P	n, (d)			ICLTHRD2
	ICLTHRD2	n, (d)	_		-
	ICLTHRD2P	n, (d)	-		-
Sampling counter value read	ICSMPRD1	(d)	Stores a sampling counter value of the specified CH.		Page 292 ICSMPRD1,
	ICSMPRD1P	(d)		<u> </u>	ICSMPRD2
	ICSMPRD2	(d)	_		_
	ICSMPRD2P	(d)	_		_
Coincidence output point write	ICCOVWR1	n, (s)	Sets a coincidence output No. n point of the specified CH.		Page 293 ICCOVWR1,
	ICCOVWR1P	n, (s)			ICCOVWR2
	ICCOVWR2	n, (s)			
	ICCOVWR2P	n, (s)	-		
Frequency measurement	ICFCNT1	(d)	Measures the frequency of the specified CH.		Page 294 ICFCNT1,
	ICFCNT2	(d)	-		ICFCNT2
Rotation speed measurement	ICRCNT1	(d)	Measures the rotation speed of the specified CH.		Page 295 ICRCNT1,
	ICRCNT2	(d)			ICRCNT2

Classification	Instruction name	Argument	Processing details	Executing condition	Reference
Pulse measurement read	ICPLSRD1	(d)	Stores the measured pulse value of the specified CH.		Page 296 ICPLSRD1,
	ICPLSRD1P	(d)			ICPLSRD2
	ICPLSRD2	(d)]		1
	ICPLSRD2P	(d)]		1
PWM output	ICPWM1	(s1), (s2)	Outputs the PWM waveform of the specified CH.		Page 297 ICPWM1,
	ICPWM2	(s1), (s2)]		ICPWM2

2.6 Data Logging Function Instruction

Classification	Instruction name	Argument	ent Processing details		Reference
Trigger logging set/reset	LOGTRG	n	Generates the trigger conditions in a trigger logging. Stores the data sampling results to the data logging file for the number of times specified in the trigger logging configuration of the programming tool.		Page 299 LOGTRG Instruction, LOGTRGR Instruction
	LOGTRGR	n	Resets the trigger conditions		

2.7 SFC Control Instruction

Classification	Instruction name	Argument	Processing details	Executing condition	Reference
SFC step comment read	S_SFCSCOMR	n1, n2, n3, (d1), (d2)	Reads comment of an active step in the specified SFC block by the specified number.		Page 301 S(P)_SFCSCO
	SP_SFCSCOM R	n1, n2, n3, (d1), (d2)		_ _	MR
SFC transition condition comment read	S_SFCTCOMR	n1, n2, n3, (d1), (d2)	Reads comment of transition condition associated with an active step in the specified		Page 303 S(P)_SFCTCO
	SP_SFCTCOM R	n1, n2, n3, (d1), (d2)	SFC block by the specified number.	_ _	MR

3 CONFIGURATION OF INSTRUCTIONS

Instructions available in the CPU module can be divided into an instruction name and an argument. The application of an instruction name and an argument are as follows:

Instruction name

Indicates the function of the instruction.

Argument

Indicates the I/O data used in the instruction.

Arguments are classified into I/O number, source data, destination data, number of devices, executing condition, and execution result.

I/O number

I/O number is data that set a module in which the instruction is to be executed.

Set the I/O number by start I/O number or a network number of the module depending on the instruction.

Setting the start I/O number (Un) of the module

Set the higher two digits when expressing the start I/O number in three digits for the module in which the instruction is to be executed. Set the start I/O number in a numeric value or character string according to the data type available with the instruction.

· Setting the start I/O number in word (unsigned)/16-bit string or word (signed) data type

Set the start I/O number of the module for 'n' of 'Un'.

Ex. For the module whose start I/O number is 020H: 02

· Setting the start I/O number in string data type

Set the start I/O number in the format of "Un" (n: start I/O number of the module).

Ex.

For the module whose start I/O number is 020H: "02"

■Network number (Jn) setting

Set the network number of the network module/Ethernet module in which the instruction is to be executed. Set a network number indicated below, in word (unsigned)/16-bit string or word (signed) data type, for 'n' of 'Jn'.

- 1 to 239: Network number
- 254: Network specified in "Valid module during other station access" on the GX Works2 network parameter screen



When the network number is 1:1

Source (s)

A source is data used in an operation.

The following source types are available depending on the device specified in an instruction:

Туре	Description
Constant	Specifies a numeric value used in an operation. Constants are set during programming so that they cannot be changed while the program is being executed. Perform index modification when using them as variable data.
Bit device and word device	Specifies the device in which the data used in the operation are stored. Data must be stored to the specified device before executing the operation. By changing the data to be stored to the specified device while a program is being executed, the data used in the instruction can be changed.

The instructions explained in this manual use special data. Refer to the explanation for each instruction and use data correctly.

Destination (d)

Data after the operation are stored to a destination.

Set a device in which data are to be stored to a destination.

The instructions explained in this manual use special data. Refer to the explanation for each instruction and use data correctly.

Number of devices and number of transfers (n)

Data such as a channel number, loop number, read data length, and logging setting number are set to the number of devices and number of transfers (n).

Executing condition (EN)

An input variable EN inputs an executing condition of an instruction.

Execution result (ENO)

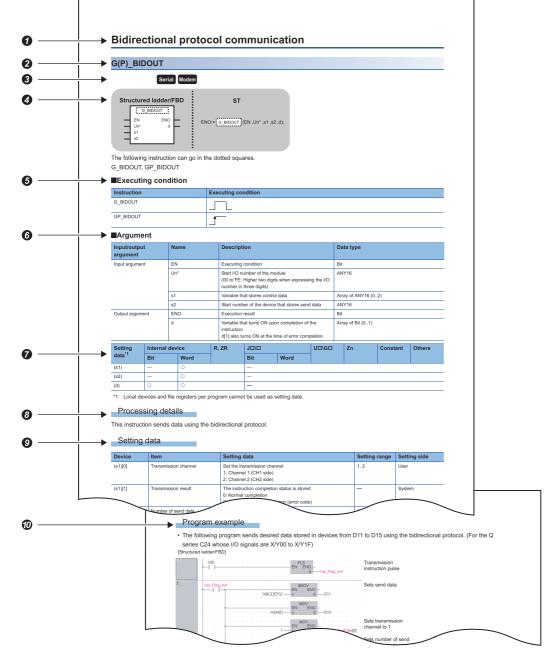
An output variable ENO outputs an execution result.

Point

For details of the configuration of instructions for labels and structures, refer to the following. MELSEC-Q/L/F Structured Programming Manual (Fundamentals)

4 HOW TO READ INSTRUCTIONS

Chapter 5 provides detailed explanation on each instruction in the layout as shown below.



• Indicates an outline of an instruction.

2 Indicates an instruction to be explained.

3 Indicates the instruction execution target module. If one instruction is to be executed in two or more modules, applicable modules are indicated using icons.

Module	lcon	Module	Icon
Serial communication	Serial	Built-in Ethernet port QCPU	QnUDE(H)
Modem interface	Modem	High-speed Universal model QCPU	QnUDV
CC-Link	CC-Link	LCPU	LCPU
CC-Link IE Controller Network	CC IE C	Universal model QCPU	Universal
CC-Link IE Field Network	CC IE F	High Performance model QCPU	High performance
MELSECNET/H	NET/H	Process CPU	Process
Ethernet	Ether	Redundant CPU	Redundant

Written formats in the structured ladder/FBD and structured text language.

OIndicates the instruction name and executing condition of the instruction.

Executing condition	Non-conditional execution	Executed while ON	Executed once at ON	Executed while OFF	Executed once at OFF
Symbols on the corresponding page	No symbol				

Indicates the names of input and output arguments, and the data type of each argument. For details of each data type, refer to the following.

MELSEC-Q/L/F Structured Programming Manual (Fundamentals)

ODevices that can be used in the instruction are marked with \bigcirc .

The following table shows applicable classification for usable devices.

Device classification	Internal dev user)	ice (system,	File register	Link direct	t device	Intelligent function	Index register Zn	Constant ^{*5}	Others *5	
	Bit	Word	R, ZR	Bit	Word	module U⊟\G⊟				
Usable device *1	X, Y, M, L, SM, F, B, SB, FX, FY ^{*2*2}	T ^{*3} , ST ^{*3} , C ^{*3} , D, W, SD, SW, FD ^{*2} , @□	R, ZR	J⊡\X J⊡\Y J⊡\B	J⊡\W J⊡\SW	U□\□G	Z	K, H, E, \$,	P, I, J, U, DX, DY, N, BL, TR, BL\S, V	

*1 For description of each device, refer to the User's Manual (Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals) of the CPU module currently being used.

*2 FX and FY can be used in bit data only, and FD can be used in word data only in the PID control instruction.

*3 T, ST, and C can be used in word data only (cannot be used in bit data).

*4 These devices can be used in CC-Link IE, MELSECNET/H, and MELSECNET/10.

*5 The Constant and Others columns describe settable devices.

*6 Link direct devices $(J\Box \D)$ cannot be used for LCPU.

Oldicates the processing performed by the instruction.

Indicates data such as control data, send data or receive data, that are used for an input argument or output argument in an instruction.

The setting side indicates the following:

- · User : Data set by user before dedicated instruction execution
- System : Data stored by the programmable controller CPU after dedicated instruction execution. The setting does not need to be set by the user. If the setting is set by the user, data cannot be read normally.

Indicates the program examples of structured ladder/FBD/ST.

5 MODULE DEDICATED INSTRUCTION

5.1 Analog Instruction

OFFGAN instruction

G(P)_OFFGAN

Stru	uctured	ladder/F	BD	ST
	G_OF EN Un* s	ENO		ENO:= G_OFFGAN (EN, Un*, s);

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. G_OFFGAN, GP_OFFGAN

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
G_OFFGAN	
GP_OFFGAN	

■Argument

Input/output argument	t	Na	me		Description				Dat	ta type			
Input argumen	t	EN			Executing	condition			Bit				
		Un*			Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)				ANY16				
		s			Mode switching 0: To normal mode 1: To offset/gain setting mode					16			
Output argume	ent	EN	0		Execution	result			Bit				
Setting	Internal	devi	се	R,	, ZR J [] [] [] U [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []				I	Zn	Constant	Others	
data ^{*1}	Bit		Word		Bit Word								
(s)	—		0			—							

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction converts the mode of analog modules. (normal mode to offset/gain setting mode, offset/gain setting mode to normal mode)

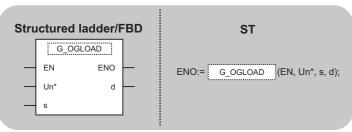
Program example

• The following program converts the mode of the A/D converter module mounted on the I/O numbers from X/Y00 to X/Y0F to the offset/gain setting mode when Var_Flag turns ON, and gets it back to the normal mode when Var_Flag turns OFF. [Structured ladder/FBD]

[Structured ladder/FBD]		
1	Convert to the offset/gain setting mode	
	···Var_Flag MOVP I↑ EN S d Var_ControlData	Sets mode when Var_Flag turns ON
	· · · · · · · · · · G_OFFGAN · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · EN ENO · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Converts mode
2	X0A Process in offset/gain setting mode	
3	Convert to the normal mode	
	·Var_Flag MOVP ↓ EN ENO ↓ s d	Sets mode when Var_Flag turns OFF
	G_OFFGAN 	Converts mode
	· · · · Var_ControlData.— s	
4	Process in normal mode	
IF(Var_Flag=TRI MOVP(TRUE	offset/gain setting mode *) UE)THEN (* Var_Flag ON *) E,1,Var_ControlData); (* Sets mode *) (TRUE,H00,Var_ControlData); (* Converts mode *) HEN	
(* Process in offset/gain setting mode *)		
END_IF;		
(* Convert to the	normal mode *) .SE)THEN (* Var_Flag OFF *)	
MOVP(TRUE	z,0,Var_ControlData); (* Sets mode *) (TRUE,H00,Var_ControlData); (* Converts mode *)	
IF(X0A=FALSE)		
(* Process	in normal mode *)	
END_IF;		

Setting value reading

G(P)_OGLOAD



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. G_OGLOAD, GP_OGLOAD

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
G_OGLOAD	
GP_OGLOAD	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit
	Un*	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)	ANY16
	s	Variable that stores control data	Array of ANY16 [035]
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit
	d	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of bit [01]

	Setting	Internal dev	rice	R, ZR	10/D		UD\GD	Zn	Constant	Others
	data ^{*1}	Bit	Word		Bit	Word				
	(S)	—	0		-					
ľ	(d)	0			_					

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

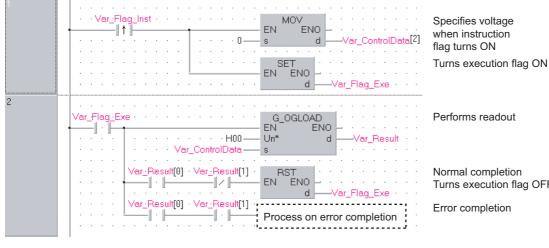
This instruction reads the user range settings offset/gain values of analog modules to the CPU.

Setting data

For the control data, refer to the manual for each module used.

• The following program reads out the offset/gain value of the A/D converter module mounted on the I/O numbers from X/Y00 to X/Y0F when the flag turns ON.

[Structured ladder/FBD]



[ST]

IF(Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE)THEN (* Instruction flag ON *)

MOV(TRUE,0,Var_Contro	olData[21):	(* Specifies v	voltage *)

SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Exe); (* Turns execution flag ON *) END_IF;

IF(Var_Flag_Exe=TRUE)THEN (* Execution flag ON *) G_OGLOAD(TRUE, H00, Var_ControlData, Var_Result); (* Performs readout *) IF(Var Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *) IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *) RST(TRUE, Var_Flag_Exe); (* Turns execution flag OFF *) ELSE (* Error completion *)

(* Process on error completion *) - - - - - - - ----------

END_IF;

END_IF;

END_IF;

Turns execution flag OFF

Setting value restoration

G(P)_OGSTOR



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. G_OGSTOR, GP_OGSTOR

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
G_OGSTOR	
GP_OGSTOR	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit
	Un*	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)	ANY16
	s	Variable that stores control data	Array of ANY16 [035]
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit
	d	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of bit [01]

Setting	Internal de	vice	R, ZR	10/D		UD\GD	Zn	Constant	Others
data ^{*1}	Bit	Word		Bit	Word				
(S)	—	0		—					
(d)	0			—					

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction restores the user range settings offset/gain values stored in the programmable controller CPU to the analog modules.

Setting data

For the control data, refer to the manual for each module used.

• The following program restores the offset/gain setting value to the A/D converter module mounted on the I/O numbers from X/Y10 to X/Y1F when the flag turns ON.

[Structured ladder/FBD]

1	Var_Flag_Inst · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2	Var_Flag_Exe ControlData G_OGSTOR ControlData Setting value
	Var_Result[0] · Var_Result[1] · RST Normal completion Image: Structure of the second seco
	Process on error completion
SET(TRU END_IF;	Inst=TRUE)THEN (* Instruction flag ON *) JE, Var_Flag_Exe); (* Turns execution flag ON *) Exe=TRUE)THEN (* Execution flag ON *)
	OR(TRUE, H01, Var_ControlData, Var_Result); (* Restores setting value *)
IF(Var_ RST(T	esult[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *) _Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *) RUE, Var_Flag_Exe); (* Turns execution flag OFF *) (* Error completion *)

(* Process on error completion *)

END_IF;

END_II END_IF;

END_IF;

5.2 Positioning Instruction

Absolute position restoration

Z_ABRST1, Z_ABRST2, Z_ABRST3, Z_ABRST4



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares.

Z_ABRST1, Z_ABRST2, Z_ABRST3, Z_ABRST4

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
Z_ABRST1, Z_ABRST2, Z_ABRST3, Z_ABRST4	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit
	Un*	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)	String
	s	Variable that stores control data	Array of ANY16 [07]
Output argument	ENO	Execution result (TRUE: Normal, FALSE: Error)	Bit
	d	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of bit [01]

Setting	Internal dev	ice	R, ZR	10/D		UD\GD	Zn	Constant	Others
data	Bit	Word		Bit	Word				
(S)	—	0		—					
(d)	0	0	—	—					

Processing details

This instruction restores the absolute position of the specified axis. (Refer to the following)

- Z_ABRST1: Axis 1
- Z_ABRST2: Axis 2
- Z_ABRST3: Axis 3
- Z_ABRST4: Axis 4

5

Setting data

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s)[0]	System area	-	—	—
(s)[1]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. • 0: Normal completion • Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	_	System
(s)[2]	Receive signal from servo amplifier	 Write the following signal status read from the servo amplifier to the input module. b0: ABS data bit0 b1: ABS data bit1 b2: Send data READY flag 	b0: 0/1 b1: 0/1 b2: 0/1	User
(s)[3]	Send signal to servo amplifier	The ON/OFF status of the following data, that are calculated by the dedicated instructions on the basis of "receive signal from servo amplifier" and output to the amplifier, are stored. • b0: Servo ON • b1: ABS transfer mode • b2: ABS request flag	_	System
(S)[4]	Status	Communication status with the servo amplifier • 0: Communication completed(Set by the user at the start of communication) • Other than 0: During communication (Stored by the system.)	0	User/System
(s)[5] : (s)[7]	System area	_	-	_

Program example

The following program restores the absolute position of the axis 1.

The devices from X47 to X49 and from Y50 to Y52 are used for the communication with the servo amplifier.

- X47: ABS data bit0
- X48: ABS data bit1
- X49: Send data READY flag
- Y50: Servo ON
- Y51: ABS transfer mode
- Y52: ABS request flag

[Structured ladder/FBD]

1	SM400 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Absolute position restoration pulse
2	Ver_Flag_Inst × X0 Ver_Flag_Inst × X0 Var_Flag_Mem Var_Flag_Mem EN ENO EN ENO EN ENO S d Var_Flag_Mem Var_ControlData[4]	Turns absolute position restoration memory ON Clears completion status
3	Var_Result[0] Var_Result[1] MOV Var_ControlData[3] s d K1Y50 Var_Result[1] EN EN0 ControlData[3] S Var_ControlData[1] s d ControlData[1] EN EN0 Var_ControlData[1] s d ControlData[1] ControlData[1]<	Turns the servo ON with the data to be sent to the servo amplifier Sets completion status to error code Turns absolute position restoration memory OFF
4	Var_Flag_Mem X47 Image: Second sec	Sets ABS data Sets ABS data in data b0 received from the servo Sets ABS data in data b1
	×49 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Sets send data ready flag in data b2
	Z_ABRST1 EN ENO Un d Var_ControlData s	Restores absolute position

[ST]

PLS(SM400, Var_Flag_Inst); (* Absolute position restoration pulse *)

IF((Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE) & (X0=FALSE))THEN SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Mem); (* Turns absolute position restoration memory ON *) MOV(TRUE, 0, Var_ControlData[4]); (* Clears completion status *) END IF; IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *) IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *) MOV(TRUE, Var_ControlData[3], K1Y50); (* Turns the servo ON with the data to be sent to the servo amplifier *) ELSE (* Error completion *) MOV(TRUE, Var_ControlData[4], Var_ErrorCode); (* Sets completion status to error code *) END_IF; IF(Var_ControlData[4]=0)THEN RST(TRUE, Var_Flag_Mem); (* Turns absolute position restoration memory OFF *) END_IF; END_IF; IF(Var_Flag_Mem=TRUE)THEN (* absolute position restoration memory ON *) (* Sets ABS data *) BSET(X47, 0, Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets ABS data in data b0 received from the servo *) BSET(X48, 1, Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets ABS data in data b1 received from the servo *) BSET(X49, 2, Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets send data ready flag in data b2 received from the servo *) Z_ABRST1(TRUE, "00", Var_ControlData, Var_Result); (* Restores absolute position *) END_IF;

ZP_PSTRT1, ZP_PSTRT2, ZP_PSTRT3, ZP_PSTRT4



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. ZP_PSTRT1, ZP_PSTRT2, ZP_PSTRT3, ZP_PSTRT4

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
ZP_PSTRT1, ZP_PSTRT2, ZP_PSTRT3, ZP_PSTRT4	

■Argument

Input/output argument	t	Name	Descript	ion		Dat	a type				
Input argument	t	EN	Executing	condition		Bit					
Un*		Un*	(00 to FE:	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)				String			
		S	Variable th	Variable that stores control data			Array of ANY16 [02]				
Output argume	ent	ENO		Execution result (TRUE: Normal, FALSE: Error)							
		d	instruction	at turns ON upon completion of the Irns ON at the time of error completion.		Array of bit [01]					
Setting	Internal	device	R, ZR	JD/D	UD\GD	I	Zn	Constant	Others		

Setting	internal device				211	Constant	Others	
data	Bit	Word		Bit	Word			
(S)	-	0		—				
(d)	0	0	—	—				

Processing details

This instruction starts positioning of the specified axis. (Refer to the following.)

- ZP_PSTRT1: Axis 1
- ZP_PSTRT2: Axis 2
- ZP_PSTRT3: Axis 3
- ZP_PSTRT4: Axis 4

Setting data

Device Item		Setting data	Setting range	Setting side	
(s)[0]	System area	-	—	—	
(s)[1]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. • 0: Normal completion • Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	_	System	
(s)[2]	Start No.	Specify the following data number to be started by the PSTRT instruction. • 1 to 600: Positioning data number • 7000 to 7004: Block start • 9001: Machine OPR • 9002: Fast OPR • 9003: Current value change • 9004: Multiple axes concurrent start	1 to 600, 7000 to 7004, 9001 to 9004	User	

Program example

• The following program executes the positioning start of the positioning data number 1 when X100 turns ON. [Structured ladder/FBD]

1		Positioning start pulse
2		Sets start signal number 1
	Var Flag Mem	Turns positioning start instruction memory ON
3	Var_Flag_Mem ZP_PSTRT1 F I I I I I	Performs positioning start
	EN ENO Ver Flag Mem	Turns positioning start instruction memory OFF

[ST]

PLS(X100, Var_Flag_Inst); (* Positioning start pulse *)

IF(Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE)THEN

MOVP(TRUE, 1, Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets start signal number 1 *)

SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Mem); (* Turns positioning start instruction memory ON *) END_IF;

IF(Var_Flag_Mem=TRUE)THEN (* Positioning start instruction memory ON *)

ZP_PSTRT1(TRUE, "00", Var_ControlData, Var_Result); (* Performs positioning start *) RST(TRUE, Var_Flag_Mem); (* Turns positioning start instruction memory OFF *) END_IF;

Teaching

ZP_TEACH1, ZP_TEACH2, ZP_TEACH3, ZP_TEACH4



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. ZP_TEACH1, ZP_TEACH2, ZP_TEACH3, ZP_TEACH4

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
ZP_TEACH1, ZP_TEACH2, ZP_TEACH3, ZP_TEACH4	

■Argument

Input/output Name argument			Descri	Description			Data type			
Input argumer	ıt	EN	Executi	ng condition			Bit			
		Un*	00 to FE	Start I/O number of the module 00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/O number in three digits)			String			
		s	Variable	Variable that stores control data				Array of ANY16 [03]		
Output argum	ent	ENO	Executi	tion result			Bit			
		d	instructi	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.			Array o	of bit [01]		
Setting	Internal	device	R, ZR	10/0			l Z	'n	Constant	Others
data	Bit	Word		Bit	Word					
(s)	—	0		-						
(d)	0	0	—	-						

Processing details

This instruction performs teaching for the specified axis. (Refer to the following)

- ZP_TEACH1: Axis 1
- ZP_TEACH2: Axis 2
- ZP_TEACH3: Axis 3
- ZP_TEACH4: Axis 4

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s)[0]	System area	-	-	-
(s)[1]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. • 0: Normal completion • Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	-	System
(\$)[2]	Teaching data selection	Set the address (positioning address/circular address) to which the current feed value is written. 0: Write the current feed value to the positioning address 1: Write the current feed value to the circular address	0, 1	User
(s)[3]	Positioning data No.	Set the positioning data number for which teaching is performed.	1 to 600	User

• The following program performs teaching for the positioning data number 3 of the axis 1 when X39 turns ON. [Structured ladder/FBD]

1	····································	Teaching instruction pulse
2	Var_Flag_Inst · X0C · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Turns teaching instruction memory ON
3	Var_Flag_Mem MOVP I EN EN s d —Var_ControlData[2]	Sets teaching data
	EN MOVP s d	Sets positioning data number
	ZP_TEACH1 ENO Un d S	Performs teaching
	Var_Result[0] Var_Result[1] EN ENO d Var_Flag_Mem	Turns teaching instruction memory OFF

[ST]

PLS(X39, Var_Flag_Inst); (* Teaching instruction pulse *)

IF((Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE)&(X0C=FALSE))THEN

SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Mem); (* Turns teaching instruction memory ON *) END_IF;

```
IF(Var_Flag_Mem=TRUE)THEN (* Teaching instruction memory ON *)
MOVP(TRUE, H0, Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets teaching data *)
MOVP(TRUE, K3, Var_ControlData[3]); (* Sets positioning data number *)
```

ZP_TEACH1(TRUE, "00", Var_ControlData, Var_Result); (* Performs teaching *)

IF((Var_Result[0]=TRUE)&(Var_Result[1]=FALSE))THEN

RST(TRUE, Var_Flag_Mem); (* Turns teaching instruction memory OFF *) END_IF;

END_IF;

PFWRT instruction

ZP_PFWRT



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. ZP_PFWRT

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
ZP_PFWRT	

■Argument

Input/output Name argument			Descri	Description			Data type			
Input argume	nt	EN	Executi	ng condition			Bit			
		Un*	(00 to F	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)			String			
		s	Variable	Variable that stores control data				Array of ANY16 [01]		
Output argum	ent	ENO	Executi	xecution result			Bit			
		d	instructi	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.			Array of bit [0)1]		
Setting	Interna	device	R, ZR	JD/D		UD\G	l Zn	Constant	Others	
data	Bit	Word		Bit	Word					
(s)	—	0		-			I	I		
(d)	0	0	—	—						

Processing details

This instruction writes the positioning module parameters, positioning data, and block start data to the flash ROM.

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s)[0]	System area	-	—	-
(s)[1]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. • 0: Normal completion • Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	_	System

• The following program writes the parameters, positioning data, and block start data stored in buffer memory to the flash ROM when X3D turns ON.

[Structured ladder/FBD]

1	····································
2	Var_Flag_Inst X0C EN SET 1 # #
3	Var_Flag_Mem Y0 OUT_T I I/ EN ENO
4	TS1 ZP_PFWRT I · I EN Un Un Var_ControlData s Var_Result[0] Var_Result[1] EN EN EN EN Var_Result[0] Var_Result[1] EN EN d Var_Flag_Mem

Write to flash ROM instruction pulse

Turns write to flash ROM instruction memory ON

Waits output of programmable controller ready for the positioning module

Writes data to flash ROM

Turns write to flash ROM instruction memory OFF

[ST]

PLS(X3D, Var_Flag_Inst); (* Write to flash ROM instruction pulse *)

IF((Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE)&(X0C=FALSE))THEN

IF((Var_Flag_Mem=TRUE)&(Y0=FALSE))THEN

 $\label{eq:out_transform} \begin{array}{l} \text{OUT_T(TRUE, TC1, 2); (* Waits output of programmable controller ready for the positioning module *)} \\ \text{END_IF;} \end{array}$

IF(TS1=TRUE)THEN (* Write to flash ROM instruction memory ON *) ZP_PFWRT(TRUE, "00", Var_ControlData, Var_Result); (* Writes data to flash ROM *)

IF((Var_Result[0]=TRUE)&(Var_Result[1]=FALSE))THEN RST(TRUE, Var_Flag_Mem); (* Turns write to flash ROM instruction memory OFF *) END_IF;

END_IF;

Setting data initialization

ZP_PINIT



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. ZP_PINIT

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
ZP_PINIT	

■Argument

Input/output Name argument			Description		Data type						
Input argument EN Un*		EN		Executing	condition			Bit			
		Un*	(00 to FE:			I/O number of the module o FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ Imber in three digits)			String		
		Variable that stores control data			Array of ANY16 [01]						
Output argument		ENO		Execution	ution result		Bit				
-		d		instruction		on completion of ime of error com		Arra	y of bit [01]		
Setting	Internal	device	device R, Z		JD/D		U⊟\GE]	Zn	Constant	Others
data Bit		Word			Bit	Word					
(s)	—	0			—						
(d)	0	0	—		—						

Processing details

This instruction initializes the positioning module setting data.

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s)[0]	System area	-	—	—
(s)[1]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. • 0: Normal completion • Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	_	System

• The following program initializes the parameters of buffer memory and those of flash ROM when X3C turns ON. [Structured ladder/FBD]

1	····································
2	Var_Flag_Inst X0C SET EN EN CONTRACTOR SET Var_Flag_Mem
3	Var_Flag_Mem Y0 OUT_T I I/I EN EN TCoil Tcoil K2 TValue
4	· TS0 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Image: Second

Parameter initialization instruction pulse

Turns parameter initialization instruction memory ON

Waits output of programmable controller ready for the positioning module

Performs initialization of parameters

Turns parameter initialization instruction memory OFF

[ST]

PLS(X3C, Var_Flag_Inst); (* Parameter initialization instruction pulse *)

IF((Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE)&(X0C=FALSE))THEN

$$\label{eq:settime} \begin{split} & \mathsf{SET}(\mathsf{TRUE}, \mathsf{Var_Flag_Mem}); \ (* \ \mathsf{Turns} \ \mathsf{parameter} \ \mathsf{initialization} \ \mathsf{instruction} \ \mathsf{memory} \ \mathsf{ON} \ *) \\ & \mathsf{END_IF}; \end{split}$$

IF((Var_Flag_Mem=TRUE)&(Y0=FALSE))THEN

OUT_T(TRUE, TC0, 2); (* Waits output of programmable controller ready for the positioning module *) END_IF;

IF(TS0=TRUE)THEN (* Parameter initialization instruction memory ON *) ZP_PINIT(TRUE, "00", Var_ControlData, Var_Result); (* Performs initialization of parameters *)

IF((Var_Result[0]=TRUE)&(Var_Result[1]=FALSE))THEN

RST(TRUE, Var_Flag_Mem); (* Turns parameter initialization instruction memory OFF *) END_IF;

END_IF;

5.3 Serial Communication Instruction

On-demand function transmission

G(P)_ONDEMAND

Serial Modem

Structured ladder/FB	D	ST
G_ONDEMAND EN ENO Un* d s1 s2	-	ENO:= G_ONDEMAND (EN, Un*, s1, s2, d);

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. G_ONDEMAND, GP_ONDEMAND

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
G_ONDEMAND	
GP_ONDEMAND	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit
	Un*	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)	ANY16
	s1	Variable that stores control data	Array of ANY16 [02]
	s2	Start number of the device that stores send data	ANY16
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit
	d	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of bit [01]

Setting data ^{*1}	Internal device		R, ZR	JD/D		UD\GD	Zn	Constant	Others
	Bit	Word		Bit	Word				
(s1)	—	0		—					
(s2)	—	0		—					
(d)	0	0		—					

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction sends data using the on-demand function of MC protocol.

Setting data

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s1)[0]	Transmission channel	Set the transmission channel. 1: Channel 1 (CH1 side) 2: Channel 2 (CH2 side)	1, 2	User
(s1)[1]	Transmission result	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	-	System
(s1)[2]	Number of send data	Set the number of send data.	1 or more	User

Program example

• The following program sends data of devices from D10 to D11 using the on-demand function. (For the Q series C24 whose I/O signals are X/Y00 to X/Y1F)

[Structured ladder/FBD]

1	· ·×53 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	On-demand transmission instruction pulse
2	Var_Frag_Inst · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Sets transmission channel to 1
	2 — S d Var_ControlData[2]	Sets number of send data to 2 words
	$H1234 = \begin{bmatrix} MOV \\ EN \\ s \\ d \end{bmatrix} D10$	Sets send data to D10 to D11
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Turns normal completion flag OFF
	····· ·····	Turns error completion flag OFF
	EN ENO d War_Flag_Exe	Turns execution flag ON
3	Var_Flag.Exe GP_ONDEMAND I EN I I Var_ControlData s1 S2 S2	Performs on-demand function transmission
4	Var_Result[0] · · · Var_Result[1] · · · · · · SET I · I · I · I · I · · · · · · · · · · ·	Turns normal completion flag ON
	·····Var_Result[1] SET EN ENO d Var_Flag_Error	Turns error completion flag ON
	RST EN EN EN d	Turns execution flag OFF

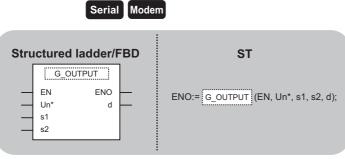
[ST] PLS(X53, Var_Flag_Inst); (* On-demand transmission instruction pulse *) IF(Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE)THEN (* Instruction flag ON *) MOV(TRUE, 1, Var_ControlData[0]); (* Sets transmission channel to 1 *) MOV(TRUE, 2, Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets number of send data to 2 words *) MOV(TRUE, H1234, D10); (* Sets send data to D10 to D11 *) MOV(TRUE, H5678, D11); RST(TRUE, Var_Flag_Normal); (* Turns normal completion flag OFF *) RST(TRUE, Var_Flag_Error); (* Turns error completion flag OFF *) SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Exe); (* Turns execution flag ON *) END_IF; IF(Var_Flag_Exe=TRUE)THEN (* Execution flag ON *) GP_ONDEMAND(TRUE, H0, Var_ControlData, D10, Var_Result); (* Performs on-demand function transmission *) END_IF; IF(Var Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *) IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *) SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Normal); (* Turns normal completion flag ON *) ELSE (* Error completion *) SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Error); (* Turns error completion flag ON *) END_IF; RST(TRUE, Var_Flag_Exe); (* Turns execution flag OFF *) END_IF; Point P

• The communication status can be checked by the SPBUSY instruction.

- Page 63 Communication status check
- Specify the capacity of the send data (stored in devices from D10 to D11 in the program example above) and the number of send data within the user-defined buffer memory range assigned for the on-demand function.

Nonprocedural protocol communication

G(P)_OUTPUT



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. G_OUTPUT, GP_OUTPUT

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
G_OUTPUT	
GP_OUTPUT	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit
	Un*	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)	ANY16
	s1	Variable that stores control data	Array of ANY16 [02]
	s2	Start number of the device that stores send data	ANY16
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit
	d	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of bit [01]

Setting data ^{*1}	Internal dev	ternal device R, ZR J□\□		JD/D		UD\GD	Zn	Constant	Others
data ^{*1}	Bit	Word		Bit	Word				
(s1)	-	0		—					
(s2)	-	0		—					
(d)	0	0		—					

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction sends data in the message format specified by the user using the nonprocedural protocol.

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s1)[0]	Transmission channel	Set the transmission channel. 1: Channel 1 (CH1 side) 2: Channel 2 (CH2 side)	1, 2	User
(s1)[1]	Transmission result	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	-	System
(s1)[2]	Number of send data	Set the number of send data.	1 or more	User

• The following program sends data of devices from D11 to D15 using the nonprocedural protocol. (For the Q series C24 whose I/O signals are X/Y00 to X/Y1F)

[Structured ladder/FBD]

1	·X20 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Transmission instruction pulse
2	Var_Flag_Inst \$MOV I En En En I I I I I I I I I I I I	Sets send data
	<	Sets completion code
	EN ENO s d Var_ControlData[0]	Sets transmission channel to 1
	EN MOV EN ENO s d Var_ControlData[2]	Sets number of send data to 5 words
	G_OUTPUT EN ENO EN ENO Var_Result · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Sends data
3	Var_Result[0] Var_Result[1] SET I I I I I<	Turns normal completion flag ON
	····· ······ ······· ······· ····· ······ ······ ······ ····· ······ ······ ······ ····· ······ ······ ······ ····· ······ ······ ······ ····· ····· ······ ······ ····· ······ ······ ······ ····· ······ ······· ······· ····· ······· ······· ······· ······ ······· ········ ········ ······ ········ ········ ·········· ······ ·········· ·········· ········· ······ ·········· ················ ·············· ······· ······················· ······························· ····································	Stores error code
	EN ENO d War_Flag_Error	Turns error completion flag ON
4	· X21 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Turns normal completion flag OFF
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Turns error completion flag OFF

[ST]

```
PLS(X20, Var_Flag_Inst); (* Transmission instruction pulse*)
IF (Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE) THEN
   MOV(TRUE, H4241, D11); (* Sets send data *)
   MOV(TRUE, H4443, D12);
   MOV(TRUE, H4645, D13);
   MOV(TRUE, H0047, D14);
   MOV(TRUE, H0AD, D15);
   MOV(TRUE, 1, Var_ControlData[0]); (* Sets transmission channel to 1 *)
   MOV(TRUE, 5, Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets number of send data to 5 words *)
   G_OUTPUT(TRUE, H0, Var_ControlData, D11, Var_Result); (* Sends data *)
END_IF;
IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *)
   IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *)
     SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Normal); (* Turns normal completion flag ON *)
   ELSE (* Error completion *)
     MOV(TRUE, Var_ControlData[1], Var_ErrorCode);(* Stores error code *)
     SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Error); (* Turns error completion flag ON *)
   END_IF;
END_IF;
```

IF (X21=TRUE) THEN RST(TRUE, Var_Flag_Normal); (* Turns normal completion flag OFF *) RST(TRUE, Var_Flag_Error); (* Turns error completion flag OFF *) END_IF;

G_IN	PUT		
		Serial Mode	m
Stru	ctured	ladder/FBD	ST
-	G_IN EN Un* s	IPUT ENO d1 d2	ENO:= G_INPUT (EN, Un*, s, d1, d2);

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. $\ensuremath{\mathsf{G_INPUT}}$

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
G_INPUT	

■Argument

Input/outpu argument	t	Name		Descript	ption			Data type			
Input argument		EN		Executing	condition			Bit			
		Un*		(00 to FE:	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)			ANY16			
		S		Variable that stores control data					y of ANY16 [0:	3]	
Output argum	ent	ENO		Execution	n result			Bit			
		d1		Start numb	tart number of the device that stores read data			ANY16			
		d2		instruction		at turns ON upon completion of the urns ON at the time of error completion.		Arra	y of bit [01]		
Setting	Interna	ernal device R,		ZR	JD/D		UD\GD	I	Zn	Constant	Others
data ^{*1}	Bit	Word			Bit	Word					
(s)	—	0			_						
(d1)	—	0			_						
(d2)	0	0			_						

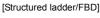
*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

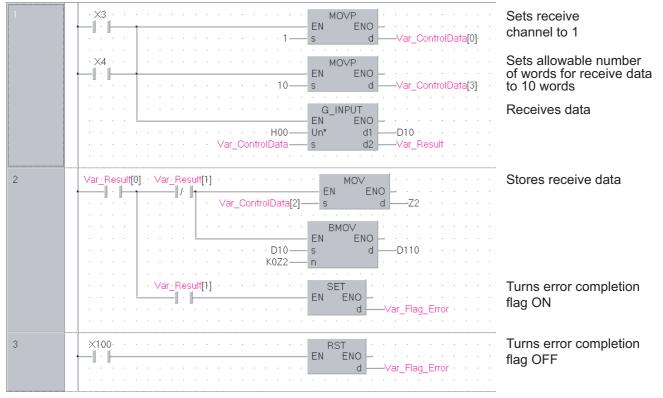
Processing details

This instruction receives data in the message format specified by the user using the nonprocedural protocol.

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s)[0]	Reception channel	Set the reception channel. 1: Channel 1 (CH1 side) 2: Channel 2 (CH2 side)	1, 2	User
(s)[1]	Reception result	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	-	System
(s)[2]	Number of receive data	The number of receive data are stored.	0 or more	System
(s)[3]	Allowable number of words for receive data	Set the allowable number of words for receive data to be stored in (d1).	1 or more	User

 The following program stores data which are received using the nonprocedural protocol in the devices starting from D10. (For the Q series C24 whose I/O signals are X/Y00 to X/Y1F)





[ST]

- IF((X3=TRUE) OR (X4=TRUE))THEN
 - MOVP(TRUE, 1, Var_ControlData[0]); (* Sets receive channel to 1 *)
 - MOVP(TRUE, 10, Var_ControlData[3]); (* Sets allowable number of words for receive data to 10 words *)
 - G_INPUT(TRUE, H0, Var_ControlData, D10, Var_Result); (* Receives data *)

END_IF;

```
IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *)
```

- IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *)
 - MOV(TRUE, Var_ControlData[2], Z2);
- BMOV(TRUE, D10, K0Z2, D110); (* Stores receive data *)
- ELSE (* Error completion *)
- SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Error); (* Turns error completion flag ON *)

```
END_IF;
```

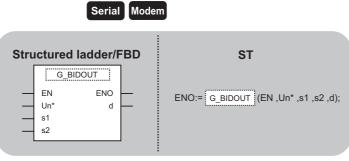
END_IF;

IF(X100=TRUE)THEN

 $\label{eq:RST(TRUE, Var_Flag_Error); (* Turns error completion flag OFF *) \\ END_IF;$

Bidirectional protocol communication

G(P)_BIDOUT



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. G_BIDOUT, GP_BIDOUT

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
G_BIDOUT	
GP_BIDOUT	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit
	Un*	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)	ANY16
	s1	Variable that stores control data	Array of ANY16 (02)
	s2	Start number of the device that stores send data	ANY16
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit
	d	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of Bit (01)

Setting data ^{*1}	Internal device		R, ZR J⊡\□		UD\GD	Zn	Constant	Others	
	Bit	Word		Bit	Word				
(s1)	-	0		—					
(s2)	-	0		—					
(d)	0	0		—					

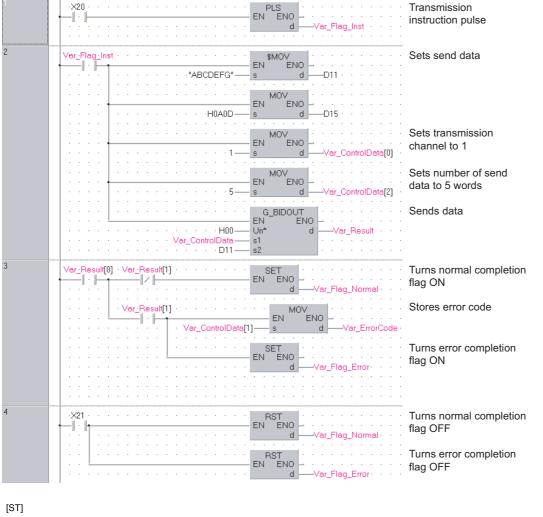
*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction sends data using the bidirectional protocol.

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s1)[0]	Transmission channel	Set the transmission channel. 1: Channel 1 (CH1 side) 2: Channel 2 (CH2 side)	1, 2	User
(s1)[1]	Transmission result	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	_	System
(s1)[2]	Number of send data	Set the number of send data.	1 or more	User

• The following program sends desired data stored in devices from D11 to D15 using the bidirectional protocol. (For the Q series C24 whose I/O signals are X/Y00 to X/Y1F) [Structured ladder/FBD]



PLS(X20, Var_Flag_Inst); (* Transmission instruction pulse *)

```
IF(Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE)THEN
   MOV(TRUE, H4241, D11); (* Sets send data *)
   MOV(TRUE, H4443, D12);
   MOV(TRUE, H4645, D13);
   MOV(TRUE, H0047, D14);
   MOV(TRUE, H0AD, D15);
   MOV(TRUE, 1, Var_ControlData[0]); (* Sets transmission channel to 1 *)
   MOV(TRUE, 5, Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets allowable number of words for send data to 5 words *)
   G_BIDOUT(TRUE, H0, Var_ControlData, D11, Var_Result); (* Sends data *)
END IF;
```

```
IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *)
   IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *)
     SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Normal); (* Turns normal completion flag ON *)
   ELSE (* Error completion *)
     MOV(TRUE, Var_ControlData[1], Var_ErrorCode); (* Stores error code *)
     SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Error); (* Turns error completion flag ON *)
   END_IF;
END_IF;
```

```
IF(X21=TRUE)THEN
   RST(TRUE, Var Flag Normal); (* Turns normal completion flag OFF *)
   RST(TRUE, Var_Flag_Error); (* Turns error completion flag OFF *)
END IF;
```

IDIN		
Serial	Modem	
ured ladder/f	BD	ST
	_	ENO:= G_BIDIN (EN, Un*, s, d1, d2);
	ured ladder/f	Serial Modem

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. G_BIDIN, GP_BIDIN

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
G_BIDIN	
GP_BIDIN	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit
	Un*	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)	ANY16
	S	Variable that stores control data	Array of ANY16 [03]
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit
	d1	Start number of the device that stores read data	ANY16
	d2	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d2[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of bit [01]

Setting data ^{*1}	Internal dev	ice	R, ZR	10/D	JD/D		Zn	Constant	Others
data ^{^1}	Bit	Word		Bit	Word				
(s)	—	0		—					
(d1)	—	0		—					
(d2)	0	0		—					

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

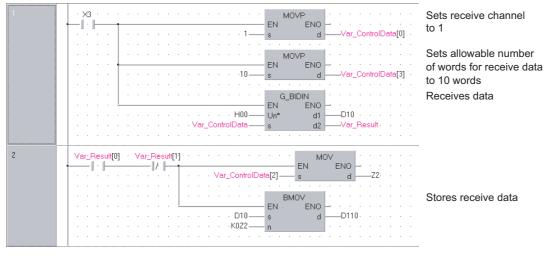
Processing details

This instruction receives data using the bidirectional protocol.

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s)[0]	Reception channel	Reception channel Set the reception channel. 1: Channel 1 (CH1 side) 2: Channel 2 (CH2 side)		User
(s)[1]	Reception result	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	-	System
(s)[2]	Number of receive data	The number of received data are stored.	1 or more	System
(s)[3]	Allowable number of words for receive data	Set the allowable number of words for receive data to be stored in (d1).	1 or more	User

• The following program receives data using the bidirectional protocol and stores the data in the devices starting from D10. (For the Q series C24 whose I/O signals are X/Y00 to X/Y1F)

[Structured ladder/FBD]



[ST]

IF(X3=TRUE)THEN

MOVP(TRUE, 1, Var_ControlData[0]); (* Sets receive channel to 1 *)

MOVP(TRUE, 10, Var_ControlData[3]); (* Sets allowable number of words for receive data to 10 *)

G_BIDIN(TRUE, H00, Var_ControlData, D10, Var_Result); (* Receives data *)

END_IF;

IF((Var_Result[0]=TRUE)&(Var_Result[1]=FALSE))THEN

BMOV(TRUE, D10, Var_ControlData[2], D110); (* Stores receive data *) END_IF;

Communication status check

G(P)_SPBUSY

Serial Modem

Structured ladder/FBD	ST
EN ENO Un* d	ENO:= G_SPBUSY (EN, Un*, d);

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. G_SPBUSY, GP_SPBUSY

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
G_SPBUSY	
GP_SPBUSY	

■Argument

Input/output Name argument			Description			Data type						
Input argumer	nt	EN	EN		Executing condition			Bit				
		Un*			Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)			ANY16				
Output argum	ent	EN	ENO E>		Execution result			Bit				
		d		Variable t		Variable that stores read communication status		ANY32				
Setting Internal		devi	device R,		ZR	JD/D		UD\G		Zn	Constant	Others
data	Bit		Word			Bit	Word					
(d)	0		0			—					·	

Processing details

This instruction reads the data transmission/reception status.

Program example

• The following program reads out the communication status of the target module. (For the Q series C24 whose I/O signals are X/Y00 to X/Y1F)

[Structured ladder/FBD]

1		
	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	
		•

Reads communication status

[ST]

G_SPBUSY(Var_Flag, H00, D0); (* Reads communication status *)

5

Receive data clear

ZP_CSET

Serial Modem

			1
Stru	uctured	ladder/FB	ST
	EN Un* s1 s2	ENO d1 d2	ENO:= 2P_CSET (EN, Un*, s1, s2, d1, d2);

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. $\ensuremath{\mathsf{ZP}_\mathsf{CSET}}$

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
ZP_CSET	

■Argument

Input/output Name Description argument		Description	Data type	
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit	
	Un*	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)	String	
	s1	Channel number that requests receive data clear 1: Channel 1 (CH1 side) 2: Channel 2 (CH2 side)	ANY16	
	s2	Variable that stores control data	Array of ANY16 [0111]	
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit	
	d1	Dummy	ANY16	
	d2	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d2[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of bit [01]	

Setting data ^{*1}	Internal dev	ice	e R, ZR J□\□		UD\GD		Zn	Constant	Others
data ¹	Bit	Word		Bit	Word			К, Н	
(s1)	-	0						0	—
(s2)	-	0		-				—	—
(d1)	-	0		-				—	—
(d2)	0	0		_		—	—		

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

Clears receive data without stopping transmission using the nonprocedural protocol.

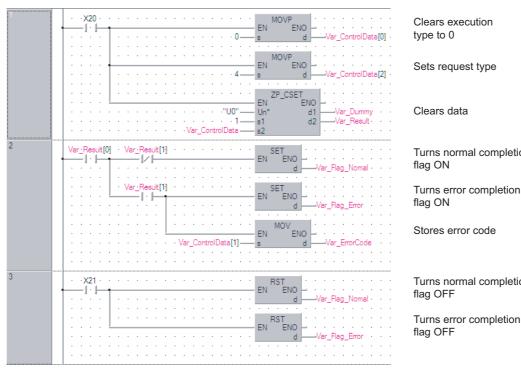
Setting data

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s2)[0]	Execution type	Specify '0'.	0	User
(s2)[1]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored.0: Normal completionOther than 0: Error completion (error code)	-	System
(s2)[2]	Request type	Specify the request. 4: Receive data clear request	4	User
(s2)[3] : (s2)[111]	For system	_	-	System

Program example

 The following program clears the receive data in the Q series C24 side. (For the Q series C24 whose I/O signals are X/Y00 to X/Y1F)

[Structured ladder/FBD]



Turns normal completion

Turns error completion

Turns normal completion

[ST]

IF(X20=TRUE)THEN

MOVP(TRUE, 0, Var_ControlData[0]); (* Clears execution type to 0 *) MOVP(TRUE, 4, Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets request type *) ZP_CSET(TRUE, "U0", 1, Var_ControlData, Var_Dummy, Var_Result); (* Clears data *) END_IF;

```
IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *)
```

```
IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *)
  SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Normal); (* Turns normal completion flag ON *)
ELSE (* Error completion *)
  MOV(TRUE, Var_ControlData[1], Var_ErrorCode); (* Stores error code *)
  SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Error); (* Turns error completion flag ON *)
END_IF;
```

```
END_IF;
```

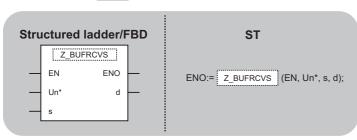
IF(X21=TRUE)THEN

RST(TRUE, Var_Flag_Normal); (* Turns normal completion flag OFF *) RST(TRUE, Var_Flag_Error); (* Turns error completion flag OFF *) END_IF;

BUFRCVS instruction

Z_BUFRCVS

Serial Modem



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Z}}\xspace_{\ensuremath{\mathsf{BUFRCVS}}\xspace}$

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
Z_BUFRCVS	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Des	Description			Data type			
Input argument	EN	Exe	cuting condition		Bit				
Un*			Start I/O number of the module String (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)						
	S	1: C	Reception channel number 1: Channel 1 (CH1 side) 2: Channel 2 (CH2 side)			<i>'</i> 16			
Output argument	ENO	Exe	Execution result		Bit	Bit			
d		* Re	Start number of the device that stores read data * Receive data are read from the receive area of buffer memory.		ANY	<i>'</i> 16			
Setting Inter	nal device	R. ZR	JD/D	U⊟\G		Zn	Constant	Others	

Setting	Internal dev	ice	R, ZR	JD/D		UD\GD	Zn	Constant	Others
data ^{*1}	Bit	Word		Bit	Word			К, Н	
(S)	-	0		-					—
(d)	0	0		—			—	—	

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

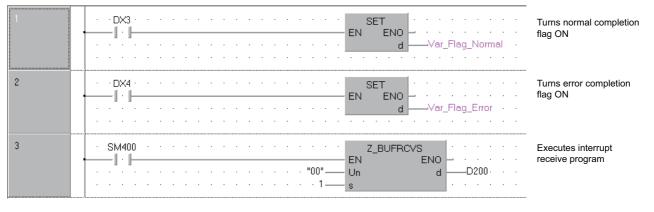
Processing details

This instruction receives data with an interrupt program during communication using the nonprocedural protocol or bidirectional protocol.

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(d)+0	Receive data length	The number of data read from the number of receive data storage area is stored.	0 or more	System
(d)+1 : (d)+n	Receive data	Data read from the receive data storage area are stored in ascending address order.	_	System

The following program receives data with an interrupt program.

[Structured ladder/FBD]



[ST]

(* Set the normal/error confirmation flag for the main program *)

(* The main program resets flags *)

SET(DX3, Var_Flag_Normal); (* Turns normal completion flag ON *)

SET(DX4, Var_Flag_Error); (* Turns error completion flag ON *)

(* Receives data from CH1 and stores the data in devices starting from D200 *)

Z_BUFRCVS(SM400, "00", 1, D200); (* Executes interrupt receive program *)

G(P)_PRR		
	Serial Moder	n
Structured	adder/FBD	ST
G_F EN	ENO	
— Un*	d	ENO:= (EN, Un*, s, d);
s		

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. $G_PRR,\,GP_PRR$

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
G_PRR	
GP_PRR	

■Argument

(s)

(d)

Input/output argument		Na	me	Descript	Description			Dat	ata type			
Input argument	İ	EN		Executing	condition			Bit				
		Un*		(00 to FE:	Start I/O number of the module A (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ A O number in three digits) A			ANY16				
		s		Variable th	nat stores contro	l data		Array of ANY16 [04]				
Output argume	nt	EN	0	Execution	result			Bit				
		d		instruction	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.			Arra	y of bit [01]			
Setting	Internal	devi	се	R, ZR	JD/D		UD\GD		Zn	Constant	Others	
data ^{*1}	Bit		Word		Bit	Word						

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

0

0

Processing details

0

This instruction sends data by user frame according to the specification in user frame specification area for transmission during communication using the nonprocedural protocol.

_

_

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side	
(s)[0]	Transmission channel	Set the transmission channel. 1: Channel 1 (CH1 side) 2: Channel 2 (CH2 side)	1, 2	User	
(s)[1]	Transmission result	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	-	System	
(s)[2]	CR/LF addition specification	Specify whether to add CR/LF codes to the send data. 0: CR/LF not added 1: CR/LF added	0, 1	User	
(s)[3]	Transmission pointer	Specify the position in the user frame specification area for transmission from where the frame number data are to be sent.	1 to 100	User	
(s)[4]	Number of send data	Set the number of user frames to be sent.	1 to 100	User	

 The following program sends desired data and the user frames from number 1 to number 5 which are registered in the transmission frame setting. (For the Q series C24 whose I/O signals are X/Y80 to X/Y9F)
 [Structured ladder/FBD]

1	NS0 PLS EN ENO d Var_Flag_Inst	Transmission instruction pulse
2	Var_Flag_Inst -X9E -X9F	Sets number of send data
	H1234 EN MOV	Sets desired send data
	H56AB S d Var_TransData[2]	Sets send data to buffer memory
	H3F2-s d	User frame 0
	H3F3 MOV 	User frame 1
	EN ENO s d Var_Frame[2]	User frame 2 User frame 3
	H8000 S H800 S H	User frame 4
	0	User frame 5
	TO Var_Frame[0] s H8 n1 H8A n2 6 n3	Sets user frames to buffer memory
3	Var_Flag_Inst	Sets transmission channel to 1
	0 s d Var_ControlData[1]	Clears transmission result
	H0 = S d = Var_ControlData[2]	Sets CR/LF to 'CR/LF not added'
	H1 s d Var_ControlData[3]	Sets transmission pointer Sets number of send data
	H5s dVar_ControlData[4]	Performs user frame transmission
4	Var_Result[0] · Var_Result[1] · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Turns normal completion flag ON
	Var_Result[1] · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Turns error completion flag ON

[ST]

PLS(X50, Var_Flag_Inst); (* Transmission instruction pulse *)

```
IF((Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE) & (X9E=TRUE) & (X9F=FALSE))THEN
   MOV(TRUE, 4, Var_TransData[0]); (* Sets number of send data *)
   MOV(TRUE, H1234, Var_TransData[1]); (* Sets desired send data *)
   MOV(TRUE, H56AB, Var_TransData[2]);
```

TO(TRUE, Var_TransData[0], H8, H400, 3); (* Sets send data to buffer memory *)

```
MOV(TRUE, H3F2, Var_Frame[0]); (* Sets user frame 0 *)
   MOV(TRUE, H3F3, Var_Frame[1]); (* Sets user frame 1 *)
   MOV(TRUE, H8001,Var_Frame[2]); (* Sets user frame 2 *)
   MOV(TRUE, H8000, Var_Frame[3]); (* Sets user frame 3 *)
   MOV(TRUE, H41B, Var_Frame[4]); (* Sets user frame 4 *)
   MOV(TRUE, 0, Var_Frame[5]); (* Sets user frame 5 *)
   TO(TRUE, Var_Frame[0], H8, H0BA, 6); (* Sets user frames to buffer memory *)
END_IF;
IF(Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE)THEN
```

```
MOV(TRUE, 1, Var_ControlData[0]); (* Sets transmission channel to 1 *)
   MOV(TRUE, 0, Var_ControlData[1]); (* Clears transmission result *)
   MOV(TRUE, H0, Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets CR/LF to 'CR/LF not added' *)
   MOV(TRUE, H1, Var_ControlData[3]); (* Sets transmission pointer *)
   MOV(TRUE, H5, Var_ControlData[4]); (* Sets number of send data *)
   GP\_PRR(TRUE,\,H08,\,Var\_ControlData,\,Var\_Result);\,^*\ Performs\ user\ frame\ transmission\ ^*)
END_IF;
IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *)
```

```
IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *)
  SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Normal); (* Turns normal completion flag ON *)
ELSE (* Error completion *)
 SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Error); (* Turns error completion flag ON *)
```

END_IF;

5

Initial setting

ZP_CSET

Serial Modem

Stru		ladder/F	BD	ST
	EN Un* s1 s2	ENO - d1 - d2 -		ENO:= ZP_CSET (EN, Un*, s1, s2, d1, d2);

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. $\ensuremath{\mathsf{ZP}_\mathsf{CSET}}$

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
ZP_CSET	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit
	Un*	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)	String
	s1	Reception channel number 1: Channel 1 (CH1 side) 2: Channel 2 (CH2 side)	ANY16
	s2	Variable that stores control data	Array of ANY16 [0111]
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit
	d1	Dummy	ANY16
	d2	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d2[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of bit [01]

Setting data ^{*1}	Internal device		R, ZR J□\□		UD\GD	Zn	Constant	Others	
	Bit	Word		Bit	Word			К, Н	
(s1)	-	0		—				0	—
(s2)	-	0		—				—	—
(d1)	-	0		—				—	—
(d2)	0	0		—				—	—

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction changes the setting values for sending/receiving data using communication protocols.

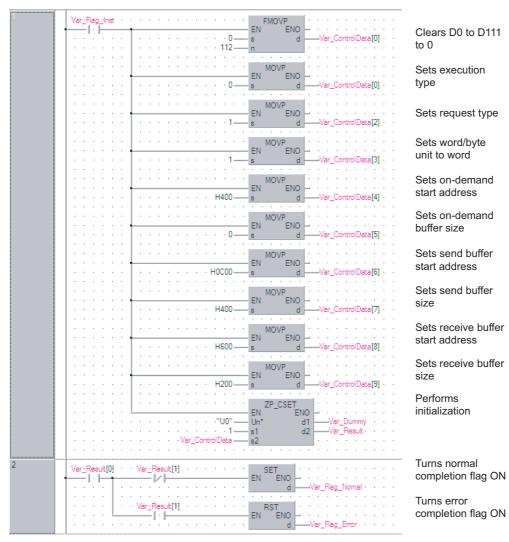
Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side	
(s2)[0]	Execution type	Specify '0'.	0	User	
(s2)[1]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	_	System	
(s2)[2]	Request type	Specify the request. 1: Change of unit (word/byte) and buffer memory assignment	1	User	
(s2)[3]	Word/byte unit specification	Specify the unit of the number of send/receive data. 0: Current setting value 1: In units of words 2: In units of bits	0, 1, 2	User	
(s2)[4]	Buffer memory start address for on-demand function	Specify the start address of the buffer memory used by the on- demand function 0H: Current setting value is used. 400H to 1AFFH, 2600H to 3FFFH: Start address	0H, 400H to 1AFFH, 2600H to 3FFFH	User	
(s2)[5]	Buffer memory size for on- demand function	Specify the size (the number of words) of the buffer memory to be used by the on-demand function. 0H: Current setting value is used. 1H to 1A00H: Size	0H, 1H to 1A00H	User	
(s2)[6]	Send area start address	Specify the start address of the send area used for the nonprocedural/bidirectional protocol. 0H: Current setting value is used. 400H to 1AFFH, 2600H to 3FFFH: Start address	0H, 400H to 1AFFH, 2600H to 3FFFH	User	
(s2)[7]	Send area size	Specify the size (the number of words) of the send area used by the nonprocedural/bidirectional protocol. 0H: Current setting value is used. 1H to 1A00H: Size * The start area of the send area (1 word) is used for the number of send data specification area.	0H, 1H to 1A00H	User	
(s2)[8]	Receive area start address	Specify the start address of the receive area used for the nonprocedural/bidirectional protocol. 0H: Current setting value is used. 400H to 1AFFH, 2600H to 3FFFH: Start address	0H, 400H to 1AFFH, 2600H to 3FFFH	User	
(s2)[9]	Receive area size	Specify the size (the number of words) of the receive area used for the nonprocedural/bidirectional protocol. 0H: Current setting value is used. 1H to 1A00H: Size * The start area of the receive area (1 word) is used for the number of receive data storage area.	0H, 1H to 1A00H	User	
(s2)[10] : (s2)[111]	For system	_	_	System	

Program example

The following program changes the send buffer area of the CH1 side interface. (For the Q series C24 whose I/O signals are X/ Y00 to X/Y1F)

- Sets send buffer to C00H to FFFH.
- Sets receive buffer to 600H to 7FFH.

[Structured ladder/FBD]



[ST]

IF(Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE)THEN

FMOVP(TRUE,0,112, Var_ControlData[0]); (* Resets D0 to D111 to 0 *)
MOVP(TRUE, 0, Var_ControlData[0]); (* Sets execution type *)
MOVP(TRUE, 1, Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets request type *)
MOVP(TRUE, 1, Var_ControlData[3]); (* Sets word/byte unit to word *)
MOVP(TRUE, H400, Var_ControlData[4]); (* Sets on-demand start address *)
MOVP(TRUE, 0, Var_ControlData[5]); (* Sets on-demand buffer size *)
MOVP(TRUE, H0C00, Var_ControlData[6]); (* Sets send buffer size *)
MOVP(TRUE, H400, Var_ControlData[7]); (* Sets send buffer size *)
MOVP(TRUE, H600, Var_ControlData[8]); (* Sets receive buffer start address *)
MOVP(TRUE, H200, Var_ControlData[8]); (* Sets receive buffer size *)
MOVP(TRUE, H200, Var_ControlData[9]); (* Sets receive buffer size *)
MOVP(TRUE, H200, Var_ControlData[9]); (* Sets receive buffer size *)
ZP_CSET(TRUE, "U0", 1, Var_ControlData, Var_Dummy, Var_Result); (* Performs initialization *)

END_IF;

IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *)

IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *)

SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Normal); (* Turns normal completion flag ON *) ELSE (* Error completion *)

SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Error); (* Turns error completion flag ON *) END_IF;

```
END_IF;
```

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CSET instruction (programmable controller CPU monitor)

Serial Modem Structured ladder/FBD ST Un* d1 Structured ladder/FBD ST

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. $\ensuremath{\mathsf{ZP}}\xspace_\mathsf{CSET}$

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
ZP_CSET	

■Argument

s2

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type	
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit	
	Un*	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)	String	
	s1	Reception channel number 1: Channel 1 (CH1 side) 2: Channel 2 (CH2 side)	ANY16	
	s2	Variable that stores control data	Array of ANY16 [0111]	
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit	
	d1	Dummy	ANY16	
	d2	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d2[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of bit [01]	

Setting data ^{*1}	Internal device		R, ZR J□\□		UD\GD	Zn	Constant	Others	
	Bit	Word		Bit	Word			К, Н	
(s1)	-	0		—				0	—
(s2)	-	0		—				—	—
(d1)	-	0		—				—	—
(d2)	0	0		—				—	—

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction registers and cancels the programmable controller CPU monitoring.

■Registering the programmable controller CPU monitoring

Device	Item		Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s2)[0]	Execution type		Specify '0'.	0	User
(s2)[1]	Completion stat	us	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	—	System
(s2)[2]	Request type		Specify the request. 2: Registration of programmable controller CPU monitoring	2	User
(s2)[3]	Cycle time unit		Specify the unit of cycle time. 0: 100ms 1: Second 2: Minute	0 to 2	User
(s2)[4]	Cycle time		Specify the cycle time. 1H to FFFFH: Cycle time	1H to FFFFH	User
(s2)[5]	Programmable	controller CPU monitoring function	Specify the monitoring function. 1: Constant cycle transmission 2: Condition agreement transmission	1,2	User
(s2)[6]	Programmable controller CPU monitoring transmission method		Specify the transmission method. 0: Data transmission (device data, CPU error information) 1: Notification	0, 1	User
(s2)[7]	Constant cycle transmission	User frame output start pointer	Specify the start pointer of the table to which the user frame number for constant cycle transmission is set. 0: No specification (at condition agreement transmission and notification) 1 to 100: Start pointer	0, 1 to 100	User
(s2)[8]		Number of user frame transmissions	Specify the number of user frame transmissions (outputs) for constant cycle transmission. 0: No specification (at condition agreement transmission and notification) 1 to 100: Number of transmissions	0, 1 to 100	User
(s2)[9]		Modem connection data No.	Specify the data number for modem function connection when making notification in constant cycle transmission.0: No specification (at data transmission and condition agreement transmission)BB8H to BD5H: Connection data number (flash ROM)8001H to 801FH: Connection data number (buffer memory)	0, BB8H to BD5H, 8001H to 801FH	User
(s2)[10]	Number of registered word blocks		Specify the number of blocks of the word device to be monitored.	0 to 10	User
(s2)[11]	Number of registered bit blocks		Specify the number of blocks of the bit device to be monitored.	0 to 10	User
(s2)[12]	÷	controller CPU error monitoring controller CPU status monitoring)	Specify whether to also execute programmable controller CPU error monitoring. 0: Not monitored 1: Monitored	0, 1	User

Device	Item			Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s2)[13]	Programmable controller CPU monitoring	Device code		Specify the code of the device to be monitored. 0: No device monitored Other than 0: Device code	90H to CCH (Device code)	User
(s2)[14]	setting	Monitoring star	t device	Specify the start number of the monitoring device in	0 or more	User
(s2)[15]	1st			this block.		
(s2)[16]	* 1st block	k Number of registered points		Specify the number of registered points (read points) of this block. 0: No device monitored 1 or more: Number of registered points * For a bit device, specify the number of points in units of words.	0, 1 or more	User
(s2)[17]		Condition agreement transmission	Monitoring condition	Specify the monitoring condition of this block. 0: No specification (at constant cycle transmission) 1 or more: Monitoring condition	0 to 65535	User
(s2)[18]			Monitoring condition value	Specify the monitoring condition value for this block. 0 or more: Monitoring condition * Specify '0' at constant cycle transmission.	0 to 000AH, 0101H to 010AH	User
(s2)[19]			User frame output start pointer	Specify the start pointer of the table to which the user frame number for condition agreement transmission for this block is set. 0: No specification (at constant cycle transmission and notification) 1 to 100: Start pointer	0, 1 to 100	User
(s2)[20]			Number of user frame transmissions	Specify the number of user frame transmissions (outputs) for condition agreement transmission for this block. 0: No specification (at constant cycle transmission and notification) 1 to 100: Number of transmissions	0, 1 to 100	User
(s2)[21]			Modem connection data No.	Specify the data number for modem function connection when making notification in condition agreement transmission for this block. 0: No specification (at data transmission and constant cycle transmission) BB8H to BD5H: Connection data number (flash ROM) 8001H to 801FH: Connection data number (buffer memory)	0, BB8H to BD5H, 8001H to 801FH	User
(s2)[22] : (s2)[102]	Programmable of 2nd to 10th * 2nd to 10th blo		nonitoring setting	The same item arrangement as the first programmable controller CPU monitoring setting item.	-	User

Device	Item			Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s2)[103]	CPU status	Condition	Fixed value	Specify a fixed value to monitor the CPU status.	1	User
(s2)[104]	monitoring	agreement			0	
(s2)[105]	 setting * Error 	transmission			0	
(s2)[106]	monitoring				1	
(s2)[107]	11th				5	
(s2)[108]	* 11th block				1	
(s2)[109]			User frame output start pointer	Specify the start pointer of the to which the user frame number for condition agreement transmission for this block is set. 0: No specification (at constant cycle transmission and notification) 1 to 100: Start pointer	0, 1 to 100	User
(s2)[110]			Number of user frame transmissions	Specify the number of user frame transmissions (outputs) for condition agreement transmission for this block. 0: No specification (at constant cycle transmission and notification) 1 to 100: Number of transmissions	0, 1 to 100	User
(s2)[111]			Modem connection data No.	Specify the data number for modem function connection when making notification in condition agreement transmission for this block. 0: No specification (at data transmission and constant cycle transmission) BB8H to BD5H: Connection data number (flash ROM) 8001H to 801FH: Connection data number (buffer memory)	0, BB8H to BD5H, 8001H to 801FH	User

■Canceling the programmable controller CPU monitoring

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s2)[0]	Execution type	Specify '0H'.	0	User
(s2)[1]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	-	System
(s2)[2]	Request type	Specify the request. 3: Cancel of the programmable controller CPU monitoring	3	User
(s2)[3] : (s2)[111]	For system	_	-	System

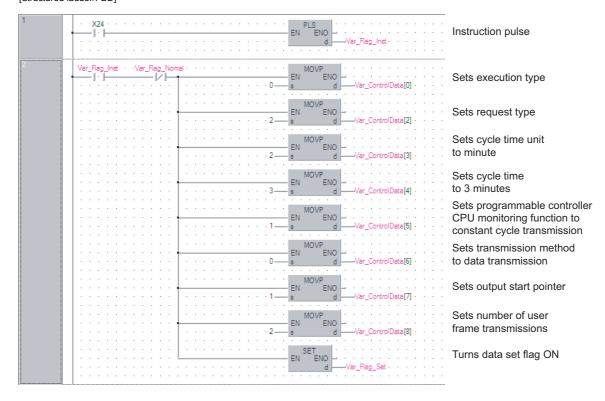
Program example

Program to register the programmable controller CPU monitoring

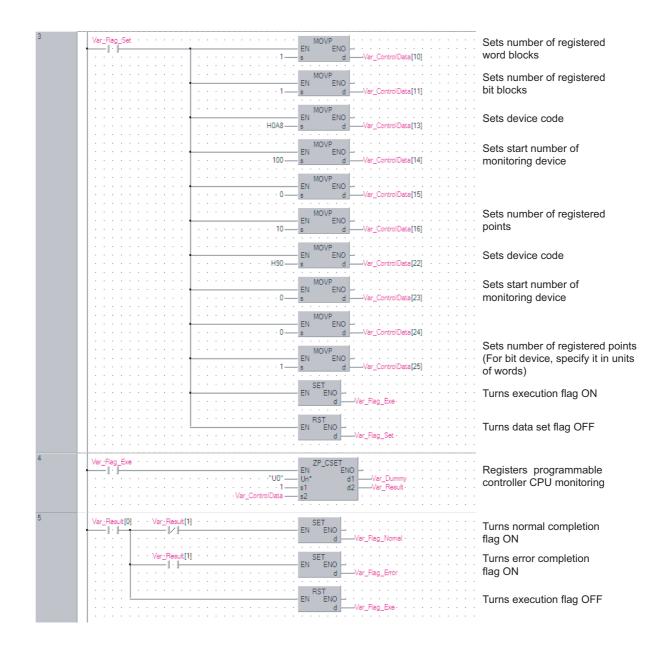
The following program registers the programmable controller CPU monitoring and sends the monitoring result from the CH1 side interface.

The following setting is to send content of devices from M0 to M15 and devices from D100 to D109 to the external device through the constant cycle transmission. (Cycle time: 3 minutes)

(For the Q series C24 whose I/O signals are X/Y00 to X/Y1F) [Structured ladder/FBD]



5



[ST]

PLS(X24, Var_Flag_Inst); (* Instruction pulse *)

IF((Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE) & (Var_Flag_Normal=FALSE))THEN

MOV(TRUE, 0, Var_ControlData[0]); (* Sets execution type *)

MOV(TRUE, 2, Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets request type *)

MOV(TRUE, 2, Var_ControlData[3]); (* Sets cycle time unit to minute *)

MOV(TRUE, 3, Var_ControlData[4]); (* Sets cycle time to 3 minutes *)

MOV(TRUE, 1, Var_ControlData[5]); (* Sets programmable controller CPU monitoring function to constant cycle transmission. *)

MOV(TRUE, 0, Var_ControlData[6]); (* Sets transmission method to data transmission *)

MOV(TRUE, 1, Var_ControlData[7]); (* Sets output start pointer *)

MOV(TRUE, 2, Var_ControlData[8]); (* Sets number of user frame transmissions *)

SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Set); (* Turns data set flag ON *)

END_IF;

IF(Var_Flag_Set=TRUE)THEN

MOV(TRUE, 1, Var_ControlData[10]); (* Sets number of registered word blocks *)

MOV(TRUE, 1, Var_ControlData[11]); (* Sets number of registered bit blocks *)

(* Sets the 1st block of the CPU monitoring to D100 to D109 *)

MOV(TRUE, H0A8, Var_ControlData[13]); (* Sets device code *)

MOV(TRUE, 100, Var_ControlData[14]);(* Sets start number of monitoring device *)

MOV(TRUE, 0, Var_ControlData[15]);

MOV(TRUE, 10, Var_ControlData[16]); (* Sets number of registered points *)

(* Sets the 2nd block of the CPU monitoring to M0 to M15 *)

MOV(TRUE, H90, Var_ControlData[22]); (* Sets device code *)

MOV(TRUE, 0, Var_ControlData[23]);(* Sets start number of monitoring device *)

MOV(TRUE, 0, Var_ControlData[24]);

MOV(TRUE, 1, Var_ControlData[25]); (* Sets number of registered points. (For bit device, specify it in units of words.) *)

SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Exe); (* Turns execution flag ON *)

RST(TRUE, Var_Flag_Set); (* Turns data set flag OFF *)

END_IF;

IF(Var_Flag_Exe=TRUE)THEN

ZP_CSET(TRUE, "U0", 1, Var_ControlData, Var_Dummy, Var_Result); (* Registers the programmable controller CPU monitoring *) END_IF;

IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *)

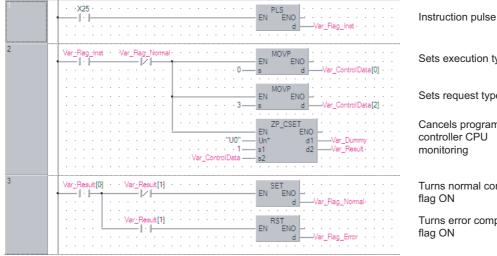
IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *) SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Normal); (* Turns normal completion flag ON *) ELSE (* Error completion *) SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Error); (* Turns error completion flag ON *)

END_IF;

RST(TRUE, Var_Flag_Exe); (* Turns execution flag OFF *) END_IF;

· Program to cancel the programmable controller CPU monitoring

The following program cancels the programmable controller CPU monitoring of the CH1 side interface. (For the Q series C24 whose I/O signals are X/Y00 to X/Y1F) [Structured ladder/FBD]



Sets execution type Sets request type Cancels programmable controller CPU monitoring Turns normal completion

Turns error completion

[ST]

PLS(X25, Var_Flag_Inst); (* Instruction pulse *)

IF((Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE) & (Var_Flag_Normal=FALSE))THEN

MOV(TRUE, 0, Var_ControlData[0]); (* Sets execution type *)

MOV(TRUE, 3, Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets request type *)

ZP_CSET(TRUE, "U0", 1, Var_ControlData, Var_Dummy, Var_Result); (* Cancels programmable controller CPU monitoring *) END_IF;

IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *

IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *)

SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Normal); (* Turns normal completion flag ON *)

ELSE (* Error completion *)

SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Error); (* Turns error completion flag ON *)

END_IF; END_IF;

PUTE instruction

G(P)_PUTE

Serial Modem



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. G_PUTE, GP_PUTE

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
G_PUTE	
GP_PUTE	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit
	Un*	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)	ANY16
	s1	Variable that stores control data	Array of ANY16 [03]
	s2	Start number of the device that stores read registration data	ANY16
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit
	d	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of bit [01]

Setting data ^{*1}	Internal device		R, ZR J□\□		UD\GD		Zn	Constant	Others
data ^{^1}	Bit	Word		Bit	Word				
(s1)	—	0		—					
(s2)	-	0		—					
(d1)	0	0		—					

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction registers a user frame.

Setting data

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s1)[0]	Registration/ deletion specification	Specify whether to register/delete the user frame of the number specified by (s1)[2]. 1: Registered 3: Deleted	1, 3	User
(s1)[1]	Registration/ deletion result	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	-	System

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s1)[2]	Frame No.	Specify the user frame number.	1000 to 1199	User
(s1)[3]	Number of registered bytes	1 to 80: Number of bytes of the user frame to be registered. * Specify any number in the range from 1 to 80 as a dummy when '3: Deleted' is selected.	1 to 80	User

Program example

• The following program registers a user frame as the registration number 3E8H. (For the Q series C24 whose I/O signals are X/Y80 to X/Y9F)

[Structured ladder/FBD]

1	·X50 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Registration request pulse
2	Ver_Flag_Inst MOV EN ENO s d Var_ControlData[0]	Sets registration request
	MOV EN ENO Var_ControlData[2]	Sets user frame number
	EN MOV EN ENO s d Var_ControlData[3]	Sets number of registered bytes
	EN MOV EN ENO s d Var Frame[0]	User frame 0
	EN MOV EN ENO S d Var Frame[1]	User frame 1
	EN ENO	User frame 2
		User frame 3
	H4646 s d Var_Frame[3] H4646 EN EN ENO EN	User frame 4
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Sets write enable in flash ROM side
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	G_PUTE EN ENO ····································	Registers user frame
3	Var_Result[0] Var_Frame[0] s2 s2 Var_Result[0] Var_Result[1] s2 s2	Turns normal
	Var_Result[1] EN EN EN Var_Result[1] EN EN EN d Var_Flag_Normal Var_Flag_Error	completion flag ON Turns error completion flag ON

[ST]

PLS(X50, Var_Flag_Inst); (* Registration request pulse *)

IF(Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE)THEN MOV(TRUE, 1, Var_ControlData[0]); (* Sets registration request *) MOV(TRUE, H3E8, Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets user frame number *) MOV(TRUE, 10, Var_ControlData[3]); (* Sets number of registered bytes *) MOV(TRUE, H3946, Var_Frame[0]); (* User frame 0 *) MOV(TRUE, H3030, Var_Frame[1]); (* User frame 1 *) MOV(TRUE, H3030, Var_Frame[2]); (* User frame 2 *) MOV(TRUE, H4646, Var_Frame[2]); (* User frame 3 *) MOV(TRUE, H3030, Var_Frame[4]); (* User frame 4 *) TO(TRUE, 1, H08, H2000, 1); (* Sets write enable in flash ROM side *) G_PUTE(TRUE, H08, Var_ControlData, Var_Frame[0], Var_Result); (* Registers user frame *) END_IF;

IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *)

IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *) SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Normal); (* Turns normal completion flag ON *) ELSE (* Error completion *) SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Error); (* Turns error completion flag ON *)

END_IF;

END_IF;

G(P)_GETE		
Serial Moder	n	
Structured ladder/FBD	ST ENO:= G_GETE (EN, Un*, s1, s2, d);	

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. G_GETE, GP_GETE

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
G_GETE	
GP_GETE	

■Argument

Input/outpu argument	t	Name			otion		Data type				
Input argument		EN		Executing	condition			Bit			
		Un*		(00 to FE:	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)			ANY16			
		s1		Variable th	Variable that stores control data			Arra	y of ANY16 [03	3]	
s2		s2		Start number the device that stores the read registration data			ANY16				
Output argume	ent	ENO		Execution	result			Bit			
d			instruction		on completion of ime of error com		Arra	y of bit [01]			
Setting	Internal	device)	R, ZR	JD/D		UD\G]	Zn	Constant	Others
data ^{*1}	Bit	N	Vord		Bit	Word					
(s1)	—	С)		—	•					
(s2)	- 0 -										
(d)	0 0 –										

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction reads a user frame.

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s1)[0]	Dummy	-	0	—
(s1)[1]	Read result	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	-	System
(s1)[2]	Frame No. specification	Specify the user frame number.	1000 to 1199	User
(s1)[3]	Allowable number of bytes for read data	Specify the maximum number of bytes for storing the registered data of the read user frame to (s2).	1 to 80	User
	Number of registered bytes	The number of bytes of the registered data for the read user frame is stored.	1 to 80	System

Program example

• The following program reads out the registration data of the user frame number 3E8H. (For the Q series C24 whose I/O signals are X/Y80 to X/Y9F)

[Structured ladder/FBD]

1	·X51····· PLS ····· EN ····· d ····· d	Read request pulse
2	Var_Flag-Inst MOV Image: Flag-Inst EN Image: Flag-Inst Image: Flag-Inst Image: Flag: Flag-Inst Image: Flag-Ins	Sets user frame number Sets allowable number of bytes for read data
	FMOV EN ENO S d Var_Frame[0] G_GETE EN EN EN EN Var_Frame[0] H08 Un* Var_Result	Clears user frame to 0 Reads user frame
3	Var_Result[0] · Var_Result[1] · · · · · · SET I · I · I · I · I · I · I · I · I · I ·	Turns normal completion flag ON Turns error completion flag ON

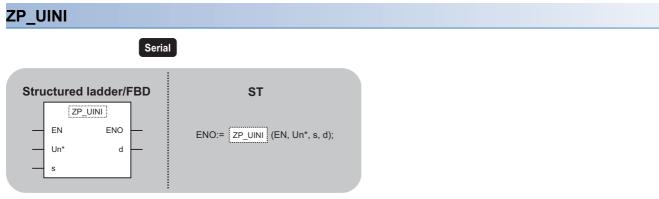
[ST] PLS(X51, Var_Flag_Inst); (* Read request pulse *)

IF(Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE)THEN MOV(TRUE, 0, Var_ControlData[0]); MOV(TRUE, H3E8, Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets user frame number *) MOV(TRUE, 80, Var_ControlData[3]); (* Sets allowable number of bytes for read data *) FMOV(TRUE, 0, 40, Var_Frame[0]); (* Clears user frame to 0 *) G_GETE(TRUE, H08, Var_ControlData, Var_Frame[0], Var_Result); (* Reads user frame *) END_IF; IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *) IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *)

SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Normal); (* Turns normal completion flag ON *) ELSE (* Error completion *) SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Error); (* Turns error completion flag ON *) END_IF;

END_IF;

Mode switching



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. ZP_UINI

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
ZP_UINI	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Descrip	Description				Data type			
Input argument	EN	Executing	g condition		Bit					
	Un*	(00 to FE	Start I/O number of the moduleString(00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)							
	s	Variable t	Variable that stores control data			Array of ANY16 [09]				
Output argument	ENO	Execution	Execution result			Bit				
	d	instruction	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.			Array of bit [01]				
Setting Int	ternal device	R, ZR	JD/D]	Zn	Constant	Others		

	Setting	Internal dev	ice	R, ZR	JO/O		UD\GD	Zn	Constant	Others
	data ^{*1}	Bit	Word		Bit	Word				
	(S)	—	0		—					
j	(d)	0	0		—					

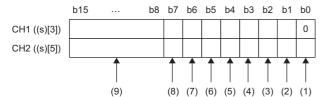
*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction switches the mode, transmission specification, and host station number of the Q series C24.

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s)[0]	For system	Always specify '0'.	0	User
(s)[1]	Execution result	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	-	System
(s)[2]	Execution type	Specify the execution type. 0: Switches the execution type according to the setting in the area starting from (s)[3]. 1: Returns the execution type according to the switch setting on GX Works2.	0, 1	User
(s)[3]	CH1 Transmission specification setting	Set the transmission specifications for CH1. Page 91 (s)[3] (CH1 Transmission specification setting) and (s)[5] (CH2 Transmission specification setting) ^{*1}	0 to 0FFEH	
(s)[4]	CH1 Communication protocol setting	Set the communication protocol for CH1. Page 92 (s)[4] (CH1 Communication protocol setting) and (s)[6] (CH2 Communication protocol setting)	0 to 8	
(s)[5]	CH2 Transmission specification setting	Set the transmission specifications for CH2. ^{CP} Page 91 (s)[3] (CH1 Transmission specification setting) and (s)[5] (CH2 Transmission specification setting) ^{*1}	0 to 0FFFH	
(s)[6]	CH2 Communication protocol setting	Set the communication protocol for CH2. ^{CP} Page 92 (s)[4] (CH1 Communication protocol setting) and (s)[6] (CH2 Communication protocol setting)	0 to 7	
(s)[7]	Station No. setting	Set the host station number.	0 to 31]
(s)[8] : (s)[12]	For system	Always specify '0'.	0	

■(s)[3] (CH1 Transmission specification setting) and (s)[5] (CH2 Transmission specification setting)^{*1}



No.	Bit	Description	Setting value	Remarks
(1)	b0	Operation setting	OFF(0): Independence ON (1): Link	Always set the CH1 side ((s)[3]) to 0.
(2)	b1	Data bit	OFF(0): 7 ON(1): 8	Parity bit is not included.
(3)	b2	Parity bit	OFF(0): Without ON (1): With	Vertical parity
(4)	b3	Even/Odd parity	OFF(0): Odd ON (1): Even	Valid only when parity bit is set to 'With'.
(5)	b4	Stop bit	OFF(0): 1 ON(1): 2	-
(6)	b5	Sumcheck code	OFF(0): Without ON (1): With	-
(7)	b6	Write during RUN	OFF(0): Inhibited ON (1): Allowed	_
(8)	b7	Setting change	OFF(0): Inhibited ON (1): Allowed	-
(9)	b15 to b8	Communication speed	0FH: 50bps 00H: 300bps 01H: 600bps 02H: 1200bps 03H: 2400bps 04H: 4800bps 05H: 9600bps 06H: 14400bps 07H: 19200bps 08H: 28800bps 08H: 28800bps 09H: 38400bps 0AH: 57600bps 0BH: 115200bps 0CH: 230400bps	 230400bps is selectable only at CH1 side ((s)[3]). (Select 300bps at CH2 side ((s)[5]).) The sum of communication speeds selected at CH1 side and CH2 side must be within 230400bps.

*1 Specify '0000H' at the CH side for which "MELSOFT connection" is specified in the communication protocol setting.

■(s)[4] (CH1 Communication protocol setting) and (s)[6] (CH2 Communication protocol setting)

Setting No.	Description		Remarks
ОН	MELSOFT connection		Specify '0000H' for the transmission specification setting.
1H	MC protocol	Format 1	-
2H		Format 2	-
3H		Format 3	-
4H		Format 4	-
5H		Format 5	-
6H	Nonprocedural protocol		-
7H	Bidirectional protocol		-
8H	For link setting		Setting is possible only for CH1 side ((s)[4])
9H	Pre-defined protocol		Pre-defined protocol communication

Precautions

The UINI instruction is applicable to the QJ71C24N (-R2/R4) of which the function version is B and the first five digits of the serial number are '06062' or higher.

Program example

• The following program changes settings of the Q series C24 mounted on the I/O numbers X/Y00 to X/Y1F as follows when X20 turns ON.

Device	Bit		Description			Setting value	
	Position	Specified value					
(s)[3]	b0	OFF		Operation setting	Independence	07E6H	
	b1	ON	specification setting	Data bit	8		
	b2	ON		Parity bit	With		
	b3	OFF		Even/Odd parity	Odd		
	b4	OFF		Stop bit	1		
	b5	ON		Sumcheck code	With		
	b6	ON		Write during RUN	Allowed		
	b7	ON		Setting change	Allowed		
	b15 to b8	—		Communication speed	19200bps		
(s)[4]	-		CH1 Communication pro	CH1 Communication protocol setting		0008H	
(s)[5]	b0	ON	CH2 Transmission	Operation setting	Link	07E7H	
	b1	ON	specification setting	Data bit	8		
	b2	ON		Parity bit	With		
	b3	OFF		Even/Odd parity	Odd		
	b4	OFF		Stop bit	1		
	b5	ON		Sumcheck code	With		
	b6	ON		Write during RUN	Allowed		
	b7	ON		Setting change	Allowed	7	
	b15 to b8	—		Communication speed	19200bps		
(s)[6]	-		CH2 Communication pro	otocol setting	MC protocol Format 5	0005H	
(s)[7]	-		Station No. setting		1	0001H	

[Structured ladder/FBD]

		UINI instruction command
	· H0 s dVar ControlData[0] · · ·	
	• 13— n	
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	EN ENO - · · · · · · · · · · ·	Always sets 0
	· H0 — s d — Var ControlData[0] · · ·	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	MOV	
	EN ENO - · · · · · · · · · · ·	Clears control data to 0
	H0 s d Var_ControlData[1] · · ·	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	MOV	
	EN ENO	Sets execution type
	H0 s d Var ControlData[2]	
	MOV	
	EN ENO _ · · · · · · · · · · ·	Sets CH1 transmission specification
	H7E6 s d Var_ControlData[3]	
	MOV	
		Sets CH1 communication protocol
	H8 s d Var_ControlData[4]	Sets CITT communication protocol
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	H7E7 s d Var_ControlData[5]	Sets CH2 transmission specification
		Cata CLI2 communication protocol
		Sets CH2 communication protocol
	H5—s dVar_ControlData[6] · · ·	
	MOV	Osta hast station number
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · •	EN ENO	Sets host station number
	H1 s d Var_ControlData[7] · · ·	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	· · · · · · · · · ZP_UINI	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · • •	EN ENO · · · · · ·	Switches mode
	······································	
	· Var_ControlData	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	SET ···········	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	EN ENO - · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Turns interlock signal for communication stop OI
	••••• d ——Var_Flag •••••••	
Var_Result[0] · · · Var_Result[1] · · · · ·		
┝ ──║·┠─ १ ───║/┠────	Process on normal completion	Normal completion
	e kaanaa kaanaa kaanaa kaanaa kaana ka	
· · · · · Var_Result[1] · · · ·		
	Process on error completion	Error completion
	e kaanaa kaanaa kaanaa kaanaa ka see see	•
	· · · RST · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
<u></u>	EN ENO - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Turns interlock signal for communication stop O
	•••• d	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
·Var_Flag · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Data communication process	
• / /		

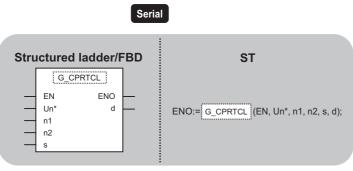
*1 Create a program so that the data communication process does not run while the interlock signal for communication stop is ON.

[ST] IF(LDP(TRUE,X20) (* UINI instruction command *) &(Y2=FALSE) (* CH1 mode switching request *) &(Y9=FALSE) (* CH2 mode switching request *) &(X6=FALSE) (* CH1 mode switching *) &(X0D=FALSE))THEN (* CH2 mode switching *) (* Runs if there is no mode switching *) FMOV(TRUE, H0, 13, Var_ControlData[0]); (* Clears control data to 0 *) MOV(TRUE, H0, Var_ControlData[0]); (* Always sets 0 *) MOV(TRUE, H0, Var_ControlData[1]); (* Clears execution result to 0 *) MOV(TRUE, H0, Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets execution type *) MOV(TRUE,H7E6,Var_ControlData[3]); (* Sets CH1 transmission specification *) MOV(TRUE,H8,Var_ControlData[4]); (* Sets CH1 communication protocol *) MOV(TRUE, H7E7, Var_ControlData[5]); (* Sets CH2 transmission specification *) MOV(TRUE, H5, Var_ControlData[6]); (* Sets CH2 communication protocol *) MOV(TRUE, H1, Var_ControlData[7]); (* Sets host station number *) ZP_UINI(TRUE, "00", Var_ControlData, Var_Result); (* Switches mode *) SET(TRUE, Var_Flag); (* Turns interlock signal for communication stop ON *) END_IF; IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *) IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *) -----(* Process on normal completion *) ELSE (* Error completion *) -----(* Process on error completion *) ····· - - - - - - - - - -END IF RST(TRUE, Var_Flag); (* Turns interlock signal for communication stop OFF *)*1 END_IF; (* Do not perform the data communication process during interlock signal for communication stop ON *) IF(Var_Flag=FALSE)*1 THEN . (* Data communication process *) END_IF;

*1 Create a program so that the data communication process does not run while the interlock signal for communication stop is ON.

Pre-defined protocol communication

G(P)_CPRTCL



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. G_CPRTCL, GP_CPRTCL

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
G_CPRTCL	
GP_CPRTCL	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type			
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	ANY16			
	Un*	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)	ANY16			
	n1	Channel to communicate with other devices 1: Channel 1 (CH1 side) 2: Channel 2 (CH2 side)	ANY16 ANY16			
	n2	Number of consecutive protocol executions (1 to 8)				
	S	Start number of the device in which control data are stored	Array of ANY16 [017]			
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit			
	d	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of bit [01]			
Setting Inter	nal device	R, ZR JD\D UD\G	☐ Zn Constant Others			

Setting	Internal dev	lce	R, ZR	JU/U		ULI\GLI	Zn	Constant	Others
data ^{*1}	Bit	Word		Bit	Word			К, Н	
n1	-	0		—				0	-
n2	-	0		—				0	-
(s)	-	0		—				—	—
(d)	0	0		—				—	—

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction executes the protocols and functional protocols written to the flash ROM by pre-defined protocol support function.

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s)[0]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. When executing multiple protocols, the execution result of the protocol executed at last is stored.*1 ^{*1} 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code) ^{*2}	_	System
(s)[1]	Number of executions	The number of executions is stored. Protocols with errors are included in the count. When settings of the setting data and control data contain an error, "0" is stored.	1 to 8	System
(s)[2] : (s)[9]	Execution protocol number designation	Set the first protocol number or functional protocol number to be executed. : Set the 8th protocol number or functional protocol number to be executed.	1 to 128, 201 to 207	User
(s)[10] : (s)[17]	Verification match receive packet number	 When the communication type of the first protocol executed is "Receive only" or "Send & receive", the matched receive packet number is stored. "0" is stored with the following condition. When the communication type is "Send only" If the error occurs to the first protocol executed When the functional protocol is executed When the communication type of the 8th protocol executed is "Receive only" or "Send & receive", the matched receive packet number is stored. "0" is stored with the following condition. When the communication type is "Send only" If the error occurs to the 8th protocol executed "0" is stored with the following condition. When the communication type is "Send only" If the error occurs to the 8th protocol executed When the number of the executed protocols is less than 8 When the functional protocol is executed 	0, 1 to 16	System

*1 When executing multiple protocols, if an error occurs to the nth protocol, the protocols after the nth protocol are not executed.

*2 For details of the error code at the error completion, refer to the following. Q Corresponding Serial Communication Module User's Manual (Basic) MELSEC-L Serial Communication Module User's Manual (Basic)

Program example

• This instruction executes the protocol specified in Var_ControlData[2] when X20 turns ON. [Structured ladder/FBD]

1	·×20 ····×1D ···· EN MOV ···· ···· EN EN ···· ···· ···· ···· ···· ···· ····	Store the set value to the send data storage area Designate protocol number 1
	EN EN ENO S d Var_ControlData[2] GP_CPRTCL ENO EN ENO Var_Result Var_Result Var_ControlData s	Execute the protocol Communicate in CH2
2	Var_Result[0] · Var_Result[1] · SET Var_Result[0] · Var_Result[1] · SET d Var_Flag_Normal ·	Normal completion flag ON
	Var_Result[1] · SET EN ENO d Var_Flag_Abnormal	Abnormal completion flag ON
	MOV EN EN EN Var_ControlData[0] s d Var_ErrorCode	Store the error code

[ST]

IF((X20=TRUE) & (X1D=TRUE))THEN

MOV(TRUE, 0, Var_ControlData[1]; (* Store the set value to the send data storage area *) MOV(TRUE, 1, Var_ControlData[2]; (* Designate protocol number 1 *) GP_CPRTCL(TRUE, H00, 2, 1, Var_ControlData, Var_Result); (* Execute the protocol Communicate in CH2 *) END_IF;

IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN

IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN

SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Normal); (* Normal completion flag ON *) ELSE SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Abnormal); (* Abnormal completion flag ON *) MOV(TRUE, Var_ControlData[0], Var_ErrorCode); (* Store the error code *) END_IF;

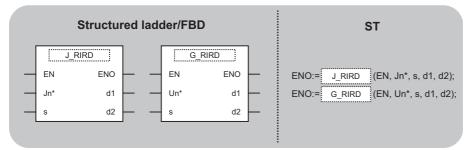
END_IF;

5.4 Network Dedicated Instruction

Reading from the buffer memory of an intelligent device station

J(P)_RIRD, G(P)_RIRD

CC-Link CC IE C CC IE F



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. J_RIRD, JP_RIRD, G_RIRD, GP_RIRD

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
J_RIRD G_RIRD	
JP_RIRD GP_RIRD	

■Argument

Input/outpu argument	t	Nar	ne	Descript	Description			Dat	oata type			
Input argument EN			Executing	condition			Bit					
Jn*			254: Netw	Network number of the host station (1 to 239, 254) 254: Network specified in "Valid module during other station access"			ANY16					
		Un*	(00 to FE: Hi		Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)			ANY16 the I/				
		s		Variable th	nat stores contro	l data		Array of ANY16 [04]				
Output argume	ent	ENC)	Execution	Execution result			Bit				
		d1		Start num	Start number of the device that stores read data				ANY16			
d2			instruction	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d2[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.			Arra	y of bit [01]				
Setting	Internal	devi	се	R, ZR	JD/D		UD\GC	I	Zn	Constant	Others	
data ^{*1}	Bit		Word		Bit	Word						
(S)	—		0		—							

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

0

0

Processing details

Ο

(d1)

(d2)

This instruction reads data for the specified number of points from the buffer memory of the CC-Link module or the device of the programmable controller CPU module on the specified station.

_

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Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s)[0]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code) For error codes when target station is anything other than master/local module, refer to the manual of the target station.	_	System
(s)[1]	Target station No.	Specify the station number of the target station.	0 to 64 ^{*1} 0 to 120	User
(s)[2]	Access code, Attribute code	Specify the access code and attribute code of the device to be read.	CF Page 99 Buffer memory of the CC-Link module,Page 100 Device memory of the programmable controller CPU module	
(s)[3]	Buffer memory address or device No.	Specify the start address of the buffer memory or the start number of the device.	Within the device range ^{*2}]
(s)[4]	Number of read points	Specify the number of data to be read (in units of words).	1 to 32 ^{*3} 1 to 480 ^{*4}]

*1 For G(P)_RIRD, the setting range shall be 0 to 64.

*2 For details, refer to the manual for the local station or the intelligent device station from which data are read.

When the random access buffer is specified, specify the start address of the random access buffer as 0.

- *3 The value indicates the maximum number of data to be read. Specify the value within the buffer memory capacity of the local station or the intelligent device station, or the receive buffer area setting range set by a parameter.
- *4 When reading device data from the programmable controller CPU other than the QCPU (Q mode), QCPU (A mode) or QnACPU/ AnUCPU, the setting range shall be 1 to 32 words.

Buffer memory of the CC-Link module

Buffer memory		Access code	Attribute code
Buffer in an intelligent device station		00H	04H
Buffer in a master or local station	Random access buffer	20H	
	Remote input	21H	
	Remote output	22H	
	Remote register	24H	
	Link special relay	63H	
	Link special register	64H	

Device ^{*1}	Name	Device type		Unit	Access code ^{*2}	Attribute code ^{*2}	
		Bit	Word				
Input relay	Х	0	—	Hexadecimal	01H	05H	
Output relay	Y	0	—	Hexadecimal	02H		
Internal relay	М	0	—	Decimal	03H		
Latch relay	L	0	—	Decimal	83H		
Link relay	В	0	—	Hexadecimal	23H		
Timer (contact)	Т	0	—	Decimal	09H		
Timer (coil)	Т	0	—	Decimal	0AH		
Timer (current value)	Т	-	0	Decimal	0CH		
Retentive timer (contact)	ST	0	—	Decimal	89H		
Retentive timer (coil)	ST	0	—	Decimal	8AH		
Retentive timer (current value)	ST	—	0	Decimal	8CH		
Counter (contact)	С	0	—	Decimal	11H		
Counter (coil)	С	0	—	Decimal	12H		
Counter (current value)	С	—	0	Decimal	14H		
Data register ^{*3}	D	—	0	Decimal	04H		
Link register*3	W	—	0	Hexadecimal	24H		
File register	R	—	0	Decimal	84H		
Link special relay	SB	0	—	Hexadecimal	63H]	
Link special register	SW	—	0	Hexadecimal	64H]	
Special relay	SM	0	—	Decimal	43H]	
Special register	SD	-	0	Decimal	44H]	

*1 Devices other than those listed above cannot be accessed.

When accessing a bit device, specify it with 0 or a multiple of 16.

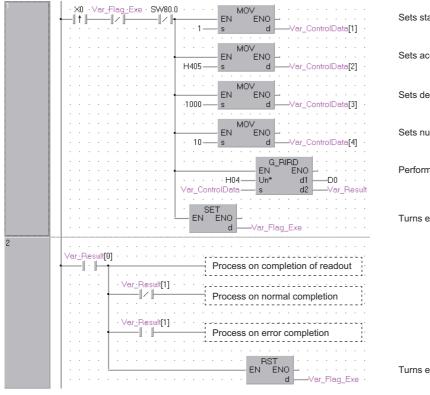
*2 For access code/attribute code when target station is anything other than master/local module, refer to the manual of the target station.

*3 D65536 and the following devices of extended data registers as well as W10000 and the following devices of extended link registers cannot be specified.

Program example

 The following program reads out 10-word data, which start from D1000 of the number 1 local station connected to the master module mounted on the I/O numbers from X/Y40 to X/Y5F, and stores the data in the devices starting from D0 when X0 turns ON.

(When the refresh device of the link special register (SW) is set to SW0.) [Structured ladder/FBD]



Sets station number

Sets access code and attribute code

Sets device number

Sets number of read points

Performs readout

Turns execution flag ON

Turns execution flag OFF

[ST]

IF((X0=TRUE)

&(Var_Flag_Exe=FALSE) (* Execution flag *)

&(SW80.0=FALSE))THEN (* Data link status of station number 1 *) MOV(TRUE,1, Var_ControlData[1]); (* Sets station number *) MOV(TRUE,H0405, Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets access code and attribute code *) MOV(TRUE, 1000, Var_ControlData[3]); (* Sets device number *)

MOV(TRUE, 10, Var_ControlData[4]); (* Sets number of read points *)

G_RIRD(TRUE, H04, Var_ControlData, D0, Var_Result); (* Performs readout *) SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Exe); (* Turns execution flag ON *)

END_IF;

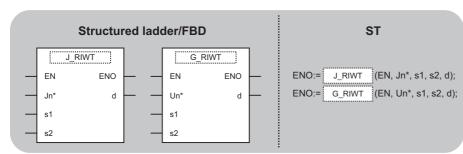
IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *)
(* Process on completion of readout *)
IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *)
(* Process on normal completion *)
ELSE (* Error completion *)
(* Process on error completion *)
END_IF;

 $\label{eq:rescaled} RST(TRUE, Var_Flag_Exe); \mbox{ (* Turns execution flag OFF *) } \\ END_IF; \mbox{ (* Turns execution flag OFF *) } \\ \mbox{ (* Turns e$

Writing to the buffer memory of an intelligent device station

J(P)_RIWT, G(P)_RIWT

CC-Link CC IE C CC IE F



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares.

J_RIWT, JP_RIWT, G_RIWT, GP_RIWT

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
J_RIWT G_RIWT	
JP_RIWT GP_RIWT	

■Argument

Input/output argument		Name		Descript	ion			Data type			
Input argument EN Jn*				Executing	condition			Bit			
				Network number of the host station (1 to 239, 254) 254: Network specified in "Valid module during other station access"			ANY16				
Un*				Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)			ANY16				
		s1		Variable that stores control data			Array of ANY16 [04]				
		s2		Start numb	er of the device	that stores write	data	ANY16			
Output argument	t	ENO		Execution result			Bit				
d			Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.			Array of bit [01]					
	Internal	device	R,	ZR	10/0		UEI\GE]	Zn	Constant	Others
data ^{*1} Bi	Rit	Word			Bit	Word					

*4							
data ^{*1}	Bit	Word	Bit	Word			
(s1)	—	0	—				
(s2)	—	0	—				
(d)	0	0	—				

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction writes the data for the specified number of points to the buffer memory of the CC-Link module or the device of the programmable controller CPU module on the specified station.

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s1)[0]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code) For error codes when target station is anything other than master/local module, refer to the manual of the target station.	_	System
(s1)[1]	Target station No.	Specify the station number of the target station	0 to 64 ^{*1} 0 to 120	User
(s1)[2]	Access code Attribute code	Specify the access code and attribute code of the device to be read.	CF Page 103 Buffer memory of the CC-Link module,Page 104 Device memory of the programmable controller CPU module	
(s1)[3]	Buffer memory address or device No.	Specify the start address of the buffer memory or the start number of the device.	Within the device range ^{*2}]
(s1)[4]	Number of write points	Specify the number of data to be written (in units of words).	1 to 10 ^{*3} 1 to 480 ^{*4}]

*1 For G(P)_RIWT, the setting range shall be 0 to 64.

*2 For details, refer to the manual for the local station or the intelligent device station to which data are written.

When the random access buffer is specified, specify the start address of the random access buffer as 0.

*3 When writing device data to the programmable controller CPU other than the QCPU (Q mode), QCPU (A mode) or QnACPU/AnUCPU, the setting range shall be 1 to 10 words.

*4 The value indicates the maximum number of data to be written. Specify the value within the buffer memory capacity of the local station or the intelligent device station, or the send buffer area setting range set by a parameter.

Buffer memory of the CC-Link module

Buffer memory category		Access code	Attribute code
Buffer memory		00H	04H
Buffer in a master or local station	Random access buffer	20H	
	Remote input	21H	
	Remote output	22H	
	Remote register	24H	
	Link special relay	63H	
	Link special register	64H	

Device ^{*1}	Name	Device type		Unit	Access code ^{*2}	Attribute code ^{*2}
		Bit	Word			
Input relay	Х	0	—	Hexadecimal	01H	05H
Output relay	Y	0	—	Hexadecimal	02H	
Internal relay	М	0	—	Decimal	03H	
Latch relay	L	0	—	Decimal	83H	
Link relay	В	0	—	Hexadecimal	23H	
Timer (contact)	Т	0	—	Decimal	09H	
Timer (coil)	Т	0	—	Decimal	0AH	
Timer (current value)	Т	—	0	Decimal	0CH	
Retentive timer (contact)	ST	0	—	Decimal	89H	
Retentive timer (coil)	ST	0	—	Decimal	8AH	
Retentive timer (current value)	ST	—	0	Decimal	8CH	
Counter (contact)	С	0	—	Decimal	11H	
Counter (coil)	С	0	—	Decimal	12H	
Counter (current value)	С	—	0	Decimal	14H	
Data register ^{*3}	D	—	0	Decimal	04H	
Link register*3	W	—	0	Hexadecimal	24H	
File register	R	—	0	Decimal	84H	
Link special relay	SB	0	—	Hexadecimal	63H	
Link special register	SW	—	0	Hexadecimal	64H	
Special relay	SM	0	—	Decimal	43H	
Special register	SD	—	0	Decimal	44H	7

*1 Devices other than those listed above cannot be accessed.

When accessing a bit device, specify it with 0 or a multiple of 16.

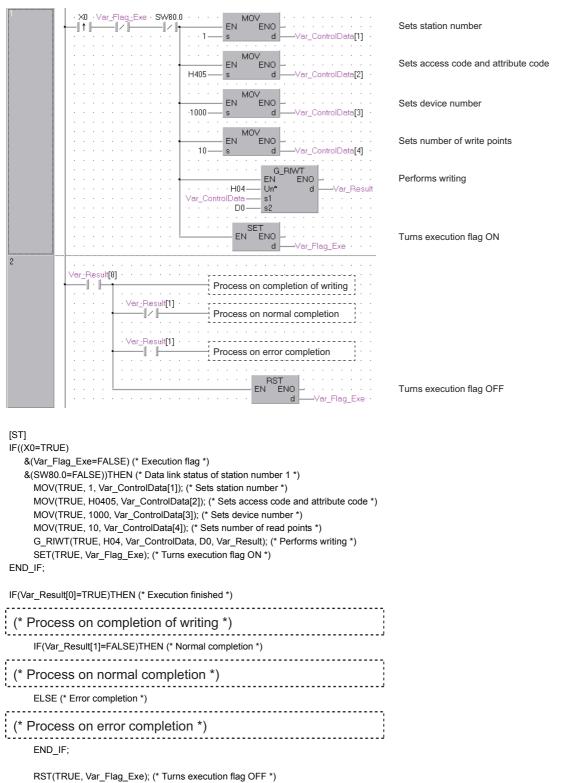
*2 For access code/attribute code when target station is anything other than master/local module, refer to the manual of the target station.

*3 D65536 and the following devices of extended data registers as well as W10000 and the following devices of extended link registers cannot be specified.

Program example

 The following program stores 10-word data, which are stored in the devices starting from D0, to the devices starting from D1000 of the number 1 local station connected to the master module mounted on the I/O numbers from X/Y40 to X/Y5F when X0 turns ON.

(When the refresh device of the link special register (SW) is set to SW0.) [Structured ladder/FBD]



END_IF;

RIRCV instruction

G(P)_RIRCV

CC-Link



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. G_RIRCV, GP_RIRCV

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition			
G_RIRCV				
GP_RIRCV				

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type		
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit		
	Un*	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)	ANY16		
	s1	Variable that stores control data	Array of ANY16 [04]		
	s2	Variable that stores interlock signal	Array of ANY16 [02]		
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit		
	d1	Start number of the device that stores read data	ANY16		
	d2	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d2[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of bit [01]		

Setting data ^{*1}	Internal device		R, ZR	JD/D		UD\GD	Zn	Constant	Others
	Bit	Word		Bit	Word				
(s1)	-	0		—					
(s2)	-	0		—					
(d1)	-	0		—					
(d2)	0	0		—					

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction automatically performs handshaking with an intelligent device station and reads data from the buffer memory of the specified intelligent device station.

This instruction is applicable with a module having a handshake signal, such as the AJ65BT-R2(N).

Setting data

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s1)[0]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	-	System
(s1)[1]	Station No.	Specify the station number of the intelligent device station.	0 to 64	User
(s1)[2]	Access code, Attribute code	Set '0004H'.	0004H	User
(s1)[3]	Buffer memory address	Specify the start address of the buffer memory.	*1	User
(s1)[4]	Number of read points	Specify the number of data to be read (in units of words).	1 to 480 ^{*2}	User

*1 For details, refer to the manual for the intelligent device station from which data are read.

*2 The value indicates the maximum number of data to be read. Specify the value within the buffer memory capacity of the intelligent device station or the receive buffer area setting range set by a parameter.

■Interlock signal storage device

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s2)[0]	b15 b8 b7 b0	RY: Request device	0 to 127	User
	0 RY	Set the high-order 8 bits to 0.	0	User
(s2)[1]	b15 b8 b7 b0	RX: Completion device	0004H	User
	RWr ^{*1} RX	RWr: Error code storage device Set FFH when no error code storage device exists.	0 to 15, FFH	User
(s2)[2]	b15 b0 Completion mode	0: Completes with the content of one device (RXn). 1: Completes with the content of two devices (RXn, RXn + 1). (RXn + 1 turns ON upon abnormal completion of the instruction.)	0/1	User

*1 The same error code as that for the completion status of control data are stored in the error code storage device.

The following program reads 11-word data, which are stored in buffer memory starting from the buffer memory address 400H of the number 63 intelligent device station (AJ65BT-R2(N)) connected to the master module mounted on the I/O numbers X/ Y00 to X/Y1F, and stores the data in the devices starting from D40.

The interlock signal storage is set to request device: RY2, completion device: RX2, error code storage device: RWr2, and completion mode: 1.

(When the refresh device of the link special register (SW) is set to SW0.) [Structured ladder/FBD]

1		Sets station number
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
		Sets access code and attribute code
	····································	
		Sets buffer memory address
	H400 s d Var_ControlData[3]	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Sets number of read points
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		Sets request device
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		Sets completion device
	EN ENO + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	and error code storage area
	• •	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Sets completion mode
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		Performs readout
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
2	Var_Flag_Inst SW83.E MEP SET	Turns execution flag ON
3	Var_Result[0] · · Var_Result[1] · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
5	Process on normal completion	
	Var_Result[1] Process on error completion	
	_ · · · · _ · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	• •	Turns read request OFF
	d → √ar_Flag_Inst · · · ·	
	RST	Turns execution
	Image: Second	flag OFF

```
[ST]
IF((Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE) (* Read request ON *)
  &(Var_Flag_Exe=FALSE) (* Execution flag *)
   &(SW83.E=FALSE))THEN (* Data link status of station number 63 *)
    (* Sets control data *)
    MOV(TRUE, 63, Var_ControlData[1]); (* Sets station number *)
    MOV(TRUE,H4, Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets access code and attribute code *)
    MOV(TRUE, H400, Var_ControlData[3]); (* Sets buffer memory address *)
    MOV(TRUE, 11, Var_ControlData[4]); (* Sets number of read points *)
    (* Sets interlock signal storage device *)
    MOV(TRUE, H2, Var_InterlockData[0]); (* Sets request device *)
    MOV(TRUE, H202, Var_InterlockData[1]); (* Sets completion device and error code storage area *)
    MOV(TRUE, H1, Var_InterlockData[2]); (* Sets completion mode *)
    G_RIRCV(TRUE, H00, Var_ControlData, Var_InterlockData,D40, Var_Result); (* Performs readout *)
END_IF;
IF(MEP((Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE) & (SW83.E=FALSE)))THEN (* Read request is ON and data link status of station number 63 is OFF (rising pulse) *)
    SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Exe); (* Turns execution flag ON *)
END_IF;
IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *)
    IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *)
   .....
(* Process on normal completion *)
                              ELSE (* Error completion *)
    (* Process on error completion *)
                            END_IF;
    RST(TRUE, Var_Flag_Inst); (* Turns read request OFF *)
    RST(TRUE, Var_Flag_Exe); (* Turns execution flag OFF *)
```

END_IF;

RISEND instruction

G(P)_RISEND

CC-Link



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. G_RISEND, GP_RISEND

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
G_RISEND	
GP_RISEND	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit
	Un*	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)	ANY16
	s1	Variable that stores control data	Array of ANY16 [04]
	s2	Variable that stores interlock signal	Array of ANY16 [02]
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit
	d1	Start number of the device that stores write data	ANY16
	d2	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d2[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of bit [01]

Setting data ^{*1}	Internal dev	ice	R, ZR	JD/D		UD\GD	Zn	Constant	Others
	Bit	Word		Bit	Word				
(s1)	—	0		—					
(s2)	—	0		—					
(d1)	—	0		—					
(d2)	0	0		—					

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction automatically performs handshaking with an intelligent device station and writes data to the buffer memory of the specified intelligent device station.

This instruction is applicable with a module having a handshake signal, such as the AJ65BT-R2(N).

Setting data

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s1)[0]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	-	System
(s1)[1]	Station No.	Specify the station number of the intelligent device station.	0 to 64	User
(s1)[2]	Access code, Attribute code	Set '0004H'.	0004H	User
(s1)[3]	Buffer memory address	Specify the start address of the buffer memory.	*1	User
(s1)[4]	Number of write points	Specify the number of data to be written (in units of words).	1 to 480 ^{*2}	User

*1 For details, refer to the manual for the intelligent device station to which data are written.

*2 The value indicates the maximum number of data to be written. Specify the value within the buffer memory capacity of the intelligent device station or the receive buffer area setting range set by a parameter.

■Interlock signal storage device

Device Item		Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s2)[0]	b15 b8 b7 b0	RY: Request device	0 to 127	User
	0 RY	Set the high-order 8 bits to 0.	0	User
(s2)[1]	b15 b8 b7 b0	RX: Completion device	0 to 127	User
	RWr ^{*1} RX	RWr: Error code storage device Set FFH when no error code storage device exists.	0 to 15, FFH	User
(s2)[2]	b15 b0	0: Completes with the content of one device (RXn).	0/1	User
	Completion mode	1: Completes with the content of two devices (RXn, RXn + 1). (RXn + 1 turns ON upon abnormal completion of the instruction.)		

*1 The same error code as that for the completion status of control data are stored in the error code storage device.

The following program writes 1-word data of D10 to the buffer memory address 111H of the number 63 intelligent device station (AJ65BT-R2(N)) which is connected to the master module mounted on the I/O numbers from X/Y00 to X/Y1F.

The interlock signal storage settings are set to request device: RY4, completion device: RX4, error code storage device: RWr1, and completion mode: 1.

(When the refresh device of the link special register (SW) is set to SW0.) [Structured ladder/FBD]

1	Var_Flag_Inst · Var_Flag_Exe · SW83.E · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Sets station number
	H4	Sets access code and attribute code
	H111 s d Var_ControlDate[3]	Sets buffer memory address
	EN ENO s d Var_ControlData[4]	Sets number of write points
	H4 s d Var_interlockData[0]	Sets request device
	H104 s d Var_interlockData[1]	Sets completion device and error code storage area device
	H1 s d Var_InterlockData[2]	Sets completion mode
	Image: Non-state Image: Non-state<	Sets data to be written to intelligent device station
	GP_RISEND EN EN EN EN Un* d1 D10 var_ControlData s2	Performs writing
2	Var_Flag_Inst · SW83.E MEP · · · EN ENO EN ENO d Var_Flag_Exe · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Turns execution flag ON
3	Var_Result[0] Var_Result[1] Process on normal completion Var_Result[1] Process on error completion Process on error completion	
	EN EN A	Turns write request OFF
	EN EN d	Turns execution flag OFF

[ST] IF((Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE) (* Write request ON *) &(Var_Flag_Exe=FALSE) (* Execution flag *) &(SW83.E=FALSE))THEN (* Data link status of station number 63 *) (* Sets control data *) MOV(TRUE, 63, Var_ControlData[1]); (* Sets station number *)
MOV(TRUE, H4, Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets access code and attribute code *) MOV(TRUE, H111, Var_ControlData[3]); (* Sets buffer memory address *) MOV(TRUE, 1, Var_ControlData[4]); (* Sets number of write points *)
(* Sets interlock signal storage device *) MOV(TRUE, H4, Var_InterlockData[0]); (* Sets request device *) MOV(TRUE, H104, Var_InterlockData[1]); (* Sets completion device and error code storage area device *) MOV(TRUE, H1, Var_InterlockData[2]); (* Sets completion mode *) (* Sets data to be written to intelligent device station *) MOV(TRUE, 11, D10);
GP_RISEND(TRUE, H00, Var_ControlData, Var_InterlockData,D10, Var_Result); (* Performs writing *) END_IF; IF(MEP((Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE) & (SW83.E=FALSE)))THEN (* Write request is ON and data link status of station number 63 is OFF (rising pulse) *) SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Exe); (* Turns execution flag ON *) END_IF;
IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *) IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *)
(* Process on normal completion *)
ELSE (* Error completion *)
(* Process on error completion *) END_IF;

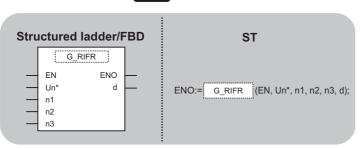
RST(TRUE, Var_Flag_Inst); (* Turns write request OFF *) RST(TRUE, Var_Flag_Exe); (* Turns execution flag OFF *)

END_IF;

Reading from the auto-refresh buffer memory of the master station

G(P)_RIFR

CC-Link



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares.

G_RIFR, GP_RIFR

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
G_RIFR	
GP_RIFR	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
nput argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit
	Un*	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)	ANY16
	n1	Intelligent device station number (1 to 64) Random access buffer specification (FFH)	ANY16
	n2	Offset value of specified intelligent device auto- refresh buffer or random access buffer of the master station	ANY16
	n3	Number of read points (0 to 4096) No processing is performed with setting '0'.	ANY16
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit
	d	Start number of the device that stores read data	ANY16

Setting data ^{*1}	Internal dev	vice	R, ZR	JD/D		UD\GD Zn	Zn	Constant	Others	
data	Bit	Word		Bit Word — — — — — — — —			К, Н			
n1	0	0		—				0	-	
n2	0	0		-				0	-	
n3	0	0		-				0	-	
(d)	—	0		—				—	-	

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

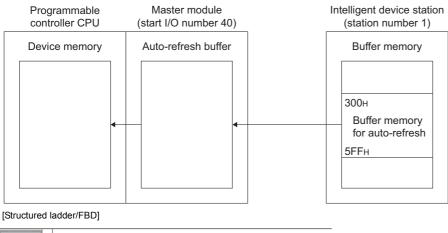
Processing details

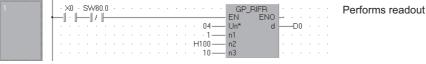
This instruction reads data from the auto-refresh buffer of the specified station.

The instruction is applicable with a module having an auto-refresh buffer, such as the AJ65BT-R2(N).

• The following program reads out 10-word data from buffer memory starting from the offset value 100 of the auto-refresh buffer of the master module (400H in the intelligent device station) and stores the data in the devices starting from D0 when X0 turns ON.

(When the refresh device of the link special register (SW) is set to SW0.)





[ST]

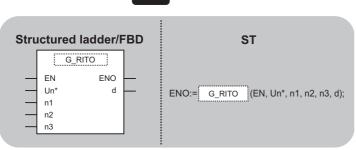
IF((X0=TRUE) & (SW80.0=FALSE))THEN

GP_RIFR(TRUE, H04, 1, H100, 10, D0); (* Performs readout *) END_IF;

Writing to the auto-refresh buffer memory of the master station

G(P)_RITO

CC-Link



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. G_RITO, GP_RITO

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
G_RITO	
GP_RITO	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type		
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit		
	Un*	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)	ANY16		
	n1	Intelligent device station number (1 to 64) Random access buffer specification (FFH)	ANY16		
	n2	Offset value of specified intelligent device auto- refresh buffer or random access buffer of the master station	ANY16		
	n3	Number of write points	ANY16		
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit		
	d	Start number of the device that stores write data	ANY16		

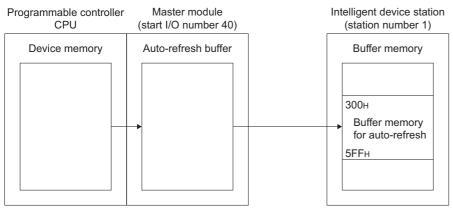
Setting data ^{*1}	Internal dev	ice	R, ZR	J□\□ U□\G□ Zn Bit Word		Zn	Constant	Others	
data ¹	Bit	Word						К, Н	
n1	0	0		—				0	—
n2	0	0		—		0	—		
n3	0	0		—				0	—
(d)	-	0		—				—	—

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction writes the data to the auto-refresh buffer of the specified station. The instruction is applicable with a module having an auto-refresh buffer, such as the AJ65BT-R2(N).

• The following program write 10-word data which are stored in the devices starting from D0 into buffer memory starting the offset value 100 of the auto-refresh buffer of the master module (400H in the intelligent device station) when X0 turns ON. (When the refresh device of the link special register (SW) is set to SW0.)



[Structured ladder/FBD]

1	X0 · SW80.0 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	S
	Un* d n* d	
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	

[ST]

IF((X0=TRUE) & (SW80.0=FALSE))THEN

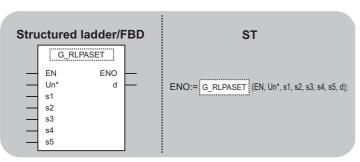
GP_RITO(TRUE, H04, 1, H100, 10, D0); (* Performs writing *) END_IF;

5

Network parameter setting

G(P)_RLPASET

CC-Link



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares.

G_RLPASET, GP_RLPASET

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
G_RLPASET	
GP_RLPASET	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type				
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit				
	Un*	Start I/O number of the module 00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/O number in three digits)	ANY16				
	s1	Variable that stores control data	Array of ANY16 [07]				
	s2	Variable that stores slave station setting data	Array of ANY16 [063]				
	s3	Variable that stores reserved station specification data	Array of ANY16 [03]				
	s4	Variable that stores error invalid station specification data	Array of ANY16 [03]				
	s5	Variable that stores send/receive and auto-refresh buffer assignment data	Array of ANY16 [077]				
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit				
	d	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of bit [01]				

Setting data ^{*1}	Internal dev	ice	R, ZR	JD/D		UD\GD	Zn	Constant	Others
data ^{^1}	Bit	Word		Bit	Word				
(s1)	-	0		—					
(s2)	-	0		—					
(s3)	-	0		—					
(s4)	-	0		—					
(s5)	—	0		—					
(d)	0	0		—					

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction sets the network parameters to the master station and starts up the data link.

Setting data

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range ^{*2}	Setting side
(s1)[0]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	_	System
(s1)[1]	Setting flag	Specify the validity of each setting data from (s2) to (s5). 0: Invalid*1 1: Valid b15 b14b13 b4 b3 b2 b1 b0 B15 b14b13 b4 b3 b2 b1 b10 B15 b14b13 b4 b3 b2 b1 b0 B15 b14b13 b4 b4 b3 b1 b14b14 b4 b4 b3 b4	_	User
(s1)[2]	Number of connected modules	Set the number of connected slave stations.	1 to 64	User
(s1)[3]	Number of retries	Set the number of retries to be performed to a communication error station.	1 to 7	User
(s1)[4]	Number of automatic return modules	Set the number of slave stations that can be returned in one link scan.	1 to 10	User
(s1)[5]	Operation specification when CPU is down	Specify the data link status when a master station programmable controller CPU error occurs. 0: Stop 1: Continue	0, 1	User
(s1)[6]	Scan mode specification	Specify the link scan mode for sequence scan. 0: Asynchronous 1: Synchronous	0, 1	User
(s1)[7]	Delay time specification	Set '0' for the delay time.	0	User

*1 For the setting data for which invalid is specified, default parameter is applied.

*2 Setting a value outside the setting range results in error completion of the instruction.

■Slave station setting data

Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
Setting for 1 to 64 modules ^{*1}	Set the slave station type, the number of occupied slave stations, and the station number as shown below. b15 to b12 b11 to b8 b7 to b0 Station number Station number Station number Station number Type of slave stations Default parameter setting is '0101H to 0140H (station number: 1 to 64, number of occupied slave stations; 1 two of slave station; Ver 1 compatible remote I/O station)	-	User
	Setting of station number 1 to 64 (BIN setting)	1 to 40H	_
	Setting of the number of occupied slave stations The setting value for the number of occupied slave stations is described below. 1H: 1 station 2H: 2 stations 3H: 3 stations 4H: 4 stations	1 to 4H	
	Setting of slave station type ^{*2} The setting value for the slave station type is described below. OH: Ver.1 compatible remote I/O station 1H: Ver.1 compatible remote device station 2H: Ver.1 compatible intelligent device station 5H: Ver.2 compatible single remote device station 6H: Ver.2 compatible single intelligent device station 8H: Ver.2 compatible double remote device station 9H: Ver.2 compatible double intelligent device station BH: Ver.2 compatible quadruple remote device station CH: Ver.2 compatible quadruple intelligent device station EH: Ver.2 compatible quadruple intelligent device station CH: Ver.2 compatible quadruple remote device station	0 to FH	
	Setting for 1 to	Setting for 1 to 64 modules ¹¹ Set the slave station type, the number of occupied slave stations, and the station number as shown below. b15 to b12 b11 to b8 b7 to b0 b15 to b12 b11 to b8 b7 to b0 b15 to b12 b11 to b8 b7 to b0 b15 to b12 b11 to b8 b7 to b0 b15 to b12 b11 to b8 b7 to b0 b15 to b12 b11 to b8 b7 to b0 b15 to b12 b11 to b8 b7 to b0 b15 to b12 b11 to b8 b7 to b0 b15 to b12 b11 to b8 b7 to b0 b15 to b12 b11 to b8 b7 to b0 b16 to b12 b11 to b8 b7 to b0 b16 to b12 b11 to b8 b7 to b0 b1 b1 stations b16 to b12 b11 to b8 b7 to b14 b14 b14 b14 b14 b14 b14 b14 b14 b14 b14 b14 b14 b1	Setting for 1 to 64 modules ¹¹ Set the slave station type, the number of occupied slave stations, and the station number as shown below. — b15 to b12 b11 to b8 b7 to b0

*1 Set the same number which was set for Number of connected modules in the control data.

*2 Setting a value outside the setting range in the setting of slave station type results in error completion of the instruction.

■Reserved station specification data

Device	Item	Settin	g dat	a												Setting range	Setting side
(s3)[0] : (s3)[3]	Specification for 1 to 64 stations ^{*1}	Specify 0: Not s 1: Spec	specifi	ed	d statio		to	b3	b2	b1	b0)				_	User
		(\$3[0]	16	15	14	13	to	4	3	2	1						
		<u>(</u> \$3[1]	32	31	30	29	to	20	19	18	17	_					
		<u>(</u> 3[2]	48	47	46	45	to	36	35	34	33	3					
		\$3[3]	64	63	62	61	to	52	51	50	49)					
			1 to 64 in the table indicates a station number.														
		Default	paran	neter s	setting	is '0: N	lot sp	ecified	for all	statio	ns.						

*1 Set the parameter up to the largest station number set in the slave station setting data.

*2 Set the parameter only to the start station number of the module for the remote station/local station/intelligent device station that occupies two or more stations.

Error invalid station specification data

Device	Item	Settin	ig dat	ta									Setting range	Setting si
(s4)[0] : (s4)[3]	Specification for 1 to 64 stations ^{*1}	0: Not	ecify the error invalid station. ^{*2} Not specified Specified										-	User
(0.)[0]		s4[0]	b15 16	b14 15	b13 14	b12 13	to to	b3 4	b2 3	b1 2	b0 1]		
		\$4[1] \$4[2]	32 48	31 47	30 46	29 45	to to	20 36	19 35	18 34	17 33	-		
		s4[3] Default	64								49 umber.]		

*1 Set the parameter up to the largest station number set in the slave station setting data.

*2 Set the parameter only to the start station number of the module for the remote station/local station/intelligent device station that occupies two or more stations.

Reserved station specification has a priority when an error invalid station and reserved station are specified for the same station.

Send/receive and auto-refresh buffer assignment data

Device	Item	Setting da	ata		Setting range	Setting side
(s5)[0] : (s5)[77]	Specification for 1 to 26 modules ^{*1}	transmission (\$5)[0] (\$5)[1]		assignment at transient nd intelligent device stations. Setting for the 1st module	Send/receive buffer ^{*2} : 0H (no setting) 40H to 1000H 0 (word) (no setting) 64 to 4096 (words) Auto-refresh buffer ^{*3} : 0H (no setting) 80H to 1000H 0 (word) (no setting) 128 to 4096 (words)	User
		(s5)[77] A	Send buffer size Receive buffer size Auto-refresh buffer size rameter setting is 'ser auto-refresh buffer si	Setting for the 26th module nd buffer size: 40H, receive buffer ze: 80H'.		

*1 Set the assignment data, in ascending order, for the stations set for a local station or intelligent device station in the slave station setting data.

*2 Keep the total of the send/receive buffer size within 1000H (4096 (words)). Specify the size added seven words to the size of send/receive data as the send/receive buffer size. Setting a value outside the setting range results in error completion of the instruction.

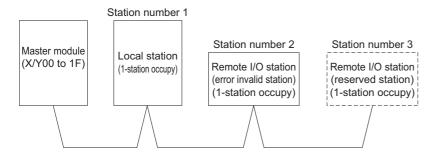
*3 Keep the total of the auto-refresh buffer size within 1000H (4096 (words)). Specify the necessary auto-refresh buffer size for each intelligent device station. Setting a value outside the setting range results in error completion of the instruction.

Precautions

The RLPASET instruction is applicable to the QJ61BT11 of which the function version is B and the first five digits of the serial number are '03042' or higher.

The QJ61BT11N and LJ61BT11 is compatible with the RLPASET instruction.

The following program sets the network parameter to the master module mounted on the I/O number X/Y00 to X/Y1F, and starts up the data link.



[Structured ladder/FBD]

1	SM400 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	■ + ·	
	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	
	FROM	
	EN ENO - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	n2	
2	SM402 · · · SB6E · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	dVar_Flag_Inst	
}	Ver_Flag_Inst	
	EN ENO s ds ds	
	MOV	
	EN ENO · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	MOV	
	EN ENO s d	
	MOV	
	EN ENO - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	MOV	
	EN ENO	
	MOV	
	EN ENO	
	MOV	
	0 s d Var_ControlData[6]	
	MOV	
	EN ENO	
	Var_Flaq.Inst · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
I		
	H102 s d	
	MOV	
	EN ENO	
5	Var_Flag_Inst MOV EN ENO s d Var_ReservedStation[0]	
	H4	
;	Ver_Flag_Inst · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	EN ENO s dVar_ErrorInvalidStation[0] · ·	
	100 s d	
	EN ENO s d	
	MOV	
	EN ENO s d Var_BufferSize[2]	
I	Var_Flag_Inst · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Un* d Var_Result · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Var_Result[0] · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Var_Result[1]	
	d SB3	
	SET EN ENO	
	d ——Var_Flag_Exe	

Reads SB0040 to SB01FF

Reads SW0040 to SW01FF

Parameter setting command

Clears completion status

Sets all of setting flags to Valid

Sets number of connected modules

Sets number of retries

Sets number of automatic return modules

Sets operation specification when CPU is down to stop

Sets scan mode specification to asynchronous

Set delay time specification

First module: local station, 1-station occupy, station number 1

Second module: Remote I/O station, 1-station occupy, station number 2

Third module: Remote I/O station, 1-station occupy, station number 3 $\,$

Reserved station specification: station number 3

Error invalid station specification: station number 2

First module: local station, send buffer 100 words

Receive buffer 100 words

Auto-refresh buffer 0 word

Performs parameter setting and data link start

Turns parameter setting command OFF

Refresh command

Control program start command

```
[ST]
FROM(TRUE, H0, H5E4, 28, K4SB40); (* Reads SB0040 to SB01FF *)
FROM(TRUE, H0, H640, 448, SW40); (* Reads SW0040 to SW01FF*)
IF((SM402=TRUE) & (SB6E=TRUE))THEN
   SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Inst); (* Parameter setting command *)
END_IF;
IF(Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE)THEN (* Parameter setting command ON *)
   MOV(TRUE, 0, Var_ControlData[0]); (* Clear completion status *)
   MOV(TRUE, 15, Var_ControlData[1]); (* Sets all of setting flags to Valid *)
   MOV(TRUE, 3, Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets number of connected modules *)
   MOV(TRUE, 3, Var_ControlData[3]); (* Sets number of retries *)
   MOV(TRUE, 1, Var_ControlData[4]); (* Sets number of automatic return modules *)
   MOV(TRUE, 0, Var_ControlData[5]); (* Sets operation specification when CPU is down to stop *)
   MOV(TRUE, 0, Var_ControlData[6]); (* Sets scan mode specification to asynchronous *)
   MOV(TRUE, 0, Var_ControlData[7]); (* Set delay time specification *)
   MOV(TRUE, H2101, Var_SlaveStation[0]); (* First module: local station, 1-station occupy, station number 1 *)
   MOV(TRUE, H0102, Var_SlaveStation[1]); (* Second module: Remote I/O station, 1-station occupy, station number 2*)
   MOV(TRUE, H0103, Var_SlaveStation[2]); (* Third module: Remote I/O station, 1-station occupy, station number 3 *)
   MOV(TRUE,\,H4,\,Var\_ReservedStation[0]);\,(*\,Reserved\,station\,specification:\,station\,number\,3\,*)
   MOV(TRUE, H2, Var_ErrorInvalidStation[0]); (* Error invalid station specification: station number 2 *)
   MOV(TRUE, 100, Var_BufferSize[0]); (* First module: local module, send buffer 100 words *)
   MOV(TRUE, 100, Var_BufferSize[1]); (* Second module: local station, receive buffer 100 words *)
   MOV(TRUE, 0, Var_BufferSize[2]); (* Third module: local station, auto-refresh buffer 0 words *)
   GP_RLPASET(TRUE, H00, Var_ControlData, Var_SlaveStation,
   Var_ReservedStation, Var_ErrorInvalidStation, Var_BufferSize,
   Var_Result); (* Performs parameter setting *)
END_IF;
IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *)
   IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *)
     SET(TRUE, SB3); (* Refresh command *)
     SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Exe); (* Control program start command *)
   ELSE (* Error completion *)
   -----
(* Process on error completion *)
```

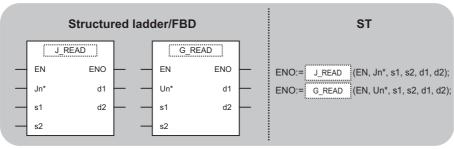
END_IF;

 $\label{eq:RST(TRUE, Var_Flag_Inst); (* Turns parameter setting command OFF *) \\ END_IF;$

READ instruction

J(P)_READ, G(P)_READ

CC IE C CC IE F NET/H Ether



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares.

J_READ, JP_READ, G_READ, GP_READ

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
J_READ G_READ	
JP_READ GP_READ	

■Argument

Input/outpu argument	t	Na	me		Description				Data type				
Input argument EN				Executing	condition			Bit					
		Jn*			Network number of the host station (1 to 239, 254) 254: Network specified in "Valid module during other station access"					<i>'</i> 16			
Un*			·		Start I/O number of the module 00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/O number in three digits)					ANY16			
		s1			Variable th	at stores contro	l data	Array of ANY16 [017]					
		s2			Start number of the target station's device from which data are read					ANY			
Output argume	ent	EN	0		Execution result					Bit			
		d1			Start number of the host station's device that stores read data					ANY16			
		d2			Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d2[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.				Array of bit [01]				
Setting	Internal	ternal device		R, 2	ZR	JD/D				Zn	Constant	Others	
data ^{*1}	Bit		Word			Bit	Word						
(s1)	—		0			_							
(s2)	O ^{*2}	0 –											

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

*2 Only CC-Link IE Field Network

0

(d1)

(d2)

When the target station is LCPU, Universal model QCPU, or Basic model QCPU, the digit specification of the bit device can be used (example: K4M16).

The digit specification of the bit device can be used when the following conditions are met.

•The device number is a multiple of 16 (10H).

0

 $\cdot The digit specification is 4 points (K4).$

Processing details

This instruction reads data from a word device of another station.

Setting data

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s1)[0]	Error completion type	0001H 0081H	User	
(s1)[1]	Completion status	1: Clock data at the time of error completion is set in the area starting from (s1)[11]. The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other then 0: Error completion	_	System
(s1)[2]	Channel used by host station	Other than 0: Error completion (error code) Specify the channel used by the host station. Setting values are as follows. • Ethernet, MELSECNET/H: 1 to 8 • CC-Link IE Controller Network: 1 to 10 • CC-Link IE Field Network: 1 to 2	1 to 10	User
(\$1)[3]	Target station's CPU type	Specify the type of the target station CPU. Setting values are as follows. Ethernet • 0000H: Target station CPU/host system CPU (Specified data are the same as '03FFH'.) • 03FFH ^{*1} : Target station CPU/host system CPU IMELSECNET/H CC-Link IE • 0000H: Target station CPU/host system CPU (Specified data are the same as '03FFH'.) • 03E0H ^{*2} : Multi-CPU No. 1/target station CPU (single CPU system) • 03E1H ^{*2} : Multi-CPU No. 2 • 03E2H ^{*2} : Multi-CPU No. 3 • 03E3H ^{*2} : Multi-CPU No. 4 • 03FFH ^{*1} : Target station CPU/host system CPU	Ethernet 0000H, 03FFH MELSECNET /H, CC-Link IE 0000H, 03E0H to 03E3H, 03FFH	User
(\$1)[4]	Target station network No.	Specify the network number of the target station. 1 to 239: Network number 254: Specify this when 254 has been set in Jn.	1 to 239, 254	User
's1)[5]	Target station No.	 Specify the station number of the target station. Setting values are as follows. MELSECNET/H: 1 to 64 When the host station is Universal model QCPU in Ethernet or CC-Link IE Controller Network: 1 to 120 When the host station is anything other than Universal model QCPU in Ethernet or CC-Link IE Controller Network: 1 to 64 Master station in CC-Link IE Field Network: 125 (7DH) Local station or the intelligent device station in CC-Link IE Field Network: 1 to 120 	1 to 125	User
(s1)[6]	-	Reserved	0	User
(s1)[7]	Number of resends	0 to 15	User	
		At instruction completion The number of resends (result) is stored.	—	System

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s1)[8]	Arrival monitoring time	Specify the monitoring time required for the instruction completion. If the instruction is not completed within this time, it is resent by the number of times specified in (s1)[7]. Setting values are as follows. Ethernet 0 to 16383 0 to TCP retransmission timer value: Monitoring is performed by the TCP retransmission timer value. (TCP retransmission timer value + 1) to 16383: Monitoring time (unit: second) MELSECNET/H 0 to 32767 0: 10 seconds 1 to 32767 seconds	0 to 32767	User
(\$1)[9]	Read data length	Specify the number of read data. Setting values are as follows. • Ethernet, MELSECNET/H, CC-Link IE Field Network: 1 to 960 (word) • CC-Link IE Controller Network: 1 to 8192 (word)	1 to 8192	User
(s1)[10]	—	Reserved	—	User
(s1)[11]	Clock set flag ^{*3}	Valid/invalid status of the data in the area starting from (s1)[12] is stored. 0: Invalid 1: Valid	-	System
(s1)[12] : (s1)[15]	Clock data at the time of error completion ^{*3}	Clock data at the time of error completion are stored in BCD format. b15 to b8 b7 to b0 (s1) [12] Month (01H to 12H) Year (00H to 99H) Last two digits b1 (s1) [13] Hour (00H to 23H) Day (01H to 31H) b1 b1 (s1) [14] Second (00H to 59H) Minute (00H to 59H) b1 b1 (s1) [15] Year (00H to 99H) First two digits Day of week (00H to 06H) 00H (Sun.) to 06H (Sat.)	_	System
(s1)[16]	Error-detected network No. ^{*3}	Network number of the station where an error was detected is stored. (However, when an error was detected at the host station, the network number is not stored.) 1 to 239: Network number	—	System
(s1)[17]	Error-detected station No.* ³	 Number of the station where an error was detected is stored. (However, when an error was detected at the host station, the network number is not stored.) Stored values are as follows. MELSECNET/H: 1 to 64 Ethernet, CC-Link IE Controller Network: 1 to 120 Master station in CC-Link IE Field Network: 125 (7DH) Local station or the intelligent device station in CC-Link IE Field Network: 1 to 120 	_	System

*1 Specification is possible when the host station is a network module or Ethernet module of function version D or later. (Specification is not possible for other modules. An access is always made to the target station CPU.)

*2 Specification is possible when the versions of the QCPU and the network module on the host station and the target station are as indicated below.

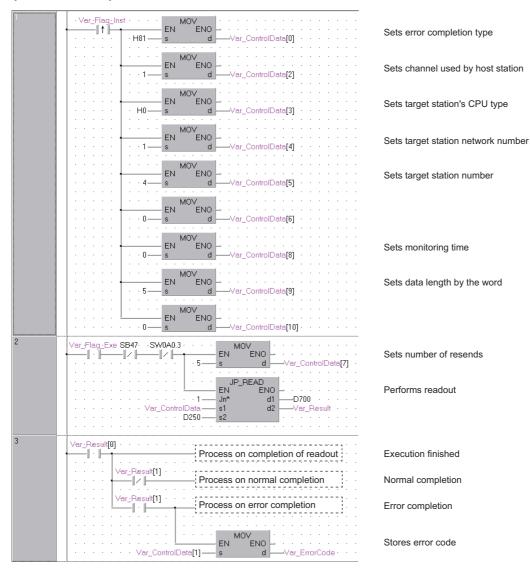
(Specification is not possible for other modules. An access is always made to the target station CPU.)

· Network module: The first five digits of the serial number are '06092' or higher.

 \cdot QCPU: The first five digits of the serial number are '06092' or higher.

*3 Data are stored only when 1 is set in bit 7 of Error completion type ((s1)[0]).

• The following program reads out data from the devices from D250 to D254 in the station number 4 (target station) and stores the data to the devices from D700 to D704 of the station number 1 (host station). [Structured ladder/FBD]



[ST]

IF(LDP(TRUE,Var_Flag_Inst))THEN
MOV(TRUE,H81,Var_ControlData[0]); (* Sets error completion type *)
MOV(TRUE,1,Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets channel used by host station *)
MOV(TRUE,H0,Var_ControlData[3]); (* Sets target station's CPU type *)
MOV(TRUE,1,Var_ControlData[4]); (* Sets target station network number *)
MOV(TRUE,4,Var_ControlData[5]); (* Sets target station number *)
MOV(TRUE,0,Var_ControlData[6]);
MOV(TRUE,0,Var_ControlData[8]); (* Sets monitoring time *)
MOV(TRUE,5,Var_ControlData[9]); (* Sets data length by the word *)
MOV(TRUE,0,Var_ControlData[10]);
END_IF;
IF((Var_Flag_Exe=TRUE) AND (SB47=FALSE) AND (SW0A0.3=FALSE)) THEN
MOV(TRUE, 5, Var_ControlData[7]); (* Sets number of resends *)
JP_READ(TRUE,1,Var_ControlData,D250,D700,Var_Result); (* Performs readout *)
IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *)
(* Process on completion of readout *)
IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *)
(* Dreases on normal completion *)
(* Process on normal completion *)
ELSE (* Error completion *)
(* Process on error completion *)
MOV(TRUE, Var_ControlData[1], Var_ErrorCode); (* Stores error code *)
END_IF;

END_IF;

J(P)_SREAD, G(P)_SREAD

CC IE C CC IE F NET/H Ether

s	tructu	red	lado	ST			
SRE EN Jn* s1 s2	EAD ENO d1 d2 d3		_	G_S EN Un* s1 s2	ENO ENO d1 d2 d3		ENO:= J_SREAD (EN, Jn*, s1, s2, d1, d2, d3); ENO:= G_SREAD (EN, Un*, s1, s2, d1, d2, d3);

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. J_SREAD, JP_SREAD, G_SREAD, GP_SREAD

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
J_SREAD G_SREAD	
JP_SREAD GP_SREAD	

■Argument

Input/output argument	t	Name		Descript	Description				Data type			
Input argument		EN		Executing	ting condition							
		Jn*			ork specified in	st station (1 to 23 "Valid module du		ANY	′ 16			
		Un*		(00 to FE:	umber of the module Higher two digits when expressing the I/ in three digits)				ANY16			
		s1		Variable th	at stores contro	l data		Arra	y of ANY16 [01	17]		
		s2		Start number of the target station's device from which data are read					ANY			
Output argume	ent	ENO		Execution result					Bit			
		d1		Start number of the host station's device that stores read data					ANY16			
		d2		Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d2[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.				Array of bit [01]				
		d3		instruction	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction (read notification device)				Bit			
Setting	Internal	I device		R, ZR	JD/D		UD\G]	Zn	Constant	Others	
data ^{*1}	Bit	Word			Bit	Word						
(s1)	—	0			—							
(s2)	—	0			—							
(d1)	- 0 -											

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

_

Processing details

0

0

(d2)

(d3)

This instruction reads data from a word device of another station.

0

0

Setting data

For the control data of the SREAD instruction that reads the word device memory of another station, refer to READ instruction.

The control data of the SREAD instruction are the same as those of the READ instruction. Accordingly, this section omits the explanation.

• The following program example of the SREAD instruction is different from that of the READ instruction by assigning the read notification device (d3) at the end of arguments. [Structured ladder/FBD]

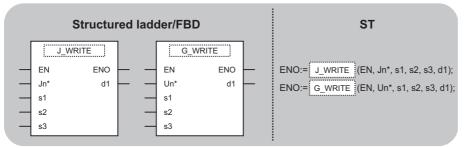
Var_Flag_Inst MO' Sets error ΕN ENO completion type /ar_ControlData[0] H81 s d Sets channel used MO' ΕN ENO by host station - 1 ar_ControlData[2] d S Sets target MΟV ΕN ENO station's CPU type H0 d ControlData[3] Sets target station MOV ΕN ENO network number 1 ControlData[4] s d Sets target station MOV ΕN ENO number 4 ControlData[5] d MO ΕN ENO 0 d ControlData[6] MC Sets monitoring ΕN ENO time 0-ControlData[8] d s Sets data length MO ΕN ENO by the word 5 ar_ControlData[9] d S MO\ ΕN ENO 0 d ControlData[10] 2 √ar_Flag_Exe SB47· Sets number of ·SW0A0.2 MOV ΕN ENO -1/1 resends -1 Z F 5 Var_ControlData[7] s d Performs readout J_SREAD ΕN ENO · 1 Jn* d1 -D700 Var_ControlData d2 Var_Result s1 D250 /ar_Flaq d3 s2 3 Var_Result[0] Process on completion of readout ŀ Execution finished - 1 -/ar_Result[1] Process on normal completion Normal completion -1/} /ar_Result[1] Process on error completion Error completion ٠ŀ 1. MOV Stores error code ΕN ENO Var_ControlData[1] -Var_ErrorCode d s

[ST]
IF(Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE)THEN
MOV(TRUE,H81,Var_ControlData[0]); (* Sets error completion type *)
MOV(TRUE,1,Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets channel used by host station *)
MOV(TRUE,H0,Var_ControlData[3]); (* Sets target station's CPU type *)
MOV(TRUE,1,Var_ControlData[4]); (* Sets target station network number *)
MOV(TRUE,4,Var_ControlData[5]); (* Sets target station number*)
MOV(TRUE,0,Var_ControlData[6]);
MOV(TRUE,0,Var_ControlData[8]); (* Sets monitoring time *) MOV(TRUE,5,Var ControlData[9]); (* Sets data length by the word *)
MOV(TRUE,0, Var_ControlData[10]);
END IF:
IF((Var Flag Exe=TRUE) AND (SB47=FALSE) AND (SW0A0.3=FALSE)) THEN
MOV(TRUE, 5, Var ControlData[7]); (* Sets number of resends *)
J SREAD(TRUE,1,Var ControlData,D250,D700,Var Result,Var Flag); (* Performs readout *)
END_IF;
IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *)
(* Process on completion of readout *)
IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *)
(* Process on normal completion *)
ELSE (* Error completion *)
(* Process on error completion *)
MOV(TRUE, Var_ControlData[1], Var_ErrorCode); (* Stores error code *) END_IF;

END_IF;

J(P)_WRITE, G(P)_WRITE

CC IE C CC IE F NET/H Ether



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. J_WRITE, JP_WRITE, G_WRITE, GP_WRITE

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
J_WRITE G_WRITE	
JP_WRITE GP_WRITE	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type				
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit				
	Jn*	Network number of the host station (1 to 239, 254) 254: Network specified in "Valid module during other station access"	ANY16 ANY16				
	Un*	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)					
	s1	Variable that stores control data	Array of ANY16 [017] ANY16 ANY				
	s2	Start number of the host station's device that stores write data					
	s3	Start number of the target station's device to which data are written					
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit				
	d1	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d2[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of bit [01]				

Setting			R, ZR	10/0		UD\GD	Zn	Constant	Others
data	Bit	Word		Bit	Word				
(s1)	-	0		-					
(s2)	-	0		-					
(s3)	-	0		-					
(d1)	0	0		—					

Processing details

This instruction writes data to a word device of another station.

Setting data

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting	Setting side
()			range	
(s1)[0]	Execution/Error	b15 ··· b7 ··· b0	0000H, 0001H,	User
	completion type	0 (2) 0 (1)	0001H, 0080H,	
		Execution type (bit 0)	0081H	
		■Ethernet		
		0: Without arrival confirmation		
		When the target station is on the same network Completed when data are sent from the host station.		
		Execution source Target station		
		When the target station is on another network		
		Completed when data reach to a relay station on the same network.		
		□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □		
		Execution source Relay station Target station		
		1: With arrival confirmation		
		Completed when data are written to the target station.		
		□		
		Target station Execution source Relay station Target station		
		■MELSECNET/HCC-Link IE		
		0: Without arrival confirmation		
		When the target station is on the same network Completed when data are sent from the host station.		
		Request source Target station		
		Completed		
		When the target station is on another network		
		Completed when data reach to a relay station on the same network.		
		Request source Relay station Target station		
		1: With arrival confirmation		
		Completed when data are written to the target station.		
		// Completed ↓ Request source Relay station Target station		
		Completed		
		Target station		
		completed abnormally in the following cases, the processing of the instruction in the		
		host station is completed normally.		
		 Communication itself was completed normally, although the sent data were erroneous. 		
		Data could not be written to the target station because instructions from multiple		
		stations were executed to the same station. (An error code (F222H, E006H, E205H, E006H, E205H, E006H, E006H		
		D202H, or D282H) is detected at the target station.)		

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s1)[0]	Execution/Error completion type	Error completion type (bit 7) Specify the clock data setup status at the time of error completion. 0: Clock data at the time of error completion is not set in the area starting from (s1)[11]. 1: Clock data at the time of error completion is set in the area starting from (s1)[11].	0000H, 0001H, 0080H, 0081H	User
(s1)[1]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	_	System
(s1)[2]	Channel used by host station	Specify the channel used by the host station. Setting values are as follows. • Ethernet, MELSECNET/H: 1 to 8 • CC-Link IE Controller Network: 1 to 10 • CC-Link IE Field Network: 1 to 2	1 to 10	User
(s1)[3]	Target station's CPU type	Specify the type of the target station CPU. Setting values are as follows. ■Ethernet • 0000H: Target station CPU/host system CPU (Specified data are the same as '03FFH'). • 03FFH' ¹ : Target station CPU/host system CPU ■MELSECNET/H CC-Link IE • 0000H: Target station CPU/host system CPU (Specified data are the same as '03FFH'.) • 03E0H' ² : Multi-CPU No. 1/target station CPU (single CPU system) • 03E1H' ² : Multi-CPU No. 2 • 03E2H' ² : Multi-CPU No. 3 • 03E3H' ² : Multi-CPU No. 4 • 03FFH'': Target station CPU/host system CPU	Ethernet 0000H,03F FH MELSEC NET/H, CC- Link IE 0000H, 03E0H to 03E3H, 03FFH	User
(s1)[4]	Target station network No.	Specify the network number of the target station. 1 to 239: Network number 254: Specify this when 254 has been set in Jn.	1 to 239, 254	User
(s1)[5]	Target station No.	 Specify the station number of the target station. Setting values are as follows. Station number specification MELSECNET/H: 1 to 64 When the host station is Universal model QCPU in Ethernet or CC-Link IE Controller Network: 1 to 120 When the host station is anything other than Universal model QCPU in Ethernet or CC-Link IE Controller Network: 1 to 64 Master station in CC-Link IE Field Network: 125 (7DH) Local station or the intelligent device station in CC-Link IE Field Network: 1 to 120 To increase the data reliability when the station number is specified, executing the instruction with setting Execution/Error completion type ((s1)[0]) to '1: With arrival confirmation' is recommended. Group specification (target station is anything other than CC-Link IE Field Network) 81H to A0H: All stations in group numbers 1 to 32 (Setting is available when Execution type is set to '0: Without arrival confirmation' in (s1)[0]. Group No.1 · · 81H Group No.2 · · A0H All stations of the target network number (Except the host station.) (Setting is available when Execution type is set to '0: Without arrival confirmation' in (s1)[0]. To specify a group or all stations. Specify 0000H' or '03FFH' for the target station's CPU type ((s1)[3]). Group specification cannot be set for the station of the CC-Link IE Field Network. It cannot be confirmed if the data are written to the target station normally. Confirm the device of the target station of the write destination.	1 to 120 125 (7DH) 81H to A0H FFH	User
(s1)[6]		(Fixed value)	0	User

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s1)[7]	Number of resends	• For instruction execution Specify the number of instruction resends when the instruction is not completed within the monitoring time specified in (s1)[8]. (Setting is available when Execution type is set to '1: With arrival confirmation' in ((s1)[0].)	0 to 15	User
		At instruction completion The number of resends (result) is stored. (Setting is available when Execution type is set to '1: With arrival confirmation' in (s1)[0].)	-	System
(s1)[8]	Arrival monitoring time	Specify the monitoring time required for instruction completion. (Setting is available when Execution type is set to '1: With arrival confirmation' in ((s1)[0].) If the instruction is not completed within this time, it is resent by the number of times specified in (s1)[7]. Setting values are as follows. ■Ethernet • 0 to 16383 • 0 to TCP retransmission timer value: Monitoring is performed by the TCP retransmission timer value. • (TCP retransmission timer value + 1) to 16383: Monitoring time (unit: second) ■MELSECNET/H • 0 to 32767 • 0: 10 seconds • 1 to 32767: 1 to 32767 seconds	0 to 32767	User
(s1)[9]	Write data length	Specify the number of write data. Setting values are as follows. • Ethernet, MELSECNET/H, CC-Link IE Field Network: 1 to 960 (word) • CC-Link IE Controller Network: 1 to 8192 (word)	-	User
(s1)[10]	(Reserved)	-	-	-
(s1)[11]	Clock set flag ^{*3}	Valid/invalid status of the data in the area starting from (s1)[12] is stored. 0: Invalid 1: Valid	-	System
(s1)[12] : (s1)[15]	Clock data at the time of error completion ^{*3}	Clock data at the time of error completion are stored in BCD format. b15 to b8 b7 to b0 (a) [12] Month (01H to 12H) Year (00H to 99H) Last two digits (a) [13] Hour (00H to 23H) Day (01H to 31H) (a) [14] Second (00H to 59H) Minute (00H to 59H) (a) [15] Year (00H to 99H) First two digits Day of week (00H to 06H) 00H (Sun.) to 06H (Sat.) 00H (Sut.) 00H (Sat.)	-	System
(s1)[16]	Error-detected network No.*3	Network number of the station where an error was detected is stored. (However, when an error was detected at the host station, the network number is not stored.) 1 to 239: Network number	-	System
(s1)[17]	Error-detected station No. ^{*3}	Number of the station where an error was detected is stored. (However, when an error was detected at the host station, the network number is not stored.) Stored values are as follows. • MELSECNET/H: 1 to 64 • Ethernet, CC-Link IE Controller Network: 1 to 120 • Master station in CC-Link IE Field Network: 125 (7DH) • Local station or the intelligent device station in CC-Link IE Field Network: 1 to 120	-	System

*1 Specification is possible when the host station is a network module or Ethernet module of function version D or later.

(Specification is not possible for other modules. An access is always made to the target station CPU.)

*2 Specification is possible when the versions of the QCPU and the network module on the host station and the target station are as indicated below.

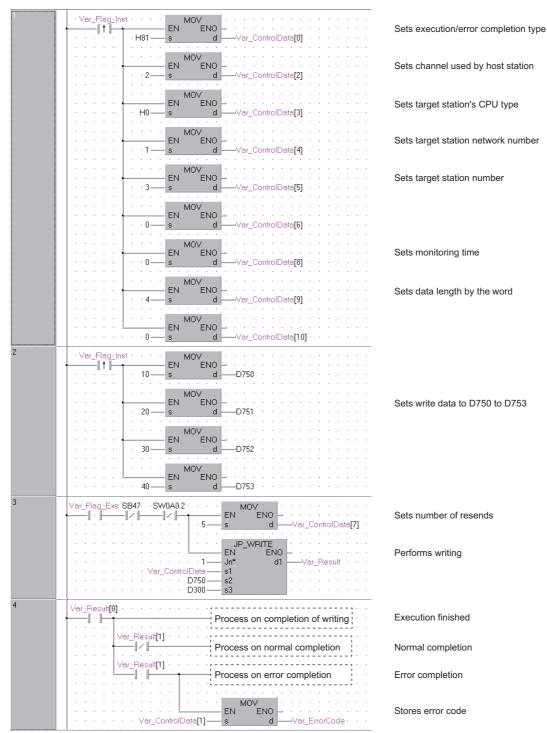
(Specification is not possible for other modules. An access is always made to the target station CPU.)

 \cdot Network module: The first five digits of the serial number are '06092' or higher.

 \cdot QCPU: The first five digits of the serial number are '06092' or higher.

*3 Data are stored only when 1 is set in bit 7 of Error completion type ((s1)[0]).

• The following program writes data which are stored in the devices from D750 to D753 of the station number 2 (host station) to the devices from D300 to D303 of the station number 3 (target station). [Structured ladder/FBD]



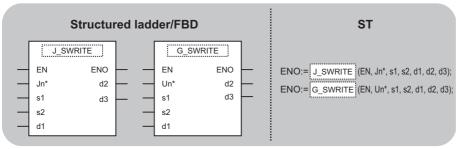
[ST] IF(Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE)THEN MOV(TRUE,H81,Var_ControlData[0]); (* Sets execution/error completion type *) MOV(TRUE,2,Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets channel used by host station *) MOV(TRUE,H0,Var_ControlData[3]); (* Sets target station's CPU type *) MOV(TRUE,1,Var_ControlData[4]); (* Sets target station network number *) MOV(TRUE,3,Var_ControlData[5]); (* Sets target station number *) MOV(TRUE,0,Var_ControlData[6]); MOV(TRUE,0,Var_ControlData[8]); (* Sets monitoring time *) MOV(TRUE,4,Var_ControlData[9]); (* Sets data length by the word *) MOV(TRUE,0,Var_ControlData[10]); END IF; IF(LDP(TRUE,Var_Flag_Inst2)) THEN MOV(TRUE,10,D750); (* Sets write data to D750 to D753 *) MOV(TRUE,20,D751); MOV(TRUE, 30, D752); MOV(TRUE,40,D753); END_IF; IF((Var_Flag_Exe=TRUE) AND (SB47=FALSE) AND (SW0A0.2=FALSE)) THEN MOV(TRUE, 5, Var_ControlData[7]); (* Sets number of resends *) JP_WRITE(TRUE,1,Var_ControlData,D750,D300,Var_Result); (* Performs writing *) END_IF; IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *) (* Process on completion of writing *) IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *) -----(* Process on normal completion *) ELSE (* Error completion *) (* Process on error completion *) MOV(TRUE, Var_ControlData[1], Var_ErrorCode); (* Stores error code *)

END_IF;

END_IF;

J(P)_SWRITE, G(P)_SWRITE

CC IE C CC IE F NET/H Ether



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. J_SWRITE, JP_SWRITE, G_SWRITE, GP_SWRITE

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
J_SWRITE G_SWRITE	
JP_SWRITE GP_SWRITE	

■Argument

Input/outpu argument	t	Na	me		Description					Data type				
Input argumer			Executing	ng condition										
		Jn*			Network number of the host station (1 to 239, 254) 254: Network specified in "Valid module during other station access"				ANY16					
		Un*			Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)				ANY16					
		s1			Variable th	nat stores contro	ol data		Arra	y of ANY16 [0?	17]			
s2				Start number of the host station's device that stores send data					ANY16					
	d1				Start number of the target station to which data are written				ANY					
Output argume	ent	EN	0		Execution	ecution result			Bit					
		d2			Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d2[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.				Array of bit [01]					
		d3			Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction (Write notification device)				Bit					
Setting	Internal	device		R, 2	ZR	JD/D	UD\G] Zn		Constant	Others		
data ^{*1}	Bit		Word			Bit	Word							
(s1)	—		0			—								
(s2)	-		0			—								
(d1)	(d1) — O					-								

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

_

Processing details

0

Ο

(d2)

(d3)

This instruction writes data to a word device of another station.

0

0

Setting data

For the control data of the SWRITE instruction that writes data to the word device memory of another station, refer to WRITE instruction.

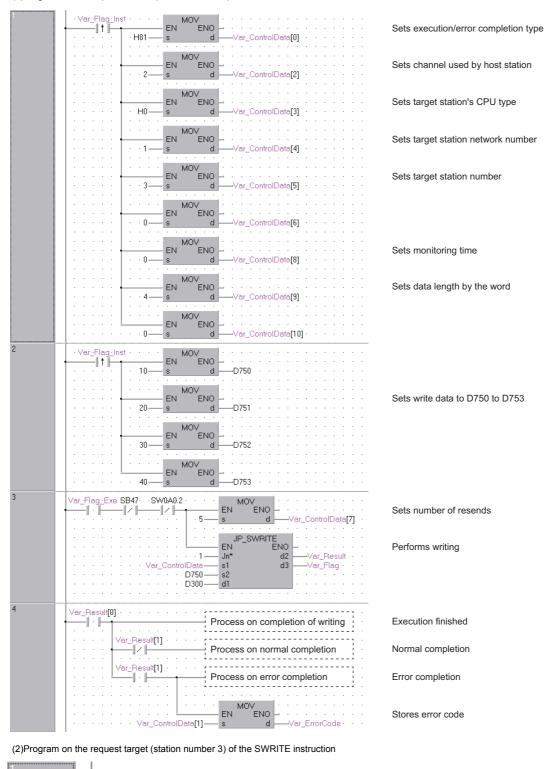
The control data of the SWRITE instruction are the same as those of the WRITE instruction.

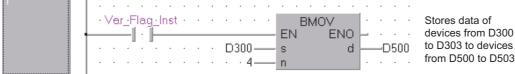
Accordingly, this section omits the explanation.

• The following program example of the SWRITE instruction is different from that of the WRITE instruction by assigning the write notification device (d3) at the end of arguments.

[Structured ladder/FBD]

(1)Program on the request source (station number 2) of the SWRITE instruction





[ST]

```
(1)Program on the request source (station number 2) of the SWRITE instruction
IF(Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE)THEN
   MOV(TRUE,H81,Var_ControlData[0]); (* Sets execution/error completion type *)
   MOV(TRUE,2,Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets channel used by host station *)
   MOV(TRUE,H0,Var_ControlData[3]); (* Sets target station's CPU type *)
  MOV(TRUE,1,Var_ControlData[4]); (* Sets target station network number *)
  MOV(TRUE,3,Var_ControlData[5]); (* Sets target station number *)
   MOV(TRUE,0,Var_ControlData[6]);
  MOV(TRUE,0,Var_ControlData[8]); (* Sets monitoring time *)
  MOV(TRUE,4,Var_ControlData[9]); (* Sets data length by the word *)
  MOV(TRUE,0,Var_ControlData[10]);
END_IF;
IF(LDP(TRUE,Var_Flag_Inst2)) THEN
  MOV(TRUE,10,D750); (* Sets write data to D750 to D753 *)
  MOV(TRUE,20,D751);
  MOV(TRUE, 30, D752);
  MOV(TRUE,40,D753);
END_IF;
IF((Var_Flag_Exe=TRUE) AND (SB47=FALSE) AND (SW0A0.2=FALSE)) THEN
   MOV(TRUE, 5, Var_ControlData[7]); (* Sets number of resends *)
   JP_SWRITE(TRUE,1,Var_ControlData,D750,D300,Var_Result,Var_Flag); (* Performs writing *)
END IF:
IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *
_____
 (* Process on completion of writing *)
   IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *)
  -----
(* Process on normal completion *)
                              -----
  ELSE (* Error completion *)
   .....
 (* Process on error completion *)
      /
    MOV(TRUE, Var_ControlData[1], Var_ErrorCode); (* Stores error code *)
  END_IF;
END_IF;
```

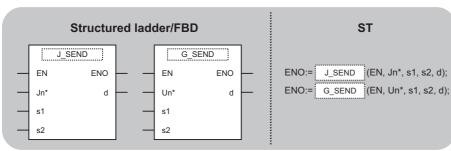
(2)Program on the request target (station number 3) of the SWRITE instruction IF(Var_Flag=TRUE) THEN

BMOV(TRUE,D300,4,D500); (* Stores data of devices from D300 to D303 to devices from D500 to D503 *) END_IF;

Message (user-specified data) communication

J(P)_SEND, G(P)_SEND

CC IE C CC IE F NET/H Ether



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares.

J_SEND, JP_SEND, G_SEND, GP_SEND

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
J_SEND G_SEND	
JP_SEND GP_SEND	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit
	Jn*	Network number of the host station (1 to 239, 254) 254: Network specified in "Valid module during other station access"	ANY16
	Un*	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)	ANY16
	s1	Variable that stores control data	Array of ANY16 [017]
	s2	Start number of the host station's device that stores write data	ANY16
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit
	d	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of bit [01]

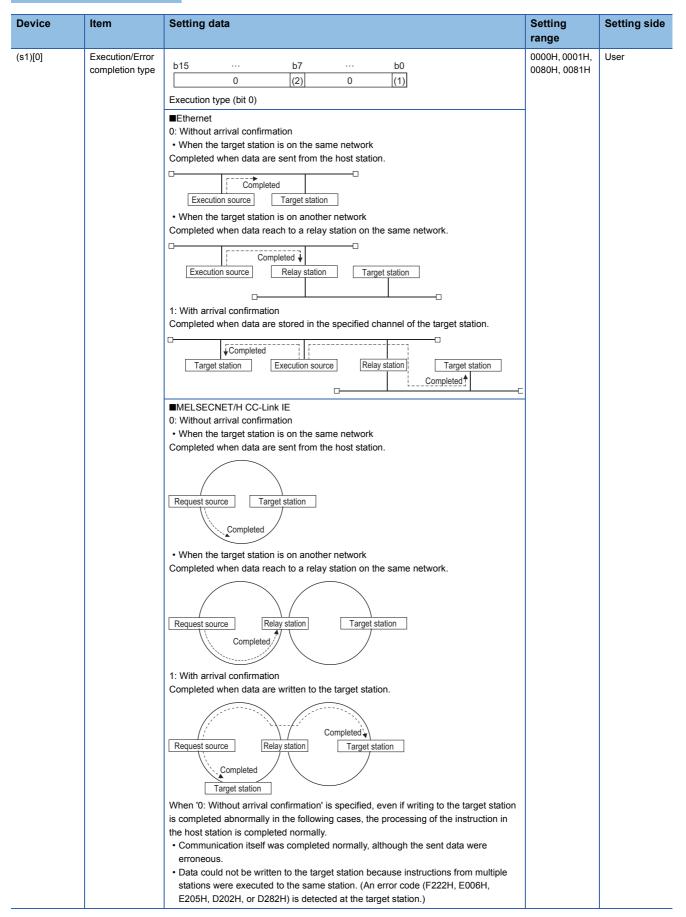
Setting	Internal device		R, ZR J⊡\□			UD\GD	Zn	Constant	Others
data ^{*1}	Bit	Word		Bit	Word				
(s1)	—	0		—					
(s2)	—	0		—					
(d)	0	0		—					

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction sends data to another station.

Setting data



Device	ltem	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side	
(s1)[0]	Execution/Error completion type	 Error completion type (bit 7) Specify the clock data setup status at the time of error completion. 0: Clock data at the time of error completion is not set in the area starting from (s1)[11]. 1: Clock data at the time of error completion is set in the area starting from (s1)[11]. 	0000H, 0001H, 0080H, 0081H	User	
(s1)[1]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	_	System	
(s1)[2]	Channel used by host station	Specify the channel used by the host station. Setting values are as follows. • Ethernet, MELSECNET/H, CC-Link IE Controller Network: 1 to 8 • CC-Link IE Field Network: 1 to 2	1 to 8	User	
(\$1)[3]	Target station channel	Specify the channel of the target station that stores data.*2 ^{*2} Setting values are as follows. • MELSECNET/H: 1 to 64 • Ethernet, CC-Link IE: 1 to 8	1 to 64	User	
(\$1)[4]	Target station network No.	Specify the network number of the target station. 1 to 239: Network number 254: Specify this when 254 has been set in Jn. (Network specified in 'Valid module during other station access')	1 to 239, 254	User	
(s1)[5]	Target station No.	 Specify the station number of the target station. Setting values are as follows. Station number specification MELSECNET/H: 1 to 64 When the host station is Universal model QCPU in Ethernet or CC-Link IE Controller Network: 1 to 120 When the host station is anything other than Universal model QCPU in Ethernet or CC-Link IE Controller Network: 1 to 64 Master station in CC-Link IE Field Network: 125 (7DH) Local station or the intelligent device station in CC-Link IE Field Network: 1 to 120 To increase the data reliability when the station number is specified, executing the instruction with setting Execution/Error completion type ((s1)[0]) to '1: With arrival confirmation' is recommended. Group specification (target station is anything other than CC-Link IE Field Network) 81H to A0H: All stations in group numbers 1 to 32 (Setting is available when Execution type is set to '0: Without arrival confirmation' in (s1)[0].) Group No.1 · · · 81H Group No.2 · · · 82H to Group No.32 · · · A0H All stations specification FFH: All stations of the target network number (Except the host station.) (Setting is available when Execution type is set to '0: Without arrival confirmation' in (s1)[0].) To specify a group or all stations. Specify '0000H' or '03FFH' for the target station of the CC-Link IE Field Network. It cannot be confirmed if the data are written to the target station normally. Confirm the data are written to the target station normally. Confirm 	1 to 120, 125 (7DH)	User	
(01)[6]		the device of the target station of the write destination.	0	Lloor	
(s1)[6] (s1)[7]		 (Fixed value) For instruction execution Specify the number of instruction resends when the instruction is not completed within the monitoring time specified in (s1)[8]. (Setting is available when Execution type is set to '1: With arrival confirmation' in ((s1)[0].) 	0 0 to 15	User User	
		At instruction completion The number of resends (result) is stored. (Setting is available when Execution type is set to '1: With arrival confirmation' in (s1)[0].)	_	System	

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s1)[8]	Arrival monitoring time	Specify the monitoring time required for instruction completion. (Setting is available when Execution type is set to '1: With arrival confirmation' in ((s1)[0].) If the instruction is not completed within this time, it is resent by the number of times specified in (s1)[7]. Setting values are as follows. Ethernet • 0 to 16383 • 0 to TCP retransmission timer value: Monitoring is performed by the TCP retransmission timer value. • (TCP retransmission timer value + 1) to 16383: Monitoring time (unit: second) IMELSECNET/H CC-Link IE • 0 to 32767 • 0: 10 seconds • 1 to 32767: 1 to 32767 seconds	0 to 32767	User
(s1)[9]	Send data length	Specify the number of send data.	1 to 960	User
(s1)[10]	(Reserved)	-	-	—
(s1)[11]	Clock set flag ^{*1}	Valid/invalid status of the data in the area starting from (s1)[12] is stored. 0: Invalid 1: Valid	-	System
(s1)[12] : (s1)[15]	Clock data at the time of error completion ^{*1}	Clock data at the time of error completion are stored in BCD format. b15 to b8 b7 to b0 (si) [12] Month (01н to 12н) Year (00H to 99H) Last two digits b0 (si) [13] Hour (00н to 23н) Day (01н to 31н) b1 (si) [14] Second (00H to 59H) Minute (00H to 59H) b1 (si) [15] Year (00H to 99H) First two digits Day of week (00H to 06H) 00H (Sun.) to 06H (Sat.)	_	System
(s1)[16]	Error-detected network No.*1	Network number of the station where an error was detected is stored. (However, when an error was detected at the host station, the network number is not stored.) 1 to 239: Network number	-	System
(s1)[17]	Error-detected station No. ^{*1}	Number of the station where an error was detected is stored. (However, when an error was detected at the host station, the network number is not stored.) Stored values are as follows. • MELSECNET/H: 1 to 64 • Ethernet, CC-Link IE Controller Network: 1 to 120 • Master station in CC-Link IE Field Network: 125 (7DH) • Local station or the intelligent device station in CC-Link IE Field Network: 1 to 120	_	System

*1 Data are stored only when 1 is set in bit 7 of Error completion type ((s1)[0]).

*2 Logical channel setting is not available for the CC-Link IE network module.

Program example

The following program sends data of the devices from D750 to D753 of the station number 1 (host station) to the channel 5 of the station number 2 (target station).

For the method for reading the data, which are sent by the SEND instruction, from the channel 5 of the station number 2 (target station), refer to the following sections.

• For reading out data in a main program

Page 150 J(P)_RECV, G(P)_RECV

· For reading out data in an interrupt program

Page 154 Z_RECVS

[Structured ladder/FBD]

louncuien	1	
1		Sate execution/error completion type
		Sets execution/error completion type
		Sets channel used by host station
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-
	MOV	
	EN ENO · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Sets target station channel
		Sets target station network number
	····· ··· ····························	Octo target station network number
		Sets target station number
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	ΜΟΥ	
	EN ENO · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		Sets monitoring time
	····· ··· ····························	U U
		Sets data length by the word
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	s d —Var_ControlData[10]	
2	·Var_Flag_Inst · · · · MOV	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	EN ENO 	Sets send data to D750 to D753
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	MOV	
	EN EN	
2		
3		Sets number of resends
	······································	
	EN ENO - · · · · · · · · ·	Sends data
	·····D750—s2	
4	Var_Result[0] · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Process on completion of sending	Execution finished
	Var_Result[1]	N N
	Process on normal completion	Normal completion
	Var_Result[1] · · · ·	-
	Process on error completion	Error completion
		Stores error code
	·····Var_ControlData[1]—sdVar_ErrorCode···	

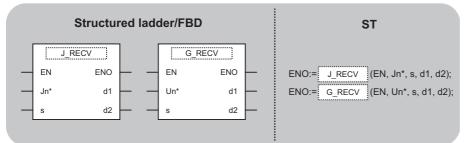
[ST] IF(Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE)THEN MOV(TRUE,H81,Var_ControlData[0]); (* Sets execution/error completion type *) MOV(TRUE,3,Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets channel used by host station *) MOV(TRUE,H5,Var_ControlData[3]); (* Sets target station channel *) MOV(TRUE,1,Var_ControlData[4]); (* Sets target station network number *) MOV(TRUE,2,Var_ControlData[5]); (* Sets target station number *) MOV(TRUE,0,Var_ControlData[6]); MOV(TRUE,0,Var_ControlData[8]); (* Sets monitoring time *) MOV(TRUE,4,Var_ControlData[9]); (* Sets data length by the word *) MOV(TRUE,0,Var_ControlData[10]); END IF; IF (Var_Flag_Inst2=TRUE)THEN MOV(TRUE,10,D750); (*Sets send data to D750 to D753 *) MOV(TRUE,20,D751); MOV(TRUE, 30, D752); MOV(TRUE,40,D753); END_IF; IF((Var_Flag_Exe=TRUE) AND (SB47=FALSE) AND (SW0A0.1=FALSE)) THEN MOV(TRUE, 5, Var_ControlData[7]); (* Sets number of resends *) JP_SEND(TRUE,1,Var_ControlData,D750,Var_Result); (* Sends data *) END_IF; IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *) (* Process on completion of sending *) -----IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *) -----(* Process on normal completion *) ELSE (* Error completion *) -----(* Process on error completion *)

MOV(TRUE, Var_ControlData[1], Var_ErrorCode); (* Stores error code *) END_IF;

END_IF;

J(P)_RECV, G(P)_RECV

CC IE C CC IE F NET/H Ether



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. J_RECV, JP_RECV, G_RECV, GP_RECV

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
J_RECV G_RECV	
JP_RECV GP_RECV	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit
	Jn*	Network number of the host station (1 to 239, 254) 254: Network specified in "Valid module during other station access"	ANY16
	Un*	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)	ANY16
	s	Variable that stores control data	Array of ANY16 [017]
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit
	d1	Start number of the host station's device that stores read data	ANY16
	d2	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d2[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of bit [01]

Setting data ^{*1}	Internal device		R, ZR J□\□			UD\GD	Zn	Constant	Others
data ^{*1}	Bit	Word		Bit	Word				
(S)	-	0		-					
(d1)	—	0		—					
(d2)	0	0		—					

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction reads received data (for main program).

Setting data

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s)[0]	Execution/error completion type	b15 b7 b0 0 (1) 0 Error completion type (bit 7) Specify the clock data setup status at the time of error completion. 0: Clock data at the time of error completion is not set in the area starting from (s)[11]. 1: Clock data at the time of error completion is set in the area starting from (s)[11].	0000H, 0080H	User
(s)[1]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	-	System
(s)[2]	Host station channel	Specify the channel of host station that stores receive data. Setting values are as follows. • Ethernet, MELSECNET/H, CC-Link IE Controller Network: 1 to 8 • CC-Link IE Field Network: 1 to 2	1 to 8	User
(s)[3]	Channel used by sending station	Channel used by the sending station is stored. 1 to 8: Channel	-	System
(s)[4]	Network No. of sending station	Network number of the sending station is stored. 1 to 239: Network number	-	System
(s)[5]	Sending station No.	Station number of the sending station is stored. Stored values are as follows. • MELSECNET/H: 1 to 64 • Ethernet, CC-Link IE Controller Network: 1 to 120 • Master station in CC-Link IE Field Network: 125 (7DH) • Local station or the intelligent device station in CC-Link IE Field Network: 1 to 120	_	System
(s)[6]	(Reserved)	-	-	-
(s)[7]	(Reserved)	-	-	-
(\$)[8]	Arrival monitoring time	Specify the monitoring time required for the instruction completion. When the instruction is not completed within the monitoring time, it completes abnormally. Setting values are as follows. Ethernet • 0 to 16383 • 0 to TCP retransmission timer value: Monitoring is performed by the TCP retransmission timer value. • (TCP retransmission timer value + 1) to 16383: Monitoring time (unit: second) ECC-Link IE MELSECNET/H • 0 to 32767 • 0: 10 seconds • 1 to 32767: 1 to 32767 seconds	0 to 32767	User
(s)[9]	Receive data length	The number of received data stored in (d1) to (d1)+n is stored. 0: No receive data 1 to 960: Number of words of receive data	-	System
(s)[10]	(Reserved)	_	-	-
(s)[11]	Clock set flag ^{*1}	Valid/invalid status of the data in the area starting from (s)[12] is stored. 0: Invalid 1: Valid	-	System
(s)[12] : (s)[15]	Clock data at the time of error completion ^{*1}	Clock data at the time of error completion are stored in BCD format. b15 to b8 b7 to b0 (s) [12] Month (01H to 12H) Year (00H to 99H) Last two digits b13 b13 b15 b15	-	System
(s)[16]	Error-detected network No. ^{*1}	Network number of the station where an error was detected is stored. (However, when an error was detected at the host station, the network number is not stored.) 1 to 239: Network number	-	System

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s)[17]	Error-detected station No. ^{*1}	Number of the station where an error was detected is stored. (However, when an error was detected at the host station, the network number is not stored.) Stored values are as follows. • MELSECNET/H: 1 to 64 • Ethernet, CC-Link IE Controller Network: 1 to 120 • Master station in CC-Link IE Field Network: 125 (7DH) • Local station or the intelligent device station in CC-Link IE Field Network: 1 to 120	_	System

*1 Data are stored only when 1 is set in bit 7 of Error completion type ((s)[0]).

Program example

The following program reads out data, which is sent from the station number 1 by the SEND instruction, from the channel 5 of the station number 2 (host station) and stores the data to the devices from D770 to D773 of the station number 2 (host station) when SB0034 turns ON.

For the SEND instruction, refer to the following section.

S Message (user-specified data) communication

[Structured ladder/FBD]

•		
1	SM400 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Sets error completion type
	· · · · · · · · · · · · H80 — s d — Var_ControlData[0] · · · ·	completion type
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	MOV	Sets host station
	EN ENO - · · · · · · · · · · · ·	channel
	Sector Se	
	MOV	
	□ · · · · □ · · · · · □ <u>s</u> d <u>· · · · · · · □ ata[6]</u> · · · ·	
	EN EN EN - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	s d	
		Sets arrival
	EN ENO - · · · · · · · · · · · ·	monitoring time
	Sector Sector ControlData[8] Sector S	3
	MOV	
	EN EN +	
	·····Var_ControlData[10]····	
2	· SB34 · SB47 · · · · JP_RECV	Performs readout
	$ \begin{array}{c c} \bullet & \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet \\ \hline \end{array} \end{array}$	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
3	Ver_Result[0] · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Process on completion of readout	Execution finished
	Var_Result[1]	New of a second difference
	Process on normal completion	Normal completion
	Var_Result[1]	Error completion
		Stores error code
	· · · · · · · Var_ControlData[1] — s d — Var_ErrorCode ·	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

	Ξ.
[ST]	
IF(SM400=TRUE)THEN	
MOV(TRUE,H80,Var_ControlData[0]); (* Sets error completion type *)	
MOV(TRUE,5,Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets host station channel *)	
MOV(TRUE,0,Var_ControlData[6]);	
MOV(TRUE,0,Var_ControlData[7]);	
MOV(TRUE,0,Var_ControlData[8]); (* Sets arrival monitoring time *)	
MOV(TRUE,0,Var_ControlData[10]);	
END_IF; IF((SB34=TRUE) AND (SB47=FALSE)) THEN	
JP_RECV(TRUE,1,Var_ControlData,D770,Var_Result); (* Performs readout *)	
END IF:	
IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *)	
	۰.
(* Process on completion of readout *)	÷
	2
IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *)	
(* Process on normal completion *)	3
	j.
ELSE (* Error completion *)	
!	5
(* Process on error completion *)	÷
I	2
IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *) END IF:	

```
END_IF;
```

Z_RE	CVS		
CC IE (CC IE F	NET/H Ethe	er
Stru	ictured la	dder/FBD	ST
	Z REC EN Jn* s1 s2	<u>vs</u> ENO — d —	ENO:= <u>Z_RECVS</u> (EN, Un*, s1, s2, d);

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Z}}\xspace_{\ensuremath{\mathsf{RECVS}}\xspace}$

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
Z_RECVS	

■Argument

Input/outpo argument	•			scription			Data type				
Input argume	ent	EN	Executi	ng condition			Bit				
		Un*	(00 to F	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)			String				
		s1	Variable	Variable that stores control data				Array of ANY16 [017]			
		s2		Start number of the host station's device that stores read data			ANY16				
Output argun	nent	ENO	Executi	Execution result			Bit				
		d	Dummy	Dummy			Bit				
Setting	Interna	Internal device		JD/D		UE\GE	l Zn	Constant	Others		
data ^{*1}	Bit	Word		Bit	Word						
(s1)	—	0		—							
(s2)	—	0		-	-						
(d)	0	0		_							

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction reads received data (for interrupt program).

Setting data

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s1)[0]	Completion type	0 (Fixed)	0	User
(s1)[1]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	-	System
(s1)[2]	Host station channel	Specify the channel of host station that stores receive data. Setting values are as follows. • Ethernet, MELSECNET/H, CC-Link IE Controller Network: 1 to 8 • CC-Link IE Field Network: 1 to 2	1 to 8	User
(s1)[3]	Channel used by sending station	Channel used by the sending station is stored. 1 to 8: Channel	-	System
(s1)[4]	Network No. of sending station	Network number of the sending station is stored. 1 to 239: Network number	-	System
(s1)[5]	Sending station No.	Station number of the sending station is stored. Stored values are as follows. • MELSECNET/H: 1 to 64 • Ethernet, CC-Link IE Controller Network: 1 to 120 • Master station in CC-Link IE Field Network: 125 (7DH) • Slave station in CC-Link IE Field Network: 1 to 120	_	System
(s1)[6]	System area	-	—	—
(s1)[7]				
(s1)[8]				
(s1)[9]	Receive data length	The number of received data stored in (s2) to (s2)+n is stored. 0: No receive data 1 to 960: Number of words of receive data	-	System
(s1)[10] : (s1)[17]	System area	_	-	-

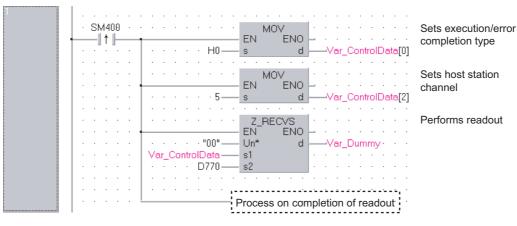
Program example

The following program reads data, which is sent from the station number 1 by the SEND instruction, from the channel 5 of the station number 2 (host station) and stores the data to the devices from D770 to D773 of the station number 2 (host station) when an interruption program starts up.

For the SEND instruction, refer to the following section.

Page 144 Message (user-specified data) communication

[Structured ladder/FBD]



[ST]

IF(SM400=TRUE)THEN

MOV(TRUE,H0,Var_ControlData[0]); (* Sets execution/error completion type *) MOV(TRUE,5,Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets host station channel *)

Z_RECVS(TRUE,"00",Var_ControlData,D770,Var_Dummy); (* Performs readout *)

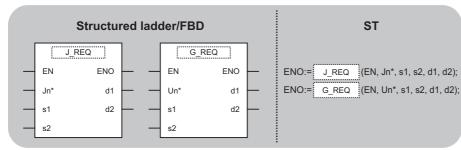
(* Process on completion of readout *)

END_IF;

Transient request to another station

J(P)_REQ, G(P)_REQ

CC IE C CC IE F NET/H Ether



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares.

J_REQ, JP_REQ, G_REQ, GP_REQ

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
J_REQ G_REQ	
JP_REQ GP_REQ	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit
	Jn*	Network number of the host station (1 to 239, 254) 254: Network specified in "Valid module during other station access"	ANY16
	Un*	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)	ANY16
	s1	Variable that stores control data	Array of ANY16 [017]
	s2	Variable that stores request data	Array of ANY16 [05]
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit
	d1	Variable that stores response data	Array of ANY16 [05]
	d2	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d2[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of bit [01]

Setting data ^{*1}	Internal device		R, ZR J□\□		UD\GD	Zn	Constant	Others	
data ^{^1}	Bit	Word		Bit	Word				
(s1)	—	0		—					
(s2)	—	0		—					
(d1)	—	0		—					
(d2)	0	0		—					

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

Remotely runs or stops a programmable controller on another station.

Also, reads/writes clock data from/to a programmable controller on another station.

Setting data

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s1)[0]	Error completion type	b15 b7 b4 b0 0 (1) 0 1 0 1 Error completion type (bit 7) Specify the clock data setup status at the time of error completion. 0: Clock data at the time of error completion is not set in the area starting from (s1)[11]. 1: Clock data at the time of error completion is set in the area starting from (s1)[11].	0011H, 0091H	User
(s1)[1]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	-	System
(s1)[2]	Channel used by host station	Specify the channel used by the host station. 1 to 8: Channel	1 to 8	User
(\$1)[3]	Target station's CPU type	Specify the type of the target station CPU. Setting values are as follows. Ethernet • 0000H: Target station CPU/host system CPU (Specified data are the same as '03FFH'.) • 03FFH ^{*1} : Target station CPU/host system CPU IMELSECNET/H CC-Link IE • 0000H: Target station CPU/host system CPU (Specified data are the same as '03FFH'.) • 03E0H ^{*2} : Multi-CPU No. 1/target station CPU (single CPU system) • 03E1H ^{*2} : Multi-CPU No. 2 • 03E2H ^{*2} : Multi-CPU No. 3 • 03E3H ^{*2} : Multi-CPU No. 4 • 03FFH ^{*1} : Target station CPU/host system CPU	■Ethernet 0000H,03FFH ■MELSECNE T/H, CC-Link IE 0000H, 03E0H to 03E3H, 03FFH	User
(s1)[4]	Target station network No.	Specify the network number of the target station. 1 to 239: Network number 254: Specify this when 254 has been set in Jn. (Network specified in 'Valid module during other station access')	1 to 239, 254	User
(\$1)[5]	Target station No.	Specify the station number of the target station. Setting values are as follows. Station number specification • MELSECNET/H: 1 to 64 • When the host station is Universal model QCPU in Ethernet or CC-Link IE Controller Network: 1 to 120 • When the host station is anything other than Universal model QCPU in Ethernet or CC-Link IE Controller Network: 1 to 64 • Master station in CC-Link IE Field Network: 125 (7DH) • Local station or the intelligent device station in CC-Link IE Field Network: 1 to 120 Group specification (target station is anything other than CC-Link IE Field Network) 81H to A0H: All stations in group numbers 1 to 32 (Available only at clock data writing and remote RUN/STOP) Group No.1 · · 81H Group No.2 · · 82H to Group No.32 · · A0H All stations of the target network number (Except the host station.) (Available only at clock data writing and remote RUN/STOP) To specify a group or all stations. • Specify '0000H' or '03FFH' for the target station's CPU type ((s1)[3]). • Group specification cannot be set for the station of the CC-Link IE Field Network. • It cannot be confirmed if the data are written to the target station normally. Confirm the device of the target station of the write destination.	1 to 120, 125 (7DH), 81H to А0H, FFH	User
(s1)[6]	_	(Fixed value)	0	User
(s1)[7]	Number of resends	For instruction execution Specify the number of resends when the instruction is not completed within the monitoring time specified in (s1)[8].	0 to 15	User
		At instruction completion The number of resends (result) is stored	0 to 15	System

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s1)[8]	Arrival monitoring time	Specify the monitoring time required for the instruction completion. If the instruction is not completed within this time, it is resent by the number of times specified in (s1)[7]. Setting values are as follows. Ethernet • 0 to 16383 • 0 to TCP retransmission timer value: Monitoring is performed by the TCP retransmission timer value. • (TCP retransmission timer value + 1) to 16383: Monitoring time (unit: second) MELSECNET/H CC-Link IE • 0 to 32767 • 0: 10 seconds • 1 to 32767: 1 to 32767 seconds	0 to 32767	User
(s1)[9]	Request data length	Specify the number of request data (words). (Number of words of data stored in the request data storage device (s2)) 4: Remote RUN 3: Remote STOP 2: Clock data read 6: Clock data write	2 to 4, 6	User
(s1)[10]	Response data length	Number of response data (words) are stored. (Number of words of the data stored in response data storage device) 2: Remote RUN/STOP 6: Clock data read 2: Clock data write	-	System
(s1)[11]	Clock set flag ^{*3}	Valid/invalid status of the data in the area starting from (s1)[12] is stored. 0: Invalid 1: Valid	-	System
(s1)[12] : (s1)[15]	Clock data on error completion ^{*3}	Clock data at the time of error completion are stored in BCD format. b15 to b8 b7 to b0 (a) [12] Month (01н to 12н) Year (00н to 99н) Last two digits b15 b16 b17 b17	-	System
(s1)[16]	Error-detected network No. ^{*3}	Network number of the station where an error was detected is stored. (However, when an error was detected at the host station, the network number is not stored.) 1 to 239: Network number	-	System
(s1)[17]	Error-detected station No. ^{*3}	Number of the station where an error was detected is stored. (However, when an error was detected at the host station, the network number is not stored.) Stored values are as follows. • MELSECNET/H: 1 to 64 • Ethernet, CC-Link IE Controller Network: 1 to 120 • Master station in CC-Link IE Field Network: 125 (7DH) • Slave station in CC-Link IE Field Network: 1 to 120	-	System

*1 Specification is possible when the host station is a network module or Ethernet module of function version D or later.

(Specification is not possible for other modules. An access is always made to the target station CPU.)

*2 Specification is possible when the versions of the QCPU and the network module on the host station and the target station are as indicated below.

(Specification is not possible for other modules. An access is always made to the target station CPU.)

 \cdot Network module: The first five digits of the serial number are '06092' or higher.

 \cdot QCPU: The first five digits of the serial number are '06092' or higher.

*3 This becomes valid only when 1 is set in bit 7 of Error completion type ((s1)[0]).

■Remote RUN/STOP

• Request data (all set by the user)

Device	Item	Description	Remote RUN	Remote STOP
(s2)[0]	Request type	0010H: When station number is specified in (s1)[5] 0030H: When all stations a group is specified in (s1)[5]	0	0
(s2)[1]	Sub-request type	0001H: Remote RUN 0002H: Remote STOP	0	0
(s2)[2]	Operation mode	Specify whether to forcibly execute remote RUN/STOP. The forced execution is a function that forces a station which has stopped by remote STOP to RUN remotely from another station. • For remote RUN 0001H: No forced execution 0003H: Forced execution (This setting can be specified for remote RUN.) • For remote STOP 0003H: (Fixed)	0	0
(\$2)[3]	Clear mode	Specify the status of device memory in the CPU module only for remote RUN. 0000H: Not cleared (Note that the local devices are cleared.) 0001H: Cleared (excluding the latch range and settings in remote RUN) 0002H: Cleared (including the latch range and settings in remote RUN) Clear mode ((s2)[3]) allows specification to clear (initialize) the devices in the CPU module at the start of CPU module operation activated by remote RUN. After performing the specified clear processing, CPU module runs according to the setting that specified by Device Initial Value in GX Works2.	0	×

• Response data^{*1} (all set by the system)

Device	ltem	Description	Remote RUN	Remote STOP
(d1)[0]	Request type	0090H: When station number is specified in (s1)[5] 00B0H: When all stations or a group is specified in (s1)[5]	0	0
(d1)[1]	Sub-request type	0001H: Remote RUN 0002H: Remote STOP	0	0

*1 When "all stations or a group (81H to A0H, FFH)" is specified in (s1)[5], no response data will be stored.

■Reading/writing the clock data

• Request data (all set by the user)

Device	Item	Description	Read clock data	Write clock data
(s2)[0]	Request type	0001H: Clock data read 0011H: Clock data write (When station number is specified in (s1)[5]) 0031H: Clock data write (When all stations or a group is specified in (s1)[5])	0	0
(s2)[1]	Sub-request type	0002H: Clock data read 0001H: Clock data write	0	0
(s2)[2]	Change pattern, Clock data to be changed	Change pattern (bit 7 to bit 0) Specify the items to be written in high-order byte of (s2)[2] to (s2)[5]. 0: Not changed 1: Changed Year to be changed (bit 15 to bit 8) ^{*1} Store the year (last two digits) in BCD format. b15 b8 b7 b6 b5 b4 b3 b2 b1 b0 Year (00H to 99H) 0 Year (last two digits) Year (last two digits) Month Day Hour Hour Minute Second Day of week	×	0
(s2)[3]	Clock data to be changed (continued)	High-order 8 bits: Day (01H to 31H), low-order 8 bits: Month (01H to 12H) b15 to b8 b7 to b0 Day (01H to 31H) Month (01H to 12H) Month (01H to 12H) Month (01H to 12H)	×	0
(s2)[4]		High-order 8 bits: Minute (00H to 59H), low-order 8 bits: Hour (00H to 23H) b15 to b8 b7 to b0 Minute (00H to 59H) Hour (00H to 23H) Hour (00H to 23H) Hour (00H to 23H)	×	0
(s2)[5]		High-order 8 bits: Day of week (00H (Sunday) to 06H (Saturday)), low-order 8 bits: Second (00H to 59H) b15 to b8 b7 to b0 Day of week (00H to 06H) Second (00H to 59H) → 00H (Sun.) to 06H (Sat.)	×	0

*1 This function cannot change the first two digits of year data.

To change the year data including the first two digits, set the clock data using another function (such as GX Works2).

• Response data (all set by the system)

Device	ltem	Description	Read clock data	Write clock data
(d1)[0]	Request type	0081H: Clock data read 0091H: Clock data write (When station number is specified in (s1)[5]) 00B1H: Clock data write (When all stations or a group is specified in (s1)[5]) ^{*2}	0	0
(d1)[1]	Sub-request type	0002H: Clock data read 0001H: Clock data write	0	0
(d1)[2]	Read clock data	High-order 8 bits: Month (01H to 12H), low-order 8 bits: Year (00H to 99H)*3 b15 to b0 Month (01H to 12H) Year (00H to 99H) Year (00H to 99H)	0	×
(d1)[3]		High-order 8 bits: Hour (00H to 23H), low-order 8 bits: Day (01H to 31H) b15 to b8 b7 to b0 Hour (00H to 23H) Day (01H to 31H) Day (01H to 31H) Day (01H to 31H)	0	×
(d1)[4]		High-order 8 bits: Second (00H to 59H), low-order 8 bits (00H to 59H) b15 to b0 Second (00H to 59H) Minute (00H to 59H) Minute (00H to 59H)	0	×
(d1)[5]		High-order 8 bits: (00H), low-order 8 bits: Day of week (00H (Sunday) to 06H (Saturday)) b15 to b8 b7 to b0 00H Day of week (00H to 06H)	0	×

*2 When "all stations or a group (81H to A0H, FFH)" is specified in (s1)[5], no response data will be stored.

*3 Last two digits of year data

Program example

• The following program performs remote STOP to the QCPU, which is the station number 2 (target station). [Structured ladder/FBD]

1	· Var_Flag_Inst · · ·				
•	· · · · · · · H91—		ControlData[0] · · ·		Sets execution/error completion type
	· · · · · · · · · · · ·	11100 1			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	– EN ENO – · · – s d – Var_			Sets channel used by host station
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	· · · · · · •	– EN ENO – · ·			Sets target station's CPU type
			· · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- EN ENO - · ·			Sets target station network number
			ControlDoto []		Sets target station number
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · ·		
	· · · · · · · 0		ControlData [6] · · · ·		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				Sets monitoring time
			ControlData [8]		
					Sets data length by the word
	· · · · · · 3—		ControlData[9]		
	· · · · · · •				Sets request data
		dVar			
			DemandData [1] · · ·		
		MOV · · ·			
	· · · · · · · · H3—	– EN ENO – · · – s d – Var_	DemandData [2] · · ·		
2					
	Var_Flag_Exe SB47· · S'	- / EN	ENO - · · · · ·		Sets number of resends
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u></u>	IData[7] · · ·	
		· · · EN	LINO		Performs transient request to another station
	Var		d2Var_Res		
3	Var_l				
5	Var_Result[0] · · · ·				
			on completion		Execution finished
	│ · · · · 	1] · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	on normal completion		Normal completion
	···· Var_Result[· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	illi a contra de la	
	· · · · · <u>·</u>]. <u> </u>	· · · · · !	on error completion		Error completion
		МО	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	· · · · · · · · · Var_C	ControlData[1]s	ENO - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ode····	Stores error code

[ST] IF(Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE)THEN MOV(TRUE,H91,Var_ControlData[0]); (* Sets execution/error completion type *) MOV(TRUE,3,Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets channel used by host station *) MOV(TRUE,H0,Var_ControlData[3]); (* Sets target station's CPU type *) MOV(TRUE,1,Var_ControlData[4]); (* Sets target station network number *) MOV(TRUE,2,Var_ControlData[5]); (* Sets target station number *) MOV(TRUE,0,Var_ControlData[6]); MOV(TRUE,0,Var_ControlData[8]); (* Sets monitoring time *) MOV(TRUE,3,Var_ControlData[9]); (* Sets data length by the word *) MOV(TRUE,H10,Var_DemandData[0]); (* Sets request data *) MOV(TRUE,H2,Var_DemandData[1]); MOV(TRUE,H3,Var_DemandData[2]); END IF; IF((Var_Flag_Exe=TRUE) AND (SB47=FALSE) AND (SW0A0.1=FALSE)) THEN MOV(TRUE, 5, Var_ControlData[7]); (* Sets number of resends *) JP_REQ(TRUE,1,Var_ControlData,Var_DemandData,Var_ResponseData,Var_Result); (* Performs transient request to another station *) END_IF; IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *) -----(* Process on completion *) ····· / IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *) -----(* Process on normal completion *) ELSE (* Error completion *) _____ (* Process on error completion *) ′_____j MOV(TRUE, Var_ControlData[1], Var_ErrorCode); (* Stores error code *)

END_IF; END_IF;

Read from other station devices

J(P)_ZNRD

CC IE C NET/H Ether

Stru	ctured ladder/	FBD	ST
	J_ZNRD		
	EN ENO	<u> </u>	
_	Jn* d1	<u> </u>	ENO:= J_ZNRD (EN, Jn*, n1, s, n2, d1, d2);
_	n1 d2	<u> </u>	
_	s		
_	n2		
		-	

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares.

J_ZNRD, JP_ZNRD

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
J_ZNRD	
JP_ZNRD	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	ANY16
	Jn*	Network number of the host station (1 to 239)	ANY16
	n1	Target station number (1 to 64)	ANY16
	s	Target station's start device number where data to be read are stored	ANY16
	n2	Read data length When the target station is Q/QnA/AnUCPU: 1 to 230 words When the target station is anything other than Q/ QnA/AnUCPU: 1 to 32 words	ANY16
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit
	d1	The host station's start device number where readout data will be stored A contiguous area for the read data length is required.)	ANY16
	d2	The host station's device that is turned on for one scan upon completion of the instruction d2[1] also turns ON if the instruction execution has failed.	Array of bit [01]

Setting data ^{*1*2}	Internal device		R, ZR J⊡\□	JD/D			Zn	Constant	Others
data ^{*1*2}	Bit	Word		Bit	Word			К, Н	
n1	0			—				0	-
(s)	-	0	—	—				—	-
n2	0		—			0	-		
(d1)	-	0		—				—	-
(d2)	0			—				—	-

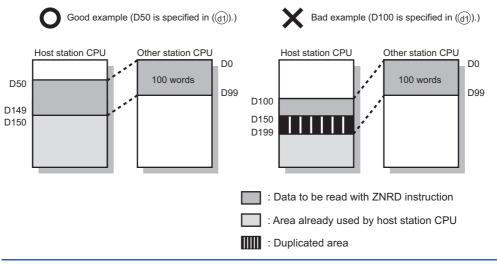
- *1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.
- *2 In addition to the setting data, the ZNRD instruction is executed using the following fixed values. Channel used by host station: Channel 1 Arrival monitoring time (monitoring time until instruction completion): 10 seconds Number of resends for arrival monitoring timeout: 5 times

Processing details

This instruction reads data from devices of a programmable controller CPU on another station. (In units of words)



- Specify devices of the target station's CPU within the range allowed for the host station CPU when reading data from the devices with the ZNRD instruction.
- (Target station's start device number (s1) where data to be read are stored) + (Read points 1) \leq (End device No. of host station's CPU^{*3})
- Specify the host station's start device number (d1) within the range allowed for storing read data.
- (Example) When D150 and after the area in the host station's CPU has been already used

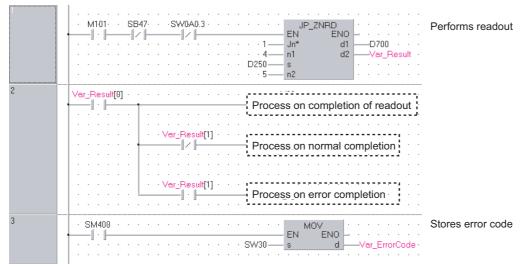


*3 End device No. of the device in the host station CPU, and whose device name is same as in (s1)

Program example

• n this program example, when M101 turns ON, data in D250 to D254 of station No.4 (target station) are read out to D700 to D704 of station No.1 (host station).

[Structured ladder/FBD]



[ST]

IF((M101=TRUE) &(SB47=FALSE) & (SW0A0.3=FALSE)) THEN

JP_ZNRD(TRUE,1,4,D250,5,D700, Var_Result); (* Performs ZNRD instruction*) END_IF;

IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *)	
(* Process on completion of readout *)	
IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *)	
(* Process on normal completion *)	
ELSE (* Error completion *)	
(* Process on error completion *)	
END_IF;	

END_IF;

IF(SM400=TRUE)THEN MOV(TRUE,SW30,Var_ErrorCode); (* Stores error code *) END_IF;

Write to other station devices

J(P)_ZNWR

CC IE C NET/H Ether

tured ladder/F	BD	ST
J_ZNWR		
EN ENO	-	
Jn* d1	-	ENO:= J_ZNWR (EN, Jn*, n1, s, n2, d1, d2);
n1 d2	-	
s		
n2	1	
E	<u>J_ZNWR</u> EN ENO Jn* d1 11 d2	In* d1

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares.

J_ZNWR, JP_ZNWR

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
J_ZNWR	
JP_ZNWR	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type			
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit			
	Jn*	Network number of the host station (1 to 239)	ANY16			
	n1	Target station number(1) Station No. specification1 to 64: Station number(2) Group specification81H to A0H: All stations of a group (No.1 to 32)(3) All stationsFFH: All stations of the target network number(Except the host station)	ANY16			
	s	Host station's start device number where data to be written are stored	ANY16			
	n2	Write data length When the target station is Q/QnA/AnUCPU: 1 to 230 words When the target station is anything other than Q/ QnA/AnUCPU: 1 to 32 words	ANY16			
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit			
	d1	Target station's start device number where data is written (A contiguous area for the write data length is required.)	ANY16			
	d2	The host station's device that is turned on for one scan upon completion of the instruction d2[1] also turns ON if the instruction execution has failed.	Array of bit [01]			

Setting	Internal dev	Internal device		R, ZR J⊡\⊡ l	UD\GD	Zn	Constant	Others	
data ^{*1*2}	Bit	Word		Bit	Word			К, Н	
n1	0			—				0	—
(S)	—	0	—	-				-	—
n2	0			-				-	—

Internal dev	ice	R, ZR	۶ JD/D		UD\GD Z	Zn		Others
Bit	Word		Bit	Word			К, Н	
_	0		—				0	—
0			—				—	—
	Bit 	- 0	Bit Word - O	Bit Word Bit	Bit Word Bit Word - 0 - -	Bit Word Bit Word - 0 -	Bit Word Bit Word - 0	Bit Word Bit Word K, H - 0 - 0

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as a device which is used in setting data.

 *2 In addition to the setting data, the ZNWR instruction is executed using the following fixed values. Channel used by host station: Channel 2 Arrival monitoring time (monitoring time until instruction completion): 10 seconds

Number of resends for arrival monitoring timeout: 5 times

Processing details

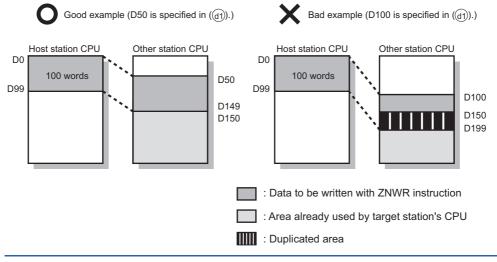
This instruction writes data to devices of a programmable controller CPU on another station. (In units of words)

Point P

 Specify devices of the target station's CPU within the range allowed for the host station CPU when writing data to the devices with the ZNWR instruction.

(Target station's start device number (d1) where data are written) + (Write points - 1) \leq (End device No. of host station's CPU^{*3})

• Specify the host station's start device number (d1) within the range allowed for storing write data. (Example) When D150 and after the area in the host station's CPU has been already used

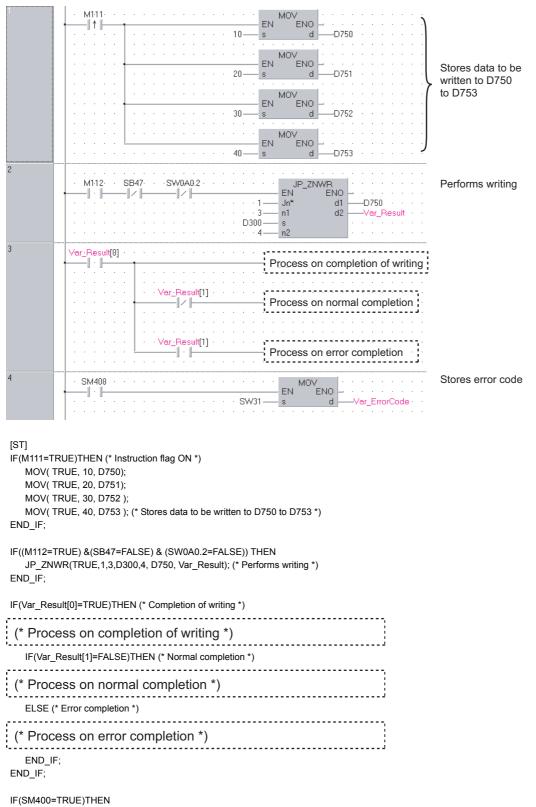


*3 End device No. of the device in the host station CPU, and whose device name is same as in (d1)

Program example

 In this program example, when M112 turns ON, data in D750 to D753 of station No.2 (host station) are written to D300 to D303 of station No.3 (target station).

[Structured ladder/FBD]

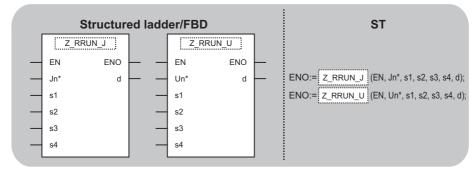


MOV(TRUE,SW31,Var_ErrorCode); (* Stores error code *) END_IF;

RRUN instruction

Z(P)_RRUN_J, Z(P)_RRUN_U

CC IE C NET/H



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares.

Z_RRUN_J, ZP_RRUN_J, Z_RRUN_U, ZP_RRUN_U

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
Z_RRUN_J Z_RRUN_U	
ZP_RRUN_J ZP_RRUN_U	

■Argument

Input/output	Name	Description	Data type
argument			
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit
	Jn*	Network number of the target station (1 to 239, 254) 254: Network specified in "Valid module during other station access"	String
	Un*	Start I/O number of the host station network No. (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)	String
	s1	Channel used by host station For the RRUN instruction, specify the channel used by host station that is the same as the one used for the RSTOP instruction.	ANY16
	s2	Target station number(1) Station number specificationHost station is Universal model QCPU: 1 to 120Host station is anything other than Universal modelQCPU: 1 to 64(2) Group specification81H to A0H: All stations of a group (No.1 to 32)(3) All stationsFFH: All stations of the target network No. (Exceptthe host station)To specify a group or all stations, specify '0000H' or'03FFH' for the target station's CPU type (s3).	ANY16
	s3	Target station's CPU type 0000H: Target station CPU/control CPU/host system CPU (Specified data are the same as '03FFH'.) 03E0H: Multi-CPU No. 1/target station CPU (single CPU system) 03E1H: Multi-CPU No. 2 03E2H: Multi-CPU No. 3 03E3H: Multi-CPU No. 4 03FFH: Target station CPU/control CPU/host system CPU	ANY16
	s4	Mode	ANY16
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit
	d	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of bit [01]

Setting data ^{*1}	Internal dev	vice	R, ZR	JD/D		UD\GD	Zn	Constant	Others
data ^{*1}	Bit	Word	1	Bit	Word			К, Н	
(s1)	-	0		—				0	—
(s2)	—	0		—				0	—
(s3)	-	0		—				0	—
(s4)	—	0		—				0	—
(d)	0	0		—				—	-

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction remotely switches a CPU module on another station to RUN.

Precautions

This instruction is applicable to the QJ71LP21 or QJ71BR11 with the function version B or later.

Program example

• The following program remotely switches the QCPU on the station number 2 (target station) to RUN. [Structured ladder/FBD]

	Var_Flag_Exe SB47 SW0A0.1 Z_RRUN_J I I I EN I I I III I I III In* I III III III I IIII IIII IIIII IIIIII IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	Performs remote RUN
2	Var_Result[0] Process on completion Var_Result[1] Process on normal completion Var_Result[1] Process on error completion	
3	· SM400 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Stores error code

[ST]

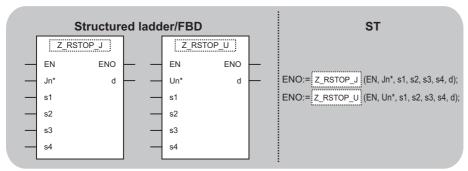
IF((Var_Flag_Exe=TRUE) AND (SB47=FALSE) AND (SW0A0.1=FALSE)) THEN Z_RRUN_J(TRUE,"J1",3,2,H3FF,H1,Var_Result); (* Performs remote RUN *) END_IF; IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *)
(* Process on completion *)
IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *)
(* Process on normal completion *)
ELSE (* Error completion *)
(* Process on error completion *)
END_IF;
END_IF;

MOV(SM400,SW32,Var_ErrorCode); (* Stores error code *)

RSTOP instruction

Z(P)_RSTOP_J, Z(P)_RSTOP_U

CC IE C NET/H



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares.

Z_RSTOP_J, ZP_RSTOP_J, Z_RSTOP_U, ZP_RSTOP_U

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
Z_RSTOP_J Z_RSTOP_U	
ZP_RSTOP_J ZP_RSTOP_U	

■Argument

Input/output Name Description		Description	Data type
argument			
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit
	Jn*	Network number of the host station (1 to 239) 254: Network specified in "Valid module during other station access"	String
	Un*	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)	String
	s1	Channel used by host station	ANY16
	s2	Target station number (1) Station number specification Host station is Universal model QCPU: 1 to 120 Host station is anything other than Universal model QCPU: 1 to 64 (2) Group specification 81H to A0H: All stations of a group (No.1 to 32) (3) All stations FFH: All stations of the target network No. (Except the host station)	ANY16
	s3	Target station's CPU type 0000H: Target station CPU/control CPU/host system CPU (Specified data are the same as '03FFH'.) 03E0H: Multi-CPU No. 1/target station CPU (single CPU system) 03E1H: Multi-CPU No. 2 03E2H: Multi-CPU No. 3 03E3H: Multi-CPU No. 4 03FFH: Target station CPU/control CPU/host system CPU	ANY16
	\$4	Specify options for the operation mode and clear mode. (1) Operation mode 1H: No forced execution 3H: Forced execution (2) Clear mode 0H: Do not clear (Note that the local devices are cleared.) 1H: Clear (excluding the latch range) 2H: Clear (including the latch range)	ANY16
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit
	d	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of bit [01]

Setting data ^{*1}	Internal dev	vice	R, ZR	JO/O		U🗆\G Zn	Zn	Constant	Others
data ^{*1}	Bit	Word		Bit	Word			К, Н	
(s1)	-	0		—				0	-
(s2)	-	0		—				0	-
(s3)	-	0		—				0	-
(s4)	-	0		—				0	-
(d)	0	0		—				—	-

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction remotely switches a CPU module on another station to STOP.

Precautions

This instruction is applicable to the QJ71LP21 or QJ71BR11 with the function version B or later.

Program example

• The following program remotely switches the QCPU on the station number 2 (target station) to STOP. [Structured ladder/FBD]

1	Var_Flag-Exe SB47· SW0A0.1··· ZP_RSTOP_U P I I I I I S I I I I I S I I I III Un* Var_Result I III III S1 IIII IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	Performs remote
2	Var_Result[0] Process on completion E Var_Result[1] Process on normal completion N	
3	Process on error completion	rror completion
3	SM400 SW32 SW32 SW32 SW32 SW32 SW32 SW32 SW32	otores error code

[ST]

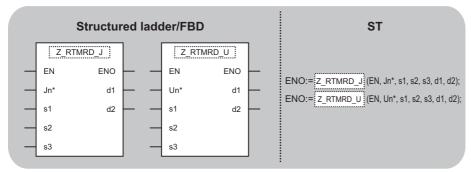
IF((Var_Flag_Exe=TRUE) AND (SB47=FALSE) AND (SW0A0.1=FALSE)) THEN ZP_RSTOP_J(TRUE,"J1",3,2,H3FF,H1,Var_Result); (* Performs remote STOP *) END_IF;
IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *)
(* Process on completion *)
IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *)
(* Process on normal completion *)
ELSE (* Error completion *)
(* Process on error completion *)
END_IF;

END_IF;

MOV(SM400, SW32, Var_ErrorCode); (* Stores error code *)

Z(P)_RTMRD_J, Z(P)_RTMRD_U

CC IE C NET/H



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. Z_RTMRD_J, ZP_RTMRD_J, Z_RTMRD_U, ZP_RTMRD_U

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
Z_RTMRD_J Z_RTMRD_U	
ZP_RTMRD_J ZP_RTMRD_U	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit
	Jn*	Network number of the host station (1 to 239) 254: Network specified in "Valid module during other station access"	String
	Un*	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)	String
	s1	Channel used by host station	ANY16
	s2	Target station number Host station is Universal model QCPU: 1 to 120 Host station is anything other than Universal model QCPU: 1 to 64	ANY16
	s3	Target station's CPU type0000H: Target station CPU/control CPU/hostsystem CPU (Specified data are the same as'03FFH'.)03E0H: Multi-CPU No. 1/target station CPU (singleCPU system)03E1H: Multi-CPU No. 203E2H: Multi-CPU No. 303E3H: Multi-CPU No. 403FFH: Target station CPU/control CPU/hostsystem CPU	ANY16
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit
	d1	Variable that stores read clock data	Array of ANY16 [03]
	d2	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d2[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of bit [01]

Setting data ^{*1}	Internal device		R, ZR]D/D		UD\GD	Zn	Constant	Others
	Bit	Word		Bit	Word			К, Н	
(s1)	-	0		-				0	-
(s2)	-	0		-				0	-
(s3)	-	0		-				0	-
(d1)	-	0		-				-	-
(d2)	0	0		-				—	—

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction reads clock data from a CPU module on another station.

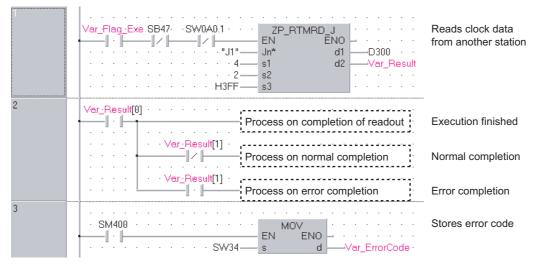
Precautions

This instruction is applicable to the QJ71LP21 or QJ71BR11 with the function version B or later.

Program example

• The following program reads out clock data from the QCPU on the station number 2 (target station) and stores the clock data in the station number 1 (host station).

[Structured ladder/FBD]



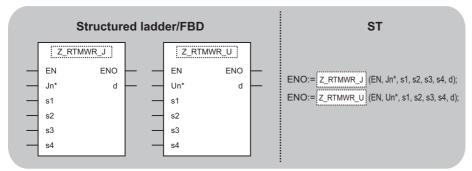
[ST]

IF((Var_Flag_Exe=TRUE) AND (SB47=FALSE) AND (SW0A0.1=FALSE)) THEN ZP_RTMRD_J(TRUE,"J1",4,2,H3FF,D300,Var_Result); (* Reads clock data from another station *) END_IF; IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *) (* Process on completion of readout *) IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *) (* Process on normal completion *) ELSE (* Error completion *) (* Process on error completion *) END_IF; END_IF; END_IF; MOV(SM400, SW33, Var_ErrorCode); (* Stores error code *)

178 ⁵ MODULE DEDICATED INSTRUCTION 5.4 Network Dedicated Instruction

Z(P)_RTMWR_J, Z(P)_RTMWR_U

CC IE C NET/H



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares.

Z_RTMWR_J, ZP_RTMWR_J, Z_RTMWR_U, ZP_RTMWR_U

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
Z_RTMWR_J Z_RTMWR_U	
ZP_RTMWR_J ZP_RTMWR_U	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit
	Jn*	Network number of the target station (1 to 239, 254) 254: Network specified in "Valid module during other station access"	String
	Un*	Start I/O number of the host station network No. (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)	String
	s1	Channel used by host station (1 to 8)	ANY16
	s2	Target station number(1) Station number specificationHost station is Universal model QCPU: 1 to 120Host station is anything other than Universal modelQCPU: 1 to 64(2) Group specification81H to A0H: All stations of a group (No.1 to 32)(3) All stationsFFH: All stations of the target network No. (Exceptthe host station)To specify a group or all stations, specify '0000H' or'03FFH' for the target station's CPU type (s3).	ANY16
	s3	Target station's CPU type 0000H: Target station CPU/control CPU/host system CPU (Specified data are the same as '03FFH'.) 03E0H: Multi-CPU No. 1/target station CPU (single CPU system) 03E1H: Multi-CPU No. 2 03E2H: Multi-CPU No. 3 03E3H: Multi-CPU No. 4 03FFH: Target station CPU/control CPU/host system CPU	ANY16
	s4	Variable that stores write clock data	Array of ANY16 [04]

Input/outpu argument	t	Name		Description			Data	Data type			
Output argum	ent	ENO		Execution result				Bit			
		d		Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d2[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.				Arra	y of bit [01]		
Setting	Internal	device R, Z		ZR	JD/D	UD\G		U⊟\G⊡ Zn		Constant	Others
data ^{*1}	Bit	Word			Bit	Word	1			К, Н	

*4									
data ^{*1}	Bit	Word		Bit	Word			К, Н	
(s1)	-	0		—				0	—
(s2)	-	0		—				0	—
(s3)	-	0		—				0	—
(s4)	-	0		—				—	—
(d)	0	0		—				—	—

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction writes clock data to a CPU module on another station.

Precautions

This instruction is applicable to the QJ71LP21 or QJ71BR11 with the function version B or later.

Program example

• The following program writes the clock data (8:30:00) to all stations on the network number 1. [Structured ladder/FBD]

louncuien		
2	Var_Flag_Inst EN EN ENO Image: Inst H38 s d Var_ControlData[0] Image: Image: Inst H0 s d Var_ControlData[0] Image: Im	Sets clock data Writes clock data to other stations
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
3	Var_Result[0] Process on completion of writing	Execution finished
	Var_Result[1] Var_Result[1]	Normal completion
4	Process on error completion	Error completion
	· SM408 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Stores error code
MOV(TI MOV(TI MOV(TI MOV(TI MOV(TI END_IF; IF((Var_Fla ZP_RTI END_IF;	g_Inst=TRUE)THEN RUE,H38,Var_ClockData[0]); (* Sets clock data *) RUE,H0,Var_ClockData[1]); RUE,H8,Var_ClockData[2]); RUE,H3000,Var_ClockData[3]); RUE,H0,Var_ClockData[4]); g_Exe=TRUE) AND (SB47=FALSE) AND (SB0A0=FALSE)) THEN WWR_J(TRUE,"J1",5,H0FF,H3FF,Var_ClockData,Var_Result); (* Writes clock data to ult[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *)	other stations*)
(* Proce	ess on completion of writing *)	
	Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *)	
· · · · · · · · · · · ·	ess on normal completion *)	
•	* Error completion *)	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
(* Proce	ess on error completion *)	
END_IF	; ;	

END_IF; END_IF;

MOV(SM400, SW34, Var_ErrorCode); (* Stores error code *)

Reading from buffer memory of intelligent function module on remote I/O station

Z(P)_REMFR

CC IE F NET/H

Stru	ictured	ladder/l	FBD	ST
	Z_Rf EN Jn* n1 n2 n3 n4 n5	EMFR ENO d1 d2		ENO:= Z_REMER (EN, Jn*, n1, n2, n3, n4, n5, d1, d2);

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. Z_REMFR, ZP_REMFR

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
Z_REMFR	
ZP_REMFR	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit
	Jn*	Target network number (1 to 239)	String
	n1	Channel number CC-Link IE Field Network: 1 to 32 MELSECNET/H: 1 to 8	ANY16
	n2	Target station number CC-Link IE Field Network: 1 to 120 MELSECNET/H: 1 to 64	ANY16
	n3	Start I/O number of the target intelligent function module For the CC-Link IE Field Network, the higher two digits when expressing the I/O number in three digits. For the MELSECNET/H, the higher three digits when expressing the I/O number in four digits.	ANY16
	n4	Read buffer memory start address Specifies the start address of the buffer memory for the read destination intelligent function module.	ANY16
	n5	Number of read points CC-Link IE Field Network: 1 to 240 MELSECNET/H: 1 to 960	ANY16

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit
	d1	Start number of the device that stores read data (host station) Specifies the start number of the host station's device that stores read data.	ANY16
	d2	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d2[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of bit [01]

Setting data ^{*1}	Internal dev	ce R, ZR		JD/D		U🗖\G🗖	Zn	Constant	Others
data ^{^1}	Bit	Word		Bit	Word			К, Н	
n1	-	0		-				0	—
n2	-	0		-				0	—
n3	-	0		-				0	—
n4	—	0		—				0	—
n5	—	0		—				0	—
(d1)	—	0		—				—	—
(d2)	0	0		-				—	—

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction reads data from the buffer memory of an intelligent function module to the host station's word device (starting from (d1)) on the intelligent device station/remote I/O station.

Program example

1

The following program reads digital output values.

[Structured ladder/FBD]

1	·×21 · ×1020 · ×102E · Y1029 · · · · · Z_REMFR Reads data from buffer memory · · · · · · · · · · Reads data from buffer memory · · · · · · · · · · · Reads data from buffer memory ·
	Var_Result[0] · Var_Result[1] · D10.0 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	D10.1 EN ENO D12 D12 D12 D12 D12 D12 D12 D12
	D10.2 D10.2 Reads CH3 digital D10.2 EN ENO D10.2 D10.2

[ST]

```
IF((X21=TRUE) AND (X1020=TRUE) AND (X102E=TRUE) AND (Y1029=FALSE))THEN
Z_REMFR(TRUE,"J1",2,1,H2,10,4,D10,Var_Result); (* Reads data from buffer memory *)
(*Reads digital values of CH1 to CH3 at once*)
IF((Var_Result[0]=TRUE) AND (Var_Result[1]=FALSE))THEN
IF(D10.0=TRUE)THEN
MOV(TRUE,D11,D21); (* Reads CH1 digital output value *)
END_IF;
IF(D10.1=TRUE)THEN
MOV(TRUE,D12,D22); (* Reads CH2 digital output value *)
END_IF;
IF(D10.2=TRUE)THEN
MOV(TRUE,D13,D23); (* Reads CH3 digital output value *)
END_IF;
END_IF;
END_IF;
END_IF;
```

Writing to buffer memory of intelligent function module on remote I/O station

Z(P)_REMTO

CC IE F NET/H

Stru	uctured	d ladder/l	FBD	ST
	EN Jn* n1	EMTO ENO d1 d2		ENO:= Z_REMTO (EN, Jn*, n1, n2, n3, n4, n5, d1, d2);
	n2 n3 n4 n5			

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. Z_REMTO, ZP_REMTO

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
Z_REMTO	
ZP_REMTO	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit
	Jn*	Network number of the host station (1 to 239)	String
	n1	Channel number CC-Link IE Field Network: 1 to 32 MELSECNET/H: 1 to 8	ANY16
	n2	Target station number CC-Link IE Field Network: 1 to 120 MELSECNET/H: 1 to 64	ANY16
	n3	Start I/O number of the target intelligent function module For the CC-Link IE Field Network, the higher two digits when expressing the I/O number in three digits. For the MELSECNET/H, the higher three digits when expressing the I/O number in four digits.	ANY16
	n4	Write buffer memory start address Specifies the start address of the buffer memory for the write destination intelligent function module.	ANY16
	n5	Number of write points CC-Link IE Field Network: 1 to 240 MELSECNET/H: 1 to 960	ANY16

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit
	d1	Start number of the device that stores write data (host station) Specifies the start number of the host station's device that stores write data.	ANY16
	d2	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d2[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of bit [01]

Setting data ^{*1}	Internal dev	rice	R, ZR	10/D		UD\GD	Zn	Constant	Others		
data ^{*1}	Bit	Word		Bit	Word			К, Н			
n1	-	0		—				0	—		
n2	-	0		—				0	—		
n3	-	0		—				0	—		
n4	-	0		-				0	—		
n5	-	0		—		-				0	—
(d1)	-	0		—				—	—		
(d2)	0	0		—				—	-		

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction writes data to the buffer memory of an intelligent function module on the intelligent device station/remote I/O station.

Program example

• The following program makes the A/D conversion enable setting on channels. [Structured ladder/FBD]

1	Var_Flag_Inst · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	····· ······ MOV ······ CH2 time/count ····· EN ENO ······ averaging setting ····· ······ 50 s d
	····· ······ ······ ······ CH3 time/count ····· ······ EN ENO ······ CH3 time/count ····· ····· ······ ······ ······ CH3 time/count ····· ······ ······ ······ ······ count ····· ······ ······ ······ ······ ····· ······ ······ ······ ······ ····· ······· ······ ······ ······ ····· ······· ······· ······ ······ ······ ······· ······· ······ ······
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · Averaging processing · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	ZP_REMTO Writes data to Unit of the second
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
2	Var_Result[0] · Var_Result[1] · · · · SET · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
3	Y1029 X1029 RST Turns operating condition setting I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I

[ST]

IF(Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE)THEN

MOV(TRUE,H8,D0); (* A/D Conversion enable/disable setting *)

 ${\rm MOV}({\rm TRUE}, {\rm 50}, {\rm D2});$ (* CH2 time/count averaging setting *)

MOV(TRUE,1000,D3); (* CH3 time/count averaging setting *)

MOV(TRUE,H604,D9); (* Averaging processing specification *)

ZP_REMTO(TRUE,"J1",1,1,H2,H0,10,D0,Var_Result); (* Writes data to buffer memory *) END_IF;

IF((Var_Result[0]=TRUE) AND (Var_Result[1]=FALSE))THEN

SET(TRUE, Y1029); (* Turns operating condition setting request (Y9) ON *)

END_IF;

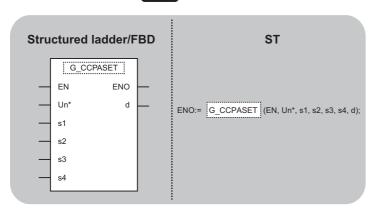
IF((Y1029=TRUE) AND (X1029=FALSE))THEN

RST(TRUE,Y1029); (* Turns operating condition setting request (Y9) OFF *) END_IF;

Setting parameter

G(P)_CCPASET

CC IE F



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. G_CCPASET, GP_CCPASET

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
G_CCPASET	
GP_CCPASET	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit
	Un*	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)	ANY16
	s1	Variable that stores control data	Array of ANY16 [03]
	s2	Start number of the host station's device that stores network configuration setting data.	Array of ANY16 [0599]
	s3	Start number of the host station's device that stores reserved station specification data.	Array of ANY16 [07]
	s4	Start number of the host station's device that stores error invalid station setting data.	Array of ANY16 [07]
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit
	d	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of Bit [01]

Setting data ^{*1}	Internal dev	ice	R, ZR	JD/D		UD\GD	Zn	Constant	Others
data ¹	Bit	Word		Bit	Word				
(s1)	-	0		—					
(s2)	-	0		—					
(s3)	-	0		—					
(s4)	-	0		—					
(d)	0	0		—					

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction sets parameters for master/local module (master station).

Setting data

Device	ltem	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s1)[0]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	—	System
(s1)[1]	Setting flag	Specify the validity of setting data from (s2) to (s4) in the range from b0 to b2. '0: Invalid' is specified, default parameter is applied. The supplementary setting and the network operation setting in the range from b8 to bA. b15 ~ b11 b10 b9 b8 b7 ~ b3 b2 b1 b0 0 (Fixed) 0 (Fixed) 0 (Fixed) Data link faulty station setting 0: Clear 1: Hold 0 (Dutput setting in the CPU STOP status 0: Invalid 1: Clear Link scan mode 0: Asynchronous 1: Synchronous	Refer to the left.	User
(s1)[2]	Total number of slave station	Specify the number of connected slave stations.	1 to 120	User
(s1)[3]	Constant link scan time	Set the constant link scan time. 0: No setting 5 to 2000: Constant link scan time	5 to 2000(ms)	User

Network configuration setting data

Set the network configuration settings when network configuration setting data (b0) is enabled in the setting flag ((s1)[1]).

Device	ltem		Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s2)[0]	1st	Slave station setting information	Specify the station type and station number. b15 b12 b11 b8 b7 b0 Station type 1 (Fixed) Station number 0: Remote I/O station 1 to 120: Station number 1: Remote device station 2: Intelligent device station 3: Local station	Refer to the left.	User
(s2)[1]		RX/RY offset	Specify the start number of RX/RY in units of 16 points.	0 to 3FF0H	
(s2)[2]		RX/RY size	Specify the number of RX/RY in units of 16 points.	0 to 2048	
(s2)[3]		RWr/RWw offset	Specify the start number of RWr/RWw. in units of 4 points.	0 to 1FFCH	
(s2)[4]		RWr/RWw size	Specify the number of RWr/RWw. in units of 4 points.	0 to 1024	
(s2)[5] : (s2)[594]	• • •				
(s2)[595]	120th	Slave station setting information	The same as from (s2)[0] to (s2)[4].		
(s2)[596]		RX/RY offset			
(s2)[597]]	RX/RY size			
(s2)[598]]	RWr/RWw offset			
(s2)[599]		RWr/RWw size			

Reserved station specification data

Set the slave station as the reserved station when reserved station specification data (b1) is enabled in the setting flag ((s1)[1]).

Device	ltem	Setting	Setting data															Setting side			
(s3)[0] : (s3)[7]	Reserved station specification		cify the reserved station. Decified (Default) Decified										User								
			b15	b14	b13	b12	b11	b10	b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0			
		<u>(</u> 3[0]	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1			
		<u>\$</u> 3[1]	32	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17			
		\$3[2]	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33			
		<u>(</u> 3][3]	64	63	62	61	60	59	58	57	56	55	54	53	52	51	50	49			
		\$3[4]	80	79	78	77	76	75	74	73	72	71	70	69	68	67	66	65			
		\$3[5]	96	95	94	93	92	91	90	89	88	87	86	85	84	83	82	81			
		(\$3][6]	112	111	110	109	108	107	106	105	104	103	102	101	100	99	98	97			
		\$3[7]	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	120	119	118	117	116	115	114	113			
							Nı	umbe	ers ir	the	tabl	e inc	licate	e the	stat	ion r	humb	oers.			

· Error invalid station setting data

Set the slave station as the error invalid station when error invalid station setting data(b2) is enabled in the setting flag ((s1)[1])

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting side
(s4)[0] : (s4)[7]	Error invalid station setting ^{*1}	Specify the error invalid station. 0: Not specified (Default) 1: Specified	User
		b15 b14 b13 b12 b11 b10 b9 b8 b7 b6 b5 b4 b3 b2 b1 b0	
		G4[0] 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	
		G4[1] 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17	
		s4 [2] 48 47 46 45 44 43 42 41 40 39 38 37 36 35 34 33	
		§4)[3] 64 63 62 61 60 59 58 57 56 55 54 53 52 51 50 49	
		s4][4] 80 79 78 77 76 75 74 73 72 71 70 69 68 67 66 65	
		s4)[5] 96 95 94 93 92 91 90 89 88 87 86 85 84 83 82 81	
		A [6] 112 111 110 109 108 107 106 105 104 103 102 101 100 99 98 97	
		§4][7] <u> 120 119 118 117 116 115 114 113</u>	
		Numbers in the table indicate the station numbers.	

*1 Reserved station specification has a priority when an error invalid station and reserved station are specified for the same station.

Program example

• The following program sets parameters for master station of network No.1 when Var_Flag_Exe turns ON. (Total number of slave stations is 3.)

[Structured ladder/FBD]

· · ·Var_Flag_Exe · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. MOV	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	S d Var ControlData[1]	Set control data
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	- MOV	
	s d Var ControlData[2]	
	s d -Var_ControlData[3]	
	EN ENO	Set network configuration setting data
	s d —Var_NetworkStruct[0]	Set network configuration setting data
	sdVar_NetworkStruct[1]	
	- MOV	
	sdVar_NetworkStruct[2]	
	NOV	
	s d —Var_NetworkStruct[3]	
	MOV	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	sdVar_NetworkStruct[4] · · ·	
	MOV	
	sdVar_NetworkStruct[5]	
	MOV	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	sdVar_NetworkStruct[6]	
	MOV	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	sdVar_NetworkStruct[7]	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	EN ENO	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	sdVar_NetworkStruct[8] · · ·	
	EN ENO	
	sdVar_NetworkStruct[9] · · ·	
	MOV	
	— EN ENO – · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
······································	sdVar_NetworkStruct[10]	
	•MOV • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	EN ENO - · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	sdVar_NetworkStruct[11]	
	MOV	
	sdVar_NetworkStruct[12] · ·	
	. MOV	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	sdVar_NetworkStruct[13]	
	• MOV • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
L L	— EN ENO – · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	sdVar_NetworkStruct[14] · ·	
 ·Var_Flag_Exe	· MOV · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		Set reserved station specification data
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	sdVar_ReservStData[0] · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
 ·Var_Flag.Exe	. MOV	
		Error invalid station specification data
	sdVar_ErrorInvalidData[0]	
 ·Var Flag·Exe·····		
-val_tide_txe	EN E	Performs writing
H0		0
·····Var_ControlData - ·····Var_NetworkStruct -	— s1 · · · · · · · · · · ·	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · Var_ReservStData -	— s3 · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · Var_ErrorInvalidData -	s4	
L	EN ENO	Turns execution flag OFF
	dVar_Flag_Exe + + + + + + +	
 Var_Result[0]· · ·Var_Result[1]· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Var_Result[U] Var_Result[1] Proc	ess on normal completion	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Var_Result[1]		
var nosult[1]		
Proc	ess on error completion	

[ST] IF(Var_Flag_Exe = TRUE) (* Execution flag *) MOV(TRUE, H107, Var_ControlData[1]); (* Sets control data *) MOV(TRUE, 3, Var_ControlData[2]); MOV(TRUE, 0, Var_ControlData[3]); MOV(TRUE, H2101, Var_NetworkStruct[0]); (* Sets data of network configuration setting *) MOV(TRUE, H0, Var_NetworkStruct[1]); MOV(TRUE, 32, Var_NetworkStruct[2]); MOV(TRUE, H0, Var_NetworkStruct[3]); MOV(TRUE, 16, Var_NetworkStruct[4]); MOV(TRUE, H2102, Var_NetworkStruct[5]); MOV(TRUE, H20, Var_NetworkStruct[6]); MOV(TRUE, 32, Var_NetworkStruct[7]); MOV(TRUE, H10, Var_NetworkStruct[8]); MOV(TRUE, 16, Var_NetworkStruct[9]); MOV(TRUE, H2103, Var_NetworkStruct[10]); MOV(TRUE, H40, Var_NetworkStruct[11]); MOV(TRUE, 32, Var_NetworkStruct[12]); MOV(TRUE, H20, Var_NetworkStruct[13]); MOV(TRUE, 16, Var_NetworkStruct[14]); END IF: IF(Var Flag Exe = TRUE) (* Execution flag *) MOV(TRUE, H4, Var_ReservStData[0]); (* Sets data of reserved station specification *) END_IF; IF(Var_Flag_Exe = TRUE) (* Execution flag *) MOV(TRUE, H4, Var_ErrorInvalidData[0]); (* Sets data of error invalid station setting *) END_IF; IF(Var_Flag_Exe = TRUE) (* Execution flag *) GP_CCPASET(TRUE, H0, Var_ControlData, Var_NetworkStruct, Var_ReservStData, Var_ErrorInvalidData, Var_Result); (* Performs writing *) RST(TRUE, Var_Flag_Exe); (* Turns execution flag OFF *) END_IF; IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (*Execution finished *) IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *) -----(* Process on normal completion *) ELSE (* Error completion *) (* Process on error completion *) · ·· /

END_IF;

END_IF;

Connection opening or closing

ZP_OPEN	
Ethe	3
Structured ladder/FBD	ST
EN ENO Un* d s1 s2	ENO:= (EN, Un*, s1, s2, d);

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares.

ZP_OPEN

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
ZP_OPEN	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit
	Un*	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)	String
	s1	Connection number (1 to 16)	ANY16
	s2	Variable that stores control data	Array of ANY16 [09]
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit
	d	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of bit [01]

Setting	Internal dev	ice	R, ZR	JD/D		UD\GD	Zn	Constant	Others
data ^{*1}	Bit	Word		Bit	Word			К, Н	
(s1)	—	0		—				0	—
(s2)	—	0		—				—	—
(d)	0	0		—				—	—

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction establishes (opens) a connection with external device for data communication.

Setting data

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s2)[0]	Execution type/ Completion type	Specify whether to use the parameter values set by GX Works2 or the setting values of the following control data ((s2)[2] to (s2)[9]) at open processing of a connection. 0000H: Uses the parameter set in [Open settings] of GX Works2. 8000H: Uses the settings of control data (s2)[2] to (s2)[9].	0000H, 8000H	User
(s2)[1]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	-	System
(s2)[2]	Application setting area	Specify the application of connection. b15b14 \cdots b9 b8 b7 \cdots b1 b0 (6) 0 (5) (4) (3) 0 (2) (1) (1) Application of fixed buffer (b0) 0 (2) (1) (1) Application of fixed buffer (b0) 0: For sending, or fixed buffer is not used in communication 1: For receiving (2) Check of existence of the target (b1) 0: Not checked 1: Checked (3) Pairing open (3) Pairing open 1: Pairing open (4) Communication method (protocol) (b8) 0: TCP/IP (2) CP/IP 1: UDP/IP (5) With/without procedure in fixed buffer communication (b9) 0: Procedural communication (6) Open system (b15, b14) 00: Active open or UDP/IP 10: Unpassive open 10: Unpassive open 11: Fullpassive open 11: Fullpassive open	(Refer to the left.)	User
(s2)[3]	Host station port No.	Specify the port number of the host station.	401H to 1387H, 138BH to FFFEH	User
(s2)[4] (s2)[5]	Destination IP address	Specify the IP address of the external device.	1H to FFFFFFFH (FFFFFFFH: broadcast)	User
(s2)[6]	Destination port No.	Specify the port number of the external device.	401H to FFFFH (FFFFH: broadcast)	User
(s2)[7] : (s2)[9]	Destination MAC address	Specify the MAC address of the external device.	n 00000000000 0H FFFFFFFFF FFH	User

Program example

• The following program opens the connection 1 for TCP/IP communication using the Active open process. (The I/O signals of the Ethernet module are X/Y00 to X/Y1F)

[Structured ladder/FBD]

1	SM400 MOV EN ENO	Open request signal
		Connection 1 open request signal
2	Var_Flag_Inst · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Turns execution flag ON when instruction flag is ON
3	Var_Flag.Exe ·X19 · M0 ·M20 · H0 s d D100	Execution type when GX Works2- [Open settings] is used
		Execution type when D100-[control data] is used
	H0 H0 S d D102	Application setting
	H1000 s d D103	Host station port number
	DMOVP EN H0A6155DF s d	Destination IP address
	H2000 s d D106	Destination port number
	ZP_OPEN ZP_OPEN EN ENO Un d S1 S1 S2 S1	Opens connection
4	Var_Result[0] Var_Result[1] SET Output Image: Set of the set of th	Turns normal completion flag ON
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Turns error completion flag ON

*1 For divisions of (1) and (2) in the program, (1) is necessary when the [Open settings] of GX Works2 is used and (2) is necessary when it is not used.

```
[ST]
IF(SM400=TRUE)THEN (* Always ON *)
   MOV(TRUE,U0\G20480,K4M0); (* Open completed signal/connection 1 open completion signal *)
   MOV(TRUE,U0\G20482,K4M20); (* Open request signal/connection 1 open request signal *)
END IF;
IF(Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE)THEN (* When instruction flag is ON*)
   PLS(TRUE,Var_Flag_Exe); (* Turns execution flag ON *)
END IF:
IF((Var_Flag_Exe=TRUE) AND (X19=TRUE) (* Execution flag/initialization normal completion signal *)
   AND (M0=FALSE) AND (M20=FALSE))THEN (* Connection 1 open completion signal/connection 1 open request signal *)
  -----
 1)*1
              (*Use GX Works2-[Open settings]*)
      MOVP(TRUE,H0,D100);
              (*Execution type*)
. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
             -----
 (2)*1
              (*Use D100-[control data]*)
      MOVP(TRUE, H8000, D100);
              (*Execution type*)
      MOVP(TRUE,H0,D102);
              (*Application setting*)
      MOVP(TRUE,H1000,D103);
              (*Host station port number*)
      DMOVP(TRUE,H0A6155DF,D104);
              (*Destination IP address*)
      MOVP(TRUE,H2000,D106);
              (*Destination port number*)
i., .
   ZP_OPEN(TRUE,"U0",1,D100,Var_Result); (* Opens connection *)
```

END_IF;

```
IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *)

IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *)

SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Normal); (* Turns normal completion flag ON *)

END_IF;

IF(Var_Result[1]=TRUE)THEN (* Error completion *)
```

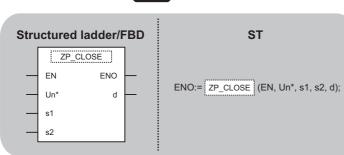
SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Error); (* Turns error completion flag ON *)

END_IF;

- END_IF;
- *1 For divisions of (1) and (2) in the program, (1) is necessary when the [Open settings] of GX Works2 is used and (2) is necessary when it is not used.

ZP_CLOSE

Ether



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. ZP_CLOSE

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
ZP_CLOSE	f

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit
	Un*	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)	String
	s1	Connection number (1 to 16)	ANY16
	s2	Variable that stores control data	Array of ANY16 [01]
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit
	d	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of bit [01]

Setting data ^{*1}	Internal dev	ice	R, ZR	JD/D		U⊟\G⊟ Zn	Zn	Constant	nt Others
data ^{^1}	Bit	Word		Bit	Word			К, Н	
(s1)	—	0		—				0	_
(s2)	—	0		—				—	-
(d)	0	0		—				—	—

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction shuts off (closes) a connection with external device during data communication.

Setting data

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s2)[0]	System area	—	—	-
(s2)[1]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	_	System

Program example

• The following program closes the connection 1.

(The I/O signals of the Ethernet module are X/Y00 to X/Y1F)

[Structured ladder/FBD]

1	Var_Flag_Open Connection 1 Image: Second s
2	Var_Flag_CloseTiming Var_Flag_OpenOK EN EN Closing connection 1 Image: Close Timing Closing connection 1 Image: Close Timing Image: Close Timi
3	Var_Flag_Inst PLS Close instruction Image: Inst EN EN EN Image: Inst Image: Inst Image: Inst Image: Inst Image: Inst Image: Inst Image: Inst Image: Image: Inst
4	Var_Flag_Inst2 Var_Flag_Open ZP_CLOSE Closes connection
	Var_Flag_Close Var_Flag_Exe SET Turns execution flag ON
5	Var_Result[0] Var_Result[1] SET Turns normal Image: Set in the set
	····································
	RST Turns execution Image: Structure Image: Structure Image: Structure </td

[ST]

IF(Var_Flag_Open=TRUE)THEN (* Connection 1 open completion signal *)

PLF(TRUE,Var_Flag_CloseTiming); (* Connection 1 close timing *)

END_IF;

IF((Var_Flag_CloseTiming=TRUE) AND (Var_Flag_OpenOK=TRUE))THEN (* Connection 1 close timing/open instruction normal completion *) PLS(TRUE,Var_Flag_Close); (* Closing connection from external device *)

END_IF;

IF(Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE)THEN (* Close instruction *)

PLS(TRUE,Var_Flag_Inst2); (* Close instruction 1PLS *)

END_IF;

IF(((Var_Flag_Inst2=TRUE) AND (Var_Flag_Open=TRUE)) (* Close instruction 1PLS/connection 1 open completion signal *)

OR ((Var_Flag_Close=TRUE) AND (Var_Flag_Exe=FALSE)))THEN (* Closing connection 1 from external device/CLOSE instruction is in execution *)

ZP_CLOSE(TRUE,"U0",1,Var_ControlData,Var_Result); (* Closes connection *)

SET(TRUE,Var_Flag_Exe); (* Turns execution flag ON *)

END_IF;

IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *)

IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *)

SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Normal); (* Turns normal completion flag ON *) END_IF;

IF(Var_Result[1]=TRUE)THEN (* Error completion *)

SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Error); (* Turns error completion flag ON *)

END_IF;

RST(TRUE,Var_Flag_Exe); (* Turns execution flag OFF *)

END_IF;

Fixed buffer communication

ZP_BUFRCV

 Ether

 Structured ladder/FBD
 ST

 EN
 ENO

 Un*
 d1

 s1
 d2

 s2
 S2

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. ZP_BUFRCV

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
ZP_BUFRCV	₫ T

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit
	Un*	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)	String
	s1	Connection number (1 to 16)	ANY16
	s2	Variable that stores control data	Array of ANY16 [01]
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit
	d1	Start number of the device that stores read data	ANY16
	d2	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d2[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of bit [01]

Setting data ^{*1}	Internal dev	ice	R, ZR	10/0		UD\GD	Zn	Constant	Others
data ^{^1}	Bit	Word		Bit	Word			К, Н	
(s1)	-	0		—				0	—
(s2)	-	0		—				-	—
(d1)	-	0		—				-	—
(d2)	0	0		—				-	—

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction reads receive data from external device in fixed buffer communication. This instruction is used in a main program.

Setting data

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s2)[0]	System area	-	-	—
(s2)[1]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	—	System
Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(d1)+0	System area	 Data length of the data read from the fixed buffer data area is stored. (Data length becomes the number of words or the number of bytes depending on the procedure used in fixed buffer communication.) With procedure (communication in binary code): The number of words (1 to 1017) With procedure (communication in ASCII code): The number of words (1 to 508) Nonprocedural communication (communication in binary code): The number of bytes (1 to 2046) 	(Refer to the left.)	System
(d1)+1 : (d1)+n	Receive data	Data read from the fixed buffer data area are stored in ascending address order.	-	System

Program example

• The following program reads out receive data from the fixed buffer of the connection 1.

(The I/O signals of the Ethernet module are X/Y00 to X/Y1F) [Structured ladder/FBD]

1	· SM400 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Connection 1 open completion signal
		Connection 1 open request signal
		Fixed buffer 1 receive status signal
2		
	·×19···M0···M40···M500····· □·□·□·□·□·□·□·□·□·□·□·□·□····· □·□·□·□·	Receive instruction 1 PLS
3	Var_Flag.Exe ZP_BUFRCV Image: Exe EN Image: Exe Image: Exe Image: Exe Image: E	Reads data in fixed buffer communication
4	Var_Result[0] Var_Result[1] Process on normal completion	Normal completion
	Var_Result[1] Process on error completion	Error completion

[ST] IF(SM400=TRUE)THEN (* Always ON *) MOV(TRUE,U0\G20480,K4M0); (* Open completion signal/connection 1 open completion signal *) MOV(TRUE,U0\G20482,K4M20); (* Open request signal/connection 1 open request signal *) MOV(TRUE,U0\G20485,K4M40); (* Fixed buffer receive status signal/fixed buffer 1 receive status signal *) END_IF; (* Program to receive fixed buffer number 1 (main program) *) IF((X19=TRUE) AND (M0=TRUE) AND (M40=TRUE) AND (M500=FALSE))THEN (* Initialization normal completion signal/connection 1 normal open completion signal *) (* Fixed buffer 1 receive status signal/receive instruction completion signal *) PLS(TRUE,Var_Flag_Exe); (* Receive instruction 1PLS *) END IF; IF(Var_Flag_Exe=TRUE)THEN (* Receive instruction 1PLS *) ZP_BUFRCV(TRUE, "U0", 1, Var_ControlData, D500, Var_Result); (* Reads data in fixed buffer communication *) END_IF; IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *) IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *) _____ (* Process on normal completion *) ELSE (* Error completion *) (* Process on error completion *) _____j END_IF; END_IF;

Z_	_BUFRCVS	
	Eth	er
	Structured ladder/FBD	ST
	EN ENO Un* d s	ENO:= Z_BUFRCVS (EN, Un*, s, d);

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. Z_BUFRCVS

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
Z_BUFRCVS	

■Argument

Input/output argument	t	Nam	ne	Descrip	Description			Dat	a type			
Input argument	t	EN		Executin	g condition				Bit			
		Un*		(00 to FE	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)			Strin	g			
		s		Connect	Connection number (1 to 16)				ANY16			
Output argume	ent	ENO	1	Executio	n result				Bit			
		d		Start nur	nber of the o	device	that stores rea	d data	ANY	16		
Setting	Internal	devic	e	R, ZR	JD/D			UE\GE	I	Zn	Constant	Others
data ^{*1}	Bit	١	Word		Bit		Word	1			К, Н	
(s)	—	(0		-						0	—
(d)	—	(0		—	_					—	-

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction reads receive data from external device in fixed buffer communication. This instruction is used in an interrupt program.

Setting data

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(d1)+0	Receive data length	 Data length of the data read from the fixed buffer data area is stored. (Data length becomes the number of words or the number of bytes depending on the procedure used in fixed buffer communication.) With procedure (communication in binary code): The number of words (1 to 1017) With procedure (communication in ASCII code): The number of words (1 to 508) Nonprocedural communication (communication in binary code): The number of bytes (1 to 2046) 	(Refer to the left.)	System
(d1)+1 : (d1)+n	Receive data	Data read from the fixed buffer data area are stored in ascending address order.	—	System

Program example

• The following program reads receive data from the fixed buffer of the connection 2.

(The I/O signals of the Ethernet module are X/Y00 to X/Y1F) [Structured ladder/FBD]

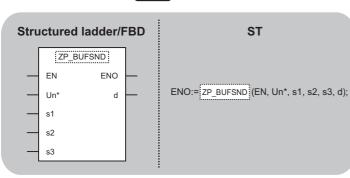
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · Z_BUFRCVS		Performs readout in fixed buffer
		communication
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · 2 <u> </u>		
	• •	

[ST]

Z_BUFRCVS(SM400,"00",2,D700); (* Reads data in fixed buffer communication *)

ZP_BUFSND

Ether



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. ZP_BUFSND

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
ZP_BUFSND	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit
	Un*	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)	String
	s1	Connection number (1 to 16)	ANY16
	s2	Variable that stores control data	Array of ANY16 [01]
	s3	Start number of the device that stores write data	ANY16
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit
	d	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of bit [01]

Setting data ^{*1}	Internal device		R, ZR J□\□	JD/D		UD\GD	Zn	Constant	Others
data ^{^1}	Bit	Word		Bit	Word			К, Н	
(s1)	-	0		-				0	—
(s2)	-	0		-		—	—		
(s3)	-	0		-		—	—		
(d)	0	0		—				—	—

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction sends data to external device in fixed buffer communication.

Setting data

Device	ltem	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s2)[0]	System area	-	—	—
(s2)[1]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	_	System

· Send data

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s3)+0	Send data length	 Data length of the data read from the fixed buffer data area is stored. (Data length becomes the number of words or the number of bytes depending on the procedure used in fixed buffer communication.) With procedure (communication in binary code): The number of words (1 to 1017) With procedure (communication in ASCII code): The number of words (1 to 508) Nonprocedural communication (communication in binary code): The number of bytes (1 to 2046) 	(Refer to the left.)	User
(s3)+1 : (s3)+n	Send data	Specify the send data.	_	User

Program example

• The following program sends data from the fixed buffer of the connection 1.

(The I/O signals of the Ethernet module are X/Y00 to X/Y1F)

[Structured ladder/FBD]

1		Send instruction 1PLS
2		Sets data length (number of words)
	MOV EN ENO	Sets send data
	s d D301	
	■	
	······ ········· ······ ······ ······ ······ ······ ······· ······· ······· ······· ······· ········ ······· ······· ······· ········· ·········· ········ ··········· ············· ················ ····································	Sends data in
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	fixed buffer communication
3	Var_Result[0] Var_Result[1] Process on normal completion	Normal completion
	Var_Result[1] Process on error completion	

IF((X19=TRUE) AND (Var_Flag_Open=TRUE))THEN (* Initialization normal completion signal/connection 1 open completion signal*) PLS(TRUE,Var_Flag_Inst); (* Send instruction 1PLS *) END_IF; IF(Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE)THEN (* Send instruction 1PLS *) MOV(TRUE,3,D300); (* Sets data length (number of words) *) MOV(TRUE,1234,D301); (* Sets send data *) MOV(TRUE,5678,D302); (* Sets send data *) MOV(TRUE,8901,D303); (* Sets send data *) ZP_BUFSND(TRUE,"U0",1,Var_ControlData,D300,Var_Result); (* Sends data in fixed buffer communication *) END_IF; IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *) IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *) -----(* Process on normal completion *) ELSE (* Error completion *) -----(* Process on error completion *)

END IF; END_IF;

Reading or clearing error information

ZP_ERRCLR Ether Structured ladder/FBD ST

ENO:= ZP_ERRCLR (EN, Un*, s, d);

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. ZP_ERRCLR

ENO

d

■Executing condition

EN

Un* s

Instruction	Executing condition
ZP_ERRCLR	₫ T

■Argument

Input/outpu argument	•			Descri	Description			Data type				
Input argumen	t	EN		Executir	ng condition			Bit				
		Un*		(00 to F	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)			String				
s		Variable	Variable that stores control data				Array of ANY16 [07]					
Output argume	ent	ENO		Execution result					Bit			
		d		instruction	le that turns ON upon completion of the tion so turns ON at the time of error completion.			Array of bit [01]				
Setting Interna		device	e	R, ZR	JD/D		UE\GE]	Zn	Constant	Others	
data ^{*1}	Bit	V	Vord		Bit	Word						
(s)	—	C)		-							
(d)	0 0 –											

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction turns OFF the LED on Ethernet module and clears error information stored in the buffer memory.

Setting data

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s)[0]	System area	-	—	—
(s)[1]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	_	System
(s)[2]	Clear target specification	Specify the error information to be cleared. 0000H: Initial error code 0001H to 0010H: Open error code of the corresponding connection 0100H: Error log block area 0101H: Communication status - Status by protocol 0102H: Communication status - E-mail reception status 0103H: Communication status - E-mail transmission status FFFFH: Clears all of the above.	(Refer to the left.)	User
(s)[3]	Clear function specification	Specify the function to be cleared. 0000H: [COM.ERR] LED is turned OFF and an error code is cleared. FFFFH: Error log clear	0000H, FFFFH	User
(s)[4] : (s)[7]	System area	-	-	-

Program example

• The following program clears the open error code of the connection 1.

(The I/O signals of the Ethernet module are X/Y00 to X/Y1F) [Structured ladder/FBD]

1	Var_Flag_Inst · Var_Flag_Exe · · · · H1 · ENO · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Sets clear target Sets clear function
	EN ENO d Var_Flag_Exe	Turns execution flag ON
2	Var_Flag_Exe · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Clears error information
3	Var_Result[0] · Var_Result[1] · · · · BNOVP EN Var_ControlData[1] S d Var_ErrorCode · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Normal completion Clears error code to 0 Error completion Stores error code
	RST EN ENO d —Var_Flag_Exe	Turns execution flag OFF

[ST] IF((Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE) AND (Var_Flag_Exe=FALSE))THEN MOVP(TRUE,H1,Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets clear target *) MOVP(TRUE,H0,Var_ControlData[3]); (* Sets clear function *) SET(TRUE,Var_Flag_Exe); (* Turns execution flag ON *) END_IF; IF(Var_Flag_Exe=TRUE)THEN ZP_ERRCLR(TRUE,"U0", Var_ControlData, Var_Result); (* Clears error information *) END_IF; IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *) IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *) MOVP(TRUE,0,Var_ErrorCode); (* Clears error code to 0 *) END_IF; IF(Var_Result[1]=TRUE)THEN (* Error completion *) MOVP(TRUE,Var_ControlData[1],Var_ErrorCode);(* Stores error code *) END_IF; RST(TRUE,Var_Flag_Exe); (* Turns execution flag OFF *) END_IF;

ther	
ST	
ENO:= ZP_ERRRD (EN, Un*, s, d);	
	ENO:= ZP_ERRRD (EN, Un*, s, d);

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. $\ensuremath{\mathsf{ZP}}\xspace$

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
ZP_ERRRD	f

■Argument

Input/output Name argument			Descript	escription			Data type				
Input argument		EN		Executing	condition			Bit			
		Un*		(00 to FE:	art I/O number of the module 0 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ number in three digits)			String			
S			Variable that stores control data			Array of ANY16 [07]					
Output argum	ent	ENO		Execution	on result			Bit			
		d		instruction	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.			Array of bit [01]			
Setting	Internal	device	I	R, ZR	JD/D		UD\G	I	Zn	Constant	Others
data ^{*1}	Bit	Word			Bit	Word					
(s)	—	0			—						
(d)	0 0 -										

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction reads the error information stored in the buffer memory of the Ethernet module.

Setting data

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s)[0]	System area	-	—	-
(s)[1]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0 : Error completion (error code)	_	System
(s)[2]	Read information specification	Specify the error information to be read. 0: Initial error code 1 to 16: Open error code of the corresponding connection	0, 1 to 16	User
(s)[3]	Read target information specification	Specify the target error information to be read. 0000H: Latest error information	0000H	User

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s)[4]	Error information	The read error information is stored. 0000H: No error Other than 0000H: Error code	_	System
(s)[5] : (s)[7]	System area	_	—	—

Program example

• The following program reads the open error code of the connection 1.

(The I/O signals of the Ethernet module are X/Y00 to X/Y1F) [Structured ladder/FBD]

	Var_Flag_Inst Var_Flag_Exe MOVP Sets open It It EN ENO error code
	H0 EN WOVP Sets latest error information s d
	SET Turns execution EN EN d Var_Flag_Exe
2	Var_Flag_Exe ZP_ERRRD Reads error Image: Stress of the st
3	Var_Result[0] Var_Result[1] MOVP Normal completion Stores error information Var_Result[1] MOVP ErrorInfo
	Var_ControlData[1] EN ENO Var_ErrorCode Stores error code Var_ControlData[1] EN EN Var_ErrorCode Turns execution flag OFF Var Flag Exe flag OFF

[ST]

IF((Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE) AND (Var_Flag_Exe=FALSE))THEN

MOVP(TRUE,H1,Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets open error code of connection number 1 *)

MOVP(TRUE,H0,Var_ControlData[3]); (* Sets latest error information *)

SET(TRUE,Var_Flag_Exe); (* Turns execution flag ON*)

END_IF;

IF(Var_Flag_Exe=TRUE)THEN

ZP_ERRRD(TRUE,"00",Var_ControlData,Var_Result); (* Reads error information *) END_IF;

IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *)

IF(Var Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *)

MOVP(TRUE,Var_ControlData[4],Var_ErrorInfo); (* Stores error information*) END_IF;

IF(Var_Result[1]=TRUE)THEN (* Error completion *)

MOVP(TRUE,Var_ControlData[1],Var_ErrorCode); (* Stores error code *)

END_IF;

RST(TRUE,Var_Flag_Exe); (* Turns execution flag OFF *)

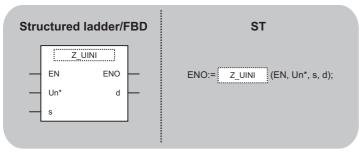
END_IF;

UINI instruction

Z(P)_UINI

CC IE C Ether

*1 ZP_UINI instruction only



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares.

Z_UINI, ZP_UINI

■Executing condition

Instruction	ecuting condition				
Z_UINI					
ZP_UINI					

■Argument

Input/output argument	•			Description				Data type			
Input argument		EN	Executing	Executing condition			Bit				
		Un*	(00 to FE:	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)				String			
		S	Variable th	Variable that stores control data			Array of ANY16 [09]				
Output argument		ENO	Execution	Execution result				Bit			
		d	instruction	iable that turns ON upon completion of the ruction also turns ON at the time of error completion.			Array of bit [01]				
Setting	Internal	device	R, ZR	JD/D	UD\GC]	Zn	Constant	Others		

	data ^{*1}			IX, E IX				 Constant	ounors
		Bit	Word		Bit	Word			
	(s)	—	0		—				
	(d)	0	0		—				

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

Ethernet: This instruction reinitializes the Ethernet module.

CC-Link IE Controller Network: For Universal model QCPU, this instruction sets the station number of the CC-Link IE Controller Network module on normal station (host station).

• Ethernet

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s)[0]	System area	_	—	_
s)[1]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	-	System
(s)[2]	Modification specification	[When updating the address information of external devices which are held by the Ethernet module] • Specify '0H'.*1 [When modifying the host station IP address, operation settings, transmission speed, communication mode] • Specify the parameter to be modified. However, Modification specification of transmission speed, communication mode cannot be executed simultaneously with that of host station IP address, operation settings. If executed, only modification specification of host station IP address and operation settings will be set. b15b12 b1 b0 (3) 0 (2)(1) (1) Modification specification of host station IP address (b0) Specify whether the host station IP address is modified or not. (To modify the IP address, specify the address in (s)[3] and (s)[4].) 0: Not changed 1: Changed (2) Modification specification of operation setting (b1) Specify whether the operation setting is modified or not. (To modify the operation setting is modified or not. (To modify the operation setting is modified or not. (To modify the operation setting is modified or not. (2) Modification specification of transmission speed, communication mode (b15 to b12) Specify whether the operation setting is modified or not. (To modify the transmission speed, communication mode. 0: not changed 1: Changed (3) Modification specification of transmission speed, communication mode (b15 to b12) Sp	(Refer to the left.)	User
(s)[3] (s)[4]	Host station IP address	Specify the IP address of the host station.	00000001H to FFFFFFEH	User
(s)[5]	Operation setting	b15 b8 b1 b0 0 (5) 0 (4) (3) (2) 0 (1) 0 (1) Communication data code setting (b1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 0: Binary code 1: ASCII code (2) TCP existence confirmation setting (b4) 0 Use Ping 1: Use KeepAlive (3) Transmission frame setting (b5) 0 Ethernet frame 1: IEEE802.3 frame (4) Setting for enabling/disabling write during RUN (b6) 0 Disable 1: Enable (5) Initial timing setting (b8) 0 Do not wait for OPEN (communication impossible during STOP status) 1: Always wait for OPEN (communication possible during STOP status) 1 Always wait for OPEN (communication possible during STOP status)	(Refer to the left.)	User
(s)[6]	<u> </u>		0	User
s)[6]	_	Specify 0.	U	User
s)[9]				1

*1 The Ethernet module enables data exchange to restart by clearing the address information retained in the module and by performing reinitial processing. (The Initial normal completion signal (X19) is on.)

CC-link IE Controller Network

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s)[0]	—	Specify 0.	0	User
(s)[1]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	_	System
(s)[2]	Modification specification	Specify the change target 0001H: With station number setting	0001H	User
(s)[3]	Host station No.	Specify the station number of the host station.	1 to 120	User
(s)[4] : (s)[9]	_	Specify 0.	0	User

Point P

The UINI instruction can be executed only once. The UINI instruction cannot be executed again after determination of station number. (It caused an error completion.)

However, in the case of the UINI instruction with the error completion, execute the UINI instruction again after taking corrective action.

Program example

• The following program sets the station number 2. The following is an example for Ethernet. [Structured ladder/FBD]

1	Var_Flag_Inst	Sets change target
	MOV MOV EN EN Var_ControlData[3] S	Sets host station number
2	Var_Flag_Inst · SB70· · · ZP_UINI EN ENO Var_ControlData s	Performs
3	Var_Result[0] Process on completion Var_Result[1] Process on normal completion Var_Result[1] Process on error completion MOV MOV	Execution finished Normal completion Error completion Stores error code
	EN ENO Var_ControlData[1] s d Var_ErrorCode	

<pre>[ST] IF(Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE)THEN MOV(TRUE,H1,Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets change target *) MOV(TRUE,ZR0,Var_ControlData[3]); (* Sets host station number *) END_IF;</pre>
<pre>IND_IT; IF((Var_Flag_Exe=TRUE) AND (SB70=TRUE))THEN ZP_UINI(TRUE,"00",Var_ControlData,Var_Result); (* Performs reinitialization *) END_IF; IF(Var Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *)</pre>
(* Process on completion *) IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *)
(* Process on normal completion *) ELSE (* Error completion *)
(* Process on error completion *) MOV(TRUE, Var_ControlData[1], Var_ErrorCode); (* Stores error code *) END_IF;

END_IF;

E-mail communication

ZP_MRECV		
	Eth	er
Structured la	dder/FBD	ST
EN Un* s	ENO	ENO:= ZP_MRECV (EN, Un*, s, d1, d2
he following ins	truction can	no in the dotted squares

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. ZP_MRECV

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
ZP_MRECV	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit
	Un*	Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)	String
	s	Variable that stores control data	Array of ANY16 [015]
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit
	d1	Start number of the host station's device that stores the content of the received e-mail (header + attached file)	ANY16
	d2	Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d2[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of bit [01]

Setting	Internal device		R, ZR J□\□	UD\GD	Zn	Constant	Others		
data ^{*1}	Bit	Word		Bit	Word				
(S)	—	0		—					
(d1)	—	0		—					
(d2)	0	0		—					

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction reads received e-mail.

Device	Item		Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s)[0]	Execution/Error completion type		b15 b9 b8 b7 b0 0 (2) 0 (1) 0 (1) Error completion type (bit 7) Specify the clock data setup status at the time of error completion. 0: Clock data at the time of error completion is not set in the area starting from (s)[11]. 1: Clock data at the time of error completion is set in the area starting from (s)[11]. (2) Execution type (bit 9)*1 Specify whether to inquire about existence of mails in the server after reading received mails. 0: Not requested (not read) 1: Requested (read)	0000H, 0080H, 0200H, 0280H	User
(s)[1]	Completion	status	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	-	System
(s)[2]	E-mail No. te	o be read	Specify the number of a mail to be read when multiple mails are received. 0: First mail 1 or more: Specified mail	0 or more	User
(s)[3] : (s)[8]	System area	3	_	-	_
(s)[9]	Receive data length	For instruction execution	Specify the data length (header + attached file) of the mail that can be stored in (d1) to (d1)+n. (Header: 1 to 373, attached file: 1 to 6144) 0: Adjust data length to that of the received mail. 1 to 6517: The number of data that can be stored in ((d1) to (d1)+n)	0 to 6517 (word) * Includes the header	User
		At instruction completion	Data length (header + attached file) of the mail stored in (d1) to (d1)+n is stored. 1 to 6517: The number of receive data stored in ((d1) to (d1)+n)	length explained below.	System
(s)[10]	Header length	For instruction execution	Specify the header data length of the mail that can be stored in (d1) to (d1)+n. 0: Adjust header data length to that of the received mail. 1 to 373: The number of data that can be stored in ((d1) to (d1)+n)	0 to 373 (word)	User
		At instruction completion	Header data length of the mail stored in (d1) to (d1)+n is stored. 1 to 373: Number of receive data stored in ((d1) to (d1)+n)	-	System
(s)[11]	Clock set flag		Valid/invalid status of the data in the area starting from (s)[12] is stored. 0: Invalid 1: Valid	0, 1	System
(s)[12] : (s)[15]	Clock data (set only when errors occur)		Clock data at the time of error completion are stored in BCD format. b15 to b8 b7 to b0 (a) [12] Month (01H to 12H) Year (00H to 99H) Last two digits b1 b1 b1 b0 (a) [13] Hour (00H to 23H) Day (01H to 31H) Day (01H to 31H) b1 b1 <td>_</td> <td>System</td>	_	System
(d1)+0 : (d1)+n	Receive dat	а	Content (header + attached file) of the received mail are stored.	-	System

*1 The following table shows the processing that depends on the selection of the execution type after executing the MRECV instruction.

Setting option	Processing	Advantage	Disadvantage
No request (not read)	 Only e-mail read processing from the mail server is performed. Inquiry (reading) for the information of received mails remaining in the mail server is performed after the time set in the GX Works2 parameter has elapsed. 	Unnecessary read processing is not performed when the mail server has no mail.	Even if mails remain in the mail server, they cannot be read immediately. Mails tend to be accumulated in the mail server.

Setting option	Processing	Advantage	Disadvantage
Request (read)	 E-mail read processing from the mail server is performed. After the execution of the MRECV instruction, inquiry (read) processing for information on the received mails remaining in the mail server is performed. (Inquiry for receiving of a mail is made immediately.) 	Received mails stored in the mail server can be read in series.	Inquiries to the mail server are made more often. Internal processing of the module increases, which affects other internal processing to a certain degree.

Program example

• The following program performs the e-mail receiving process by the receive instruction (X21).

(The I/O signals of the Ethernet module are X/Y00 to X/Y1F) [Structured ladder/FBD]

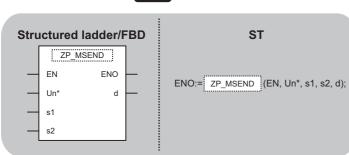
1						
2	Var_Flag_Exe U0\G9858.F MOVP EN EN EN H200 s d	Sets to inquire to server				
	MOVP EN ENO	Sets to read the first mail				
	EN ENO s d	Sets to adjust data length to that of the received mail				
	Image: Move the second seco	Sets to adjust header data length to that of the received mail				
	····· ····· ZP_MRECV ····· EN ENO ····· ····· ····· ····· ····· ·····	Reads received e-mail				
	Var_ControlData s d2					
3	Var_Result[0] Var_Result[1] Process on normal completion	Normal completion				
	Var_Result[1] Process on error completion	Error completion				
<pre>[ST] IF (X21=TRUE) THEN SET(TRUE,Var_Flag_Exe); END_IF; IF((Var_Flag_Exe=TRUE) AND (U0\G9858.F=TRUE))THEN MOVP(TRUE,H200,Var_ControlData[0]); (* Sets to inquire to server *) MOVP(TRUE,0,Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets to read the first mail *) MOVP(TRUE,0,Var_ControlData[9]); (* Sets to adjust data length to that of the received mail *) MOVP(TRUE,0,Var_ControlData[10]); (* Sets to adjust header data length to that of the received mail *) MOVP(TRUE,0,Var_ControlData[10]); (* Sets to adjust header data length to that of the received mail *) ZP_MRECV(TRUE,*00*,Var_ControlData,D100,Var_Result); (* Reads received e-mail *) RST(TRUE,Var_Flag_Exe); END_IF; IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *) IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *)</pre>						
	ess on normal completion *)					
ELSE (*	Error completion *)					

(* Process on error completion *)

```
END_IF;
END_IF;
```

ZP_MSEND

Ether



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. ZP_MSEND

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
ZP_MSEND	

■Argument

Input/outpu argument	It	Name		Description				Data type			
Input argumer	EN		Executing	condition			Bit				
		Un*		Start I/O number of the module (00 to FE: Higher two digits when expressing the I/ O number in three digits)				String			
s1				Variable that stores control data					y of ANY16 [01	15]	
s2				Start number of the host station's device that stores the content of the sent e-mail (subject + attached file) or (subject + text)				ANY16			
Output argum	ent	ENO		Execution result				Bit			
		d		Variable that turns ON upon completion of the instruction d[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.			Array of bit [01]				
Setting	Internal	ernal device		ZR	JD/D		UD\GC] Zn		Constant	Others
data ^{*1} Bit		Word			Bit	Word					
(s1)	—	0			—						
(s2)	—	0			-						
(d)	0	0			_						

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction sends an e-mail.

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side	
(s1)[0]	Execution/Error completion type Send data format	b15 b8 b7 b0 0 (2) (1) 0 (1) Error completion type (bit 7) Specify the clock data setup status at the time of error completion. 0: Clock data at the time of error completion is not set in the area starting from (s1)[11]. 1: Clock data at the time of error completion is set in the area starting from (s1)[11]. (2) Secify the data format (bit 12 to bit 8) Specify the data format of the send data. (Sending the data as an attached file) • Binary data • ASCII data (converted from binary into ASCII) • CSV data (converted from binary into CSV) (Sending the data as a text) • Binary data [Precautions for specifying a text] • When a text is specified, setting at bit 11 to bit 8 is invalid. • Specify the text in ASCII characters in a sequence program. (Ethernet module does not convert text into ASCII characters.) • The following binary code data are treated as control codes. 0D0AH: Line feed code, CR+LF 0OH: End of the text • The number of characters per line in a text to 78 characters or less (Enter the line feed code, CR+LF (0D0AH), at the last line of a text.)	(Refer to the left.)	User	
(s1)[1]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	-	System	
(s1)[2]	Transmission destination No.	Specify the external device to which e-mails are to be sent by the setting number on [Send mail address setting] of GX Works2. 1 to 16: Setting number of the external device	1 to 16	User	
(s1)[3] : (s1)[8]	System area	_	-	_	
(s1)[9]	Send data length	Specify the data length ((subject + attached file) or (subject + text)) of the mail stored in (s2) to (s2)+n. • Sending the data as an attached file (subject: 0 to 373, attached file: 1 to 6144) 1 to 6517: Data length (word) of a mail • Sending the data as a text (subject: 0 to 373, text: 1 to 960) 1 to 1333: Data length (word) of a mail	0 to 6517 or 1 to 1333	User	
(s1)[10]	Subject length	Specify the subject data length of the mail stored in (s2) to (s2)+n. 0 to 373: Data length (word) of subject	0 to 373	User	
(s1)[11]	Clock set flag	Valid/invalid status of the data in the area starting from (s1)[12] is stored. 0: Invalid 1: Valid	_	System	
(s1)[12] : (s1)[15]	Clock data (set only when errors occur)	Clock data at the time of error completion are stored in BCD format. b15 to b8 b7 to b0 (a1 [12] Month (01H to 12H) Year (00H to 99H) Last two digits (a1 [13] Hour (00H to 23H) Day (01H to 31H) (a1 [14] Second (00H to 59H) Minute (00H to 59H) (a1 [15] Year (00H to 99H) First two digits Day of week (00H to 06H) (a1 [15] Year (00H to 99H) First two digits Day of week (00H to 06H) (a1 [15] (a1 [15]	_	System	

Send data

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s2)+0 : (s2)+n	Send data	Specify the content of ((subject + attached file) or (Subject + text)) of a mail to be sent.	—	User

Program example

• The following program performs e-mail sending process by the send instruction (X20).

(The I/O signals of the Ethernet module are X/Y00 to X/Y1F)

· Sending the data as an attached file

[Structured ladder/FBD]

1	X20 MOVP EN ENO	Sets ASCII as send data format
	EN ENO s d	Sets transmission destination number
	MOVP EN ENO	Sets send data length
	EN ENO 	Sets subject length
	\$MOVP EN ENO "testmail msend" s d	Sets subject
	MOVP EN ENO D207	Sets file to be attached
	MOVP EN ENO 	
	MOVP EN ENO D209	
	ZP_MSEND ZP_MSEND EN EN "U0" Un	Sends e-mail
_	Var_ControlData s1 D200 s2	
2	Var_Result[0] Var_Result[1] Process on normal completion	Normal completion
	Process on error completion	Error completion

[ST]
IF(X20=TRUE)THEN
MOVP(TRUE,H800,Var_ControlData[0]); (* Sets ASCII as send data format *)
MOVP(TRUE,1,Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets transmission destination number *)
MOVP(TRUE,10,Var_ControlData[9]); (* Sets send data length *)
MOVP(TRUE,7,Var_ControlData[10]); (* Sets subject length *)
Int_Msg[0] := H6574; (* te *)
Int_Msg[1] := H7473; (* st *)
Int_Msg[2] := H616d; (* ma *)
Int_Msg[3] := H6c69; (* il *)
Int_Msg[4] := H6d20; (* m *)
Int_Msg[5] := H6573; (* se *)
Int_Msg[6] := H646e; (* nd *) (* Sets subject *)
MOVP(TRUE,H1234,Int_Msg[7]); (* Sets file to be attached *)
MOVP(TRUE,H5678,Int_Msg[8]);
MOVP(TRUE,H9ABC,Int_Msg[9]);
ZP_MSEND(TRUE,"U0",Var_ControlData,Int_Msg[0],Var_Result); (* Sends e-mail *)
END_IF;
IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *)
IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *)
(* Process on normal completion *)
ELSE (* Error completion *)
·
(* Process on error completion *)
END IF:
END IF;

[ST]

Sending the data as a text

[Structured ladder/FBD]

	→ ×20 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Sets text as send data format
	MOVP MOVP EN ENO Yar ControlData[2]	Sets transmission destination number
	MOVP MOVP EN ENO War_ControlData[9]	Sets send data length
	<td< td=""><td>Sets subject length</td></td<>	Sets subject length
	State State <th< td=""><td>Sets subject</td></th<>	Sets subject
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Sets text
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Sends e-mail
	EN EN EN EN EN War_Result · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · ·
2	Var_Result[0] Var_Result[1] Process on normal completion	Normal completion
	Var Result[1]	Error completion

[ST] IF(X20=TRUE)THEN MOVP(TRUE,H1000,Var_ControlData[0]); (* Sets text as send data format *) MOVP(TRUE,1,Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets transmission destination number *) MOVP(TRUE,16,Var_ControlData[9]); (* Sets send data length *) MOVP(TRUE,7,Var_ControlData[10]); (* Sets subject length *) Int_Msg[0] := H6574; (* te *) Int_Msg[1] := H7473; (* st *) Int_Msg[2] := H616d; (* ma *) Int_Msg[3] := H6c69; (* il *) Int_Msg[4] := H6d20; (* m *) Int_Msg[5] := H6573; (* se *) Int_Msg[6] := H646e; (* nd *) (* Sets subject *) Int_Msg[7] := H7274; (* Er *) Int_Msg[8] := H6f72; (* ro *) Int_Msg[9] := H2072; (* r *) Int_Msg[10] := H614d; (* Ma *) Int_Msg[11] := H6863; (* ch *) Int_Msg[12] := H6e69; (* in *) Int_Msg[13] := H3165; (* e1 *) Int_Msg[14] := H3020; (* 0 *) Int_Msg[15] := H3130; (* 01 *) (* Sets text *) ZP_MSEND(TRUE,"U0",Var_ControlData,Int_Msg[0],Var_Result); (* Sends e-mail *) END_IF; IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *) IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *) ------(* Process on normal completion *) ELSE (* Error completion *)

ELSE (^ Error completion ^)	
(* Process on error completion *)	
END_IF;	

END_IF;

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6 PID CONTROL INSTRUCTION

6.1 PID Control Instruction (Inexact Differential)

Data setting

ST
ENO:= <u>S_PIDINIT</u> (EN, s);

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. S_PIDINIT, SP_PIDINIT

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
S_PIDINIT	
SP_PIDINIT	

■Argument

Input/output argument	•				Description			Data type				
Input argument EN				Executing condition				Bit				
S				Start number of the device that stores PID control data			ANY16					
Output argume	ent	EN	0		Execution result			Bit				
Setting	Internal	device		R, 2	ZR	JD/D		UE\GE	I	Zn	Constant	Others
data	Bit		Word			Bit	Word					
(s)	—		0			—	•					

Processing details

This instruction enables PID control by registering the PID control data for the number of loops to be used to the CPU module in batch.

Device	Data item	Description	Setting range		Setting	Processing when the	
			With PID limits	Without PID limits	side	setting data are outside the setting range	
Common se	tting data (device: (s)+	L to (s)+1)			ļ		
(s)+0	Number of loops	Set the number of loops for PID operation.	1 to 32		User	An error occurs and the PID operation for all loops is not	
(s)+1	Number of loops in one scan	Set the number of loops for PID operation in one scan if multiple loops have reached the sampling cycle time.	1 to 32		User	performed.	
Setting data	for No. 1 loop (device:	(s)+2 to (s)+15)	1				
(s)+2	Operational expression selection	Select the PID operational expression.*1	0: Forward operation 1: Reverse operation	0: Forward operation 1: Reverse operation	User	An error occurs and the PID operation for the corresponding loop is not performed.	
(s)+3	Sampling cycle (T _S)	Set the PID operation cycle.	1 to 6000 (unit: 10ms)	1 to 6000 (unit: 10ms)	User		
(s)+4	Proportional constant (K _P)	Proportional gain of PID operation	1 to 10000 (unit: 0.01)	1 to 10000 (unit: 0.01)	User		
(s)+5	Integral constant (T _I)	Constant that expresses the magnitude of the integral action (I action) effect.	1 to 32767 (unit: 100ms)	1 to 32767 (unit: 100ms)	User		
		Increasing the integral constant slows down the manipulated value change.	If setting value > 30000 $T_1 = Infinite (\infty)$	If setting value > 30000 T _I = Infinite (∞)			
(s)+6	Derivative constant (T _D)	Constant that expresses the magnitude of the derivative action (D action) effect. Increasing the derivative constant causes a significant change in the manipulated value even with a slight change of the control target.	0 to 30000 (unit: 10ms)	0 to 30000 (unit: 10ms)	User		
(s)+7	Filter coefficient (a)	Set the degree of filtering to be applied to the process value. The filtering effect decreases as the value gets closer to 0.	0 to 100	0 to 100	User		
(s)+8	MV lower limit (MVLL)	Set the lower limit for the manipulated value (MV) calculated in PID operation in automatic mode. If the MV is less than the set lower limit value (MVLL), the value is clipped to the MVLL.	-50 to 2050	-32768 to 32767	User	In the case of "With PID limits", the PID operation is performed after values are replaced as follows: • If the MVLL or MVHL is less than -50, the value is clipped to -50.	
(s)+9	MV upper limit (MVHL)	Set the upper limit for the manipulated value calculated in PID operation in automatic mode. If the MV is greater than the set upper limit value (MVHL), the value is clipped to the MVHL.	-50 to 2050	-32768 to 32767	User	If the MVLL or MVHL is greater than 2050, the value is clipped to 2050.	

Device	Data item	Description	Setting range		Setting	Processing when the	
			With PID limits Without PID limits		side	setting data are outside the setting range	
(s)+10	MV change rate limit (∆MVL)	Set the variation limit between the previous MV and the present MV. When the MV variation is greater than the limit value, bit 1 (b1) of the alarm device is set to '1'. MV variation is not limited. (Even if the MV variation exceeds the limit value, the actual MV variation is used as it is for calculating the MV.)	0 to 2000	-32768 to 32767	User	 In the case of "With PID limits", the PID operation is performed after values are replaced as follows: If the ΔMVL value is less than 0, the value is clipped to 0. If the ΔMVL value is greater than 2000, the value is clipped to 2000. 	
(s)+11	PV change rate limit (ΔPVL)	Set the variation limit between the previous PV and the present PV. When the PV variation is greater than the limit value, bit 0 (b0) of the alarm device is set to '1'. PV variation is not limited. (Even if the PV variation exceeds the limit value, the actual PV variation is used as it is for performing the PID operation.)	0 to 2000	-32768 to 32767	User	 In the case of "With PID limits", the PID operation is performed after values are replaced as follows: If the ΔPVL value is less than 0, the value is clipped to 0. If the ΔPVL value is greater than 2000, the value is clipped to 2000. 	
(s)+12	(Fixed value)	-	0	0	User	—	
(s)+13	Derivative gain (K _D)	Set a duration (delay in action) for derivative action. As the setting value increases, the duration becomes smaller and action becomes closer to exact differential. Ideal value K _D = 8.00	0 to 32767 (unit: 0.01) If setting value > 30000 K_D = Infinite (∞)	0 to 32767 (unit: 0.01) If setting value > 30000 K_D = Infinite (∞)	User	An error occurs and the PID operation for the corresponding loop is not performed.	
(s)+14	(Fixed value)	-	0	0	User	_	
(s)+15	(Fixed value)	—	0	0	User	—	

Device	Data item	Description	Setting range		Setting	Processing when the	
			With PID limits	Without PID limits	side	setting data are outside the setting range	
(s)+16	Operational expression selection	The same as Setting data for t	No. 1 loop				
(s)+17	Sampling cycle (T _S)	Ť					
(s)+18	Proportional constant (K _P)						
(s)+19	Integral constant (T _I)						
(s)+20	Derivative constant (T _D)						
(s)+21	Filter coefficient (α)						
(s)+22	MV lower limit (MVLL)						
(s)+23	MV upper limit (MVHL)						
(s)+24	MV change rate limit (ΔMVL)						
(s)+25	PV change rate limit (ΔPVL)						
(s)+26	(Fixed value)						
(s)+27	Derivative gain (K _D)						
(s)+28	(Fixed value)						
(s)+29	(Fixed value)						
Setting data	for No. n loop	I					
(s)+(m+0)	Operational expression selection	The same as Setting data for M m=(n-1)×14+2 n: number of loops	No. 1 loop				
(s)+(m+1)	Sampling cycle (T _S)						
(s)+(m+2)	Proportional constant (K _P)						
(s)+(m+3)	Integral constant (T _I)						
(s)+(m+4)	Derivative constant (T _D)						
(s)+(m+5)	Filter coefficient (a)						
(s)+(m+6)	MV lower limit (MVLL)						
(s)+(m+7)	MV upper limit (MVHL)	•					
(s)+(m+8)	MV change rate limit (ΔMVL)	÷					
(s)+(m+9)	PV change rate limit (ΔPVL)						
(s)+(m+10)	(Fixed value)	†					
(s)+(m+11)	Derivative gain (K _D)	÷					
(s)+(m+12)	(Fixed value)	†					
(s)+(m+13)	(Fixed value)						

*1 For the PID operational expression set in the operational expression selection, refer to the following.

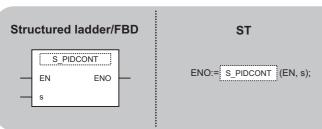
Precautions

The following table shows the CPU modules applicable to the PID control instructions (inexact differential) and the PID control instructions (exact differential).

CPU module model		Inexact differential	Exact differential
Basic model QCPU	The first five digits of the serial number are '04121' or lower.	×	×
	The first five digits of the serial number are '04122' or higher	0	0
High Performance model	The first five digits of the serial number are '05031' or lower.	×	0
QCPU	The first five digits of the serial number are '05032' or higher.	0	0
Redundant CPU		0	0
Universal model QCPU		0	0
LCPU		0	0

PID operation

S(P)_PIDCONT



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. S_PIDCONT, SP_PIDCONT

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
S_PIDCONT	
SP_PIDCONT	

■Argument

Input/output argument	t	Name		Descript	ion			Data	type		
Input argumen	t	EN		Executing condition			Bit	Bit			
S			Start number of the device that is assigned in I/O data area			ANY16					
Output argume	ent	ENO		Execution	result			Bit			
Setting	Internal	device	R,	, ZR	JD/D		UD\GD	I	Zn	Constant	Others
data	Bit	Word			Bit	Word	1				
(s)	—	0			—						

Processing details

- This instruction measures sampling cycle and performs PID operation at instruction execution.
- This instruction performs PID operation based on the set value (SV) and process value (PV) in the I/O data area set to the device number specified by (s) or later, and stores the operation result to the automatic manipulated value (MV) area in the I/O data area.
- PID operation is performed in response to the first execution of the PIDCONT instruction after the set sampling cycle time has elapsed.

Device	Data name		Description	Setting range		Setting	Processing when the	
				With PID limits Without PID limits		side	setting data are outside the setting range	
(s)+0	Initial process	ing flag	Processing method at the start of PID operation	0: PID operation for the number of loops to be used is batch-processed in one scan. Other than 0: PID operation for the number of loops to be used is processed in several scans.		User	-	
(s)+1 : (s)+9	PID control w (reserved by t)	_	-	_	_	
I/O data are	a for No. 1 loop	(device: (s)	+10 to (s)+27)			1		
(s)+10	Setting value	SV	PID control target value	0 to 2000	-32768 to 32767	User	In the case of "With PID limits", the PID operation is performed after values are replaced as follows: • If SV is less than 0, the value is clipped to 0. • If SV is greater than 2000, the value is clipped to 2000.	
(s)+11	Process value	PV	Feedback data from the control target to the A/D conversion module	-50 to 2050	-32768 to 32767	User	In the case of "With PID limits", the PID operation is performed after values are replaced as follows: • If PV is less than -50, the value is clipped to -50. • If PV is greater than 2050, the value is clipped to 2050.	
(s)+12	Automatic manipulated value	MV	 Manipulated value obtained by PID operation The value is output from the D/A conversion module to the control target. 	-50 to 2050	-32768 to 32767	System	_	
(s)+13	Process value after filtering	PVf	Process value obtained by calculation using operational expression.*1	-50 to 2050	-32768 to 32767	System	-	
(s)+14	Manual manipulated value	MV _{MAN}	Store the data output from the D/A conversion module in manual operation.	-50 to 2050	-32768 to 32767	User	In the case of "With PID limits", the PID operation is performed after values are replaced as follows: • If MV _{MAN} is less than -50, the value is clipped to -50. • If MV _{MAN} is greater than 2050, the value is clipped to 2050.	
(s)+15	Manual/ automatic selection	MAN/ AUTO	 Select whether the output to the D/A conversion module is a manual manipulated value or an automatic manipulated value. In manual operation, the automatic manipulated value remains unchanged. 	0: Automatic manipu 1: Manual manipula		User	When other than 0 or 1 is selected, an error occurs and the operation for the corresponding loop is not performed.	

Device	Data name		Description	Setting range		Setting	Processing when the
				With PID limits	Without PID limits	side	setting data are outside the setting range
(s)+16	Alarm	ALARM	 Used to determine if the change rate of the MV (manipulated value) and the PV (process value) is within or outside the limit value range. Once set, the alarm data are maintained until the user resets it. 	0 (; When the MV variati range, bit 1 (b1) is s	1 b0 2) (1) on is outside the limit et to '1'. on is outside the limit	User System	
(s)+17 : (s)+32	PID control we (reserved by t			—		_	_
	a for No. 2 loop ((device: (s)-	+28 to (s)+45)	1		1	
(s)+33	Setting value	SV	The same as I/O data area fo	r No. 1 loop			
(s)+34	Process value	PV					
(s)+35	Automatic manipulated value	MV	1				
(s)+36	Process value after filtering	PVf					
(s)+37	Manual manipulated value	MV _{MAN}					
(s)+38	Manual/ automatic selection	MAN/ AUTO					
(s)+39	Alarm	ALARM					
(s)+40 : (s)+55	PID control we (reserved by t			_		_	-
I/O data area	a for No. n loop						
(s)+(m+0)	Setting value	SV	The same as I/O data area fo $m=(n-1) \times 23+10$	r No. 1 loop			
(s)+(m+1)	Process value	PV	n: number of loops				
(s)+(m+2)	Automatic manipulated value	MV					
(s)+(m+3)	Process value after filtering	PVf					
(s)+(m+4)	Manual manipulated value	MV _{MAN}					
(s)+(m+5)	Manual/ automatic selection	MAN/ AUTO					
(s)+(m+6)	Alarm	ALARM					1
(s)+(m+7) : (s)+(m+22)	PID control we (reserved by t			_		-	_

*1 For process value after filtering (PVf), the value calculated based on the process value of input data are stored. For the operational expression, refer to the following.

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Precautions

The following table shows the CPU modules applicable to the PID control instructions (inexact differential) and the PID control instructions (exact differential).

CPU module model		Inexact differential	Exact differential
Basic model QCPU	The first five digits of the serial number are '04121' or lower.	×	×
	The first five digits of the serial number are '04122' or higher	0	0
High Performance model	The first five digits of the serial number are '05031' or lower.	×	0
QCPU	The first five digits of the serial number are '05032' or higher.	0	0
Redundant CPU		0	0
Universal model QCPU		0	0
LCPU		0	0

PIDSTOP instruction and **PIDRUN** instruction

S_PIDSTOP, S_PIDRUN



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. S_PIDSTOP, SP_PIDSTOP, S_PIDRUN, SP_PIDRUN

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
S_PIDSTOP, S_PIDRUN	
SP_PIDSTOP, SP_PIDRUN	

■Argument

Input/output argument	t	Name		Description Data			a type				
Input argument EN		EN		Executing condition			Bit				
n		n		Loop number for stop/start			ANY16				
Output argume	ent	ENO		Execution	result			Bit	Bit		
Setting	Internal	l device R, Z		ZR				UD\GD Zr		Constant	Others
data	Bit	Word			Bit	Word	-			К, Н	
(n)	0	C			—					0	—

Processing details

• S(P)_PIDSTOP

This instruction stops the PID operation for the loop number specified by 'n'.

• S(P)_PIDRUN

This instruction starts the PID operation for the loop number specified by 'n'.

Precautions

The following table shows the CPU modules applicable to the PID control instructions (inexact differential) and the PID control instructions (exact differential).

CPU module model		Inexact differential	Exact differential
Basic model QCPU	The first five digits of the serial number are '04121' or lower.	×	×
	The first five digits of the serial number are '04122' or higher	0	0
High Performance model	The first five digits of the serial number are '05031' or lower.	×	0
QCPU	The first five digits of the serial number are '05032' or higher.	0	0
Redundant CPU		0	0
Universal model QCPU		0	0
LCPU		0	0

Operation parameter change

S(P)_PIDPRMW



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. S_PIDPRMW, SP_PIDPRMW

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
S_PIDPRMW	
SP_PIDPRMW	

■Argument

Input/outpu argument	t	Name		Description				Data	a type		
Input argument EN			Executing condition			Bit					
n		Loop number to be changed			ANY16						
S			Start number of the device that stores PID control data to be changed			ANY16					
Output argum	ent	ENO		Execution result		Bit					
Setting	Internal	device	R,	ZR	JD/D	UEI\GE		l Zn	Zn	Constant	Others
data	Bit	Word			Bit	Word				К, Н	
(n)	0	0			_					0	-
(s)	—	0			—					—	—

Processing details

This instruction changes the operation parameter of the loop number specified by 'n' to the PID control data stored in the devices starting from the device number specified by (s).

Device	Data item	Description	Setting range		Setting	Processing when the	
			With PID limits	Without PID limits	side	setting data are outside the setting range	
(s)+0	Operational expression selection	Select the PID operational expression.*1	0: Forward operation 1: Reverse operation	0: Forward operation 1: Reverse operation	User	An error occurs and the PID operation for the corresponding loop is not performed.	
(s)+1	Sampling cycle (T _S)	Set the PID operation cycle.	1 to 6000 (unit: 10ms)	1 to 6000 (unit: 10ms)	User		
(s)+2	Proportional constant (K _P)	Proportional gain of PID operation	1 to 10000 (unit: 0.01)	1 to 10000 (unit: 0.01)	User	An error occurs and the PID operation for the	
(s)+3	Integral constant (T _I)	Constant that expresses the magnitude of the integral action (I action) effect. Increasing the integral constant slows down the manipulated value change.	1 to 32767 (unit: 100ms) If setting value > 30000 Τ _I = Infinite (∞)	1 to 32767 (unit: 100ms) If setting value > 30000 $T_1 = Infinite (\infty)$	User	corresponding loop is not performed.	
(s)+4	Derivative constant (T _D)	Constant that expresses the magnitude of the derivative action (D action) effect. Increasing the derivative constant causes significant changes in the manipulated value even with a slight change of the control target.	0 to 30000 (unit: 10ms)	0 to 30000 (unit: 10ms)	User		
(s)+5	Filter coefficient (a)	Set the degree of filtering to be applied to the process value. The filtering effect decreases as the value gets closer to 0.	0 to 100	0 to 100	User		
(s)+6	MV lower limit (MVLL)	Set the lower limit for the manipulated value (MV) calculated in PID operation in automatic mode. If the MV is less than the set lower limit value (MVLL), the value is clipped to the MVLL.	-50 to 2050	-32768 to 32767	User	In the case of "With PID limits", the PID operation is performed after values are replaced as follows: • If MVLL or MVHL value is less than -50, the value is clipped to -50.	
(s)+7	MV upper limit (MVHL)	Set the upper limit for the manipulated value calculated in PID operation in automatic mode. If the MV is greater than the set upper limit value (MVHL), the value is clipped to the MVHL.	-50 to 2050	-32768 to 32767	User	If MVLL or MVHL value is greater than 2050, the value is clipped to 2050.	
(s)+8	MV change rate limit (∆MVL)	Set the variation limit between the previous MV and the present MV. When the MV variation is greater than the limit value, bit 1 (b1) of the alarm device is set to '1'. MV variation is not limited. (Even if the MV variation exceeds the limit value, the actual MV variation is used as it is for calculating the MV.)	0 to 2000	-32768 to 32767	User	 In the case of "With PID limits", the PID operation is performed after values are replaced as follows: If the ΔMVL value is less than 0, the value is clipped to 0. If the ΔMVL value is greater than 2000, the value is clipped to 2000. 	

Device	Data item	Description	Setting range		Setting	Processing when the setting data are outside the setting range	
			With PID limits	Without PID limits	side		
(s)+9	PV change rate limit (ΔPVL)	Set the variation limit between the previous PV and the present PV. When the PV variation is greater than the limit value, bit 0 (b0) of the alarm device is set to '1'. PV variation is not limited. (Even if the PV variation exceeds the limit value, the actual PV variation is used as it is for performing the PID operation.)	0 to 2000	-32768 to 32767	User	 In the case of "With PID limits", the PID operation is performed after values are replaced as follows: If the ΔPVL value is less than 0, the value is clipped to 0. If the ΔPVL value is greater than 2000, the value is clipped to 2000. 	
(s)+10	(Fixed value)	—	0	0	User	—	
(s)+11	Derivative gain (K _D)	Set a duration (delay in action) for derivative action. As the setting value increases, the duration becomes smaller and action becomes closer to exact differential. Ideal value K _D = 8.00	0 to 32767 (unit: 0.01) If setting value > 30000 K _D = Infinite (∞)	0 to 32767 (unit: 0.01) If setting value > 30000 K _D = Infinite (∞)	User	An error occurs and the PID operation for the corresponding loop is not performed.	
(s)+12	(Fixed value)	—	0	0	User	—	
(s)+13	(Fixed value)	—	0	0	User	—	

*1 For the PID operational expression set in the operational expression selection, refer to the following.

Precautions

The following table shows the CPU modules applicable to the PID control instructions (inexact differential) and the PID control instructions (exact differential).

CPU module model		Inexact differential	Exact differential
Basic model QCPU	The first five digits of the serial number are '04121' or lower.	×	×
	The first five digits of the serial number are '04122' or higher	0	0
High Performance model	The first five digits of the serial number are '05031' or lower.	×	0
QCPU	The first five digits of the serial number are '05032' or higher.	0	0
Redundant CPU	·	0	0
Universal model QCPU		0	0
LCPU		0	0

6.2 PID Control Instruction (Exact Differential)

Data setting

PIDINIT(P)

Structured ladder/FBD	ST
	ENO:= PIDINIT (EN, s);

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. PIDINIT, PIDINITP

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
PIDINIT	
PIDINITP	

■Argument

Input/outpu argument	t	Name		Descript	Description				a type		
Input argument EN			Executing	Executing condition			Bit				
S				Start numb data	Start number of the device that stores PID control ANY16 data						
Output argume	ent	ENO		Execution	Execution result		Bit				
Setting	Internal	device	R	R, ZR	JD/D]	Zn	Constant	Others
data	Bit	Word			Bit	Word	1				
(s)	—	0			—					·	

Processing details

This instruction enables PID control by registering the PID control data for the number of loops to be used to the CPU module in batch.

Device	Data item	Description	Setting range		Setting	Processing when the
			With PID limits	Without PID limits	side	setting data are outside the setting range
Common se	etting data (device: (s)+0) to (s)+1)		<u> </u>		
(s)+0	Number of loops	Set the number of loops for PID operation.	1 to 32		User	An error occurs and the PID operation for all loops is not
(s)+1	Number of loops in one scan	Set the number of loops for PID operation in one scan if multiple loops have reached the sampling cycle time.	1 to 32		User	performed.
Setting data	for No. 1 loop (device:	(s)+2 to (s)+11)				
(s)+2	Operational expression selection	Select the PID operational expression.*1	0: Forward operation 1: Reverse operation	0: Forward operation 1: Reverse operation	User	An error occurs and the PID operation for the corresponding loop is not performed.
(s)+3	Sampling cycle (T _S)	Set the PID operation cycle.	1 to 6000 (unit: 10ms)	1 to 6000 (unit: 10ms)	User	
(s)+4	Proportional constant (K _P)	Proportional gain of PID operation	1 to 10000 (unit: 0.01)	1 to 10000 (unit: 0.01)	User	
(s)+5	Integral constant (T _I)	Constant that expresses the magnitude of the integral action (I action) effect.	1 to 32767 (unit: 100ms)	1 to 32767 (unit: 100ms)	User	-
		Increasing the integral constant slows down the manipulated value change.	If setting value > 30000 T_1 = Infinite (∞)	If setting value > 30000 $T_1 = Infinite (\infty)$		
(\$)+6	Derivative constant (T _D)	Constant that expresses the magnitude of the derivative action (D action) effect. Increasing the derivative constant causes a significant changes in the manipulated value even with a slight change of the control target.	0 to 30000 (unit: 10ms)	0 to 30000 (unit: 10ms)	User	
(s)+7	Filter coefficient (α)	Set the degree of filtering to be applied to the process value. The filtering effect decreases as the value gets closer to 0.	0 to 100	0 to 100	User	
(s)+8	MV lower limit (MVLL)	Set the lower limit for the manipulated value (MV) calculated in PID operation in automatic mode. If the MV is less than the set lower limit value (MVLL), the value is clipped to the MVLL.	-50 to 2050	-32768 to 32767	User	In the case of "With PID limits", the PID operation is performed after values are replaced as follows: • If MVLL or MVHL value is less than -50, the value is clipped to -50.
(\$)+9	MV upper limit (MVHL)	Set the upper limit for the manipulated value calculated in PID operation in automatic mode. If the MV is greater than the set upper limit value (MVHL), the value is clipped to the MVHL.	-50 to 2050	-32768 to 32767	User	If MVLL or MVHL value is greater than 2050, the value is clipped to 2050.

Device	Data item	Description	Setting range		Setting	Processing when the	
			With PID limits	Without PID limits	side	setting data are outside the setting range	
(s)+10	MV change rate limit (∆MVL)	Set the variation limit between the previous MV and the present MV. When the MV variation is greater than the limit value, bit 1 (b1) of the alarm device is set to '1'. MV variation is not limited. (Even if the MV variation exceeds the limit value, the actual MV variation is used as it is for calculating the MV.)	0 to 2000	-32768 to 32767	User	 In the case of "With PID limits", the PID operation is performed after values are replaced as follows: If the ΔMVL value is less than 0, the value is clipped to 0. If the ΔMVL value is greater than 2000, the value is clipped to 2000. 	
(s)+11	PV change rate limit (∆PVL)	Set the variation limit between the previous PV and the present PV. When the PV variation is greater than the limit value, bit 0 (b0) of the alarm device is set to '1'. PV variation is not limited. (Even if the PV variation exceeds the limit value, the actual PV variation is used as it is for performing the PID operation.)	0 to 2000	-32768 to 32767	User	 In the case of "With PID limits", the PID operation is performed after values are replaced as follows: If the ΔPVL value is less than 0, the value is clipped to 0. If the ΔPVL value is greater than 2000, the value is clipped to 2000. 	
Setting data	for No. 2 loop (device:	(s)+12 to (s)+21)				1	
(s)+12	Operational expression selection	The same as Setting data for N	No. 1 loop				
(s)+13	Sampling cycle (T _S)						
(s)+14	Proportional constant (K _P)						
(s)+15	Integral constant (T _I)						
(s)+16	Derivative constant						
(5)+10	(T _D)						
(s)+10 (s)+17	(T _D) Filter coefficient (α)	-					
. ,							
(s)+17 (s)+18	Filter coefficient (α) MV lower limit						
(s)+17	Filter coefficient (α) MV lower limit (MVLL) MV upper limit	-					

Device	Data item	Description	Setting range		Setting	Processing when the
			With PID limits	Without PID limits	side	setting data are outside the setting range
(s)+(m+0)	Operational expression selection	The same as Setting data for M m=(n-1)×10+2 n: number of loops	No. 1 loop			
(s)+(m+1)	Sampling cycle (T _S)	*				
(s)+(m+2)	Proportional constant (K _P)	*				
(s)+(m+3)	Integral constant (T _I)	*				
(s)+(m+4)	Derivative constant (T_D)					
(s)+(m+5)	Filter coefficient (α)					
(s)+(m+6)	MV lower limit (MVLL)	*				
(s)+(m+7)	MV upper limit (MVHL)	•				
(s)+(m+8)	MV change rate limit (△MVL)	† 				
(s)+(m+9)	PV change rate limit (ΔPVL)	1				

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*1 For the PID operational expression set in the operational expression selection, refer to the following. MELSEC-Q/L/QnA Programming Manual (PID Control Instructions)

Precautions

The following table shows the CPU modules applicable to the PID control instructions (inexact differential) and the PID control instructions (exact differential).

CPU module model		Inexact differential	Exact differential
Basic model QCPU	The first five digits of the serial number are '04121' or lower.	×	×
	The first five digits of the serial number are '04122' or higher	0	0
High Performance model	The first five digits of the serial number are '05031' or lower.	×	0
QCPU	The first five digits of the serial number are '05032' or higher.	0	0
Redundant CPU		0	0
Universal model QCPU		0	0
LCPU		0	0

PID operation

PIDCONT(P)

Structured ladder/FBD	ST
EN ENO	ENO:= PIDCONT (EN, s);

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. PIDCONT, PIDCONTP

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
PIDCONT	
PIDCONTP	

■Argument

Input/output argument	t	Name		Description Data type							
Input argument EN				Executing	Executing condition Bit						
S				Start number of the device that is assigned in I/O data area				ANY16			
Output argume	ent	ENO		Execution	result			Bit			
Setting	Internal	device	R,	, ZR	JD/D	l		I	Zn	Constant	Others
data	Bit Word Bit Word						1				
(s)	—	0									

Processing details

- This instruction measures sampling cycle and performs PID operation at instruction execution.
- This instruction performs PID operation based on the set value (SV) and process value (PV) in the I/O data area set to the device number specified by (s) or later, and stores the operation result to the automatic manipulated value (MV) area in the I/O data area.
- PID operation is performed in response to the first execution of the PIDCONT instruction after the set sampling cycle time has elapsed.

Device	Data name		Description	Setting range		Setting	Processing when the	
				With PID limits Without PID limits		side	setting data are outside the setting range	
(s)+0	Initial process	ing flag	Processing method at the start of PID operation	to be used is batch- scan. Other than 0: PID of	-	User	-	
(s)+1 : (s)+9	PID control w (reserved by t)	_	-	_	_	
I/O data are	a for No. 1 loop	(device: (s)	+10 to (s)+27)			1		
(s)+10	Setting value	SV	PID control target value	0 to 2000	-32768 to 32767	User	In the case of "With PID limits", the PID operation is performed after values are replaced as follows: • If SV is less than 0, the value is clipped to 0. • If SV is greater than 2000, the value is clipped to 2000.	
(s)+11	Process value	PV	Feedback data from the control target to the A/D conversion module	-50 to 2050	-32768 to 32767	User	In the case of "With PID limits", the PID operation is performed after values are replaced as follows: • If PV is less than -50, the value is clipped to -50. • If PV is greater than 2050, the value is clipped to 2050.	
(s)+12	Automatic manipulated value	MV	 Manipulated value obtained by PID operation The value is output from the D/A conversion module to the control target. 	-50 to 2050	-32768 to 32767	System	_	
(s)+13	Process value after filtering	PVf	Process value obtained by calculation using operational expression.*1	-50 to 2050	-32768 to 32767	System	-	
(s)+14	Manual manipulated value	MV _{MAN}	Store the data output from the D/A conversion module in manual operation.	-50 to 2050	-32768 to 32767	User	In the case of "With PID limits", the PID operation is performed after values are replaced as follows: • If MV _{MAN} is less than -50, the value is clipped to -50. • If MV _{MAN} is greater than 2050, the value is clipped to 2050.	
(s)+15	Manual/ automatic selection	MAN/ AUTO	 Select whether the output to the D/A conversion module is a manual manipulated value or an automatic manipulated value. In manual operation, the automatic manipulated value remains unchanged. 	0: Automatic manipu 1: Manual manipula		User	When other than 0 or 1 is selected, an error occurs and the operation for the corresponding loop is not performed.	

Device	Data name		Description	Setting range		Setting	Processing when the
				With PID limits	Without PID limits	side	setting data are outside the setting range
(s)+16	Alarm	ALARM	 Used to determine if the change rate of the MV (manipulated value) and the PV (process value) is within or outside the limit value range. Once set, the alarm data are maintained until the user resets it. 	0 (2 When the MV variati range, bit 1 (b1) is s	1 b0 (1) (1) on is outside the limit et to '1'. on is outside the limit	User System	_
(s)+17 : (s)+27	PID control w (reserved by t			_		-	_
	a for No. 2 loop	(device: (s)-	+28 to (s)+45)	1		1	
(s)+28	Setting value	SV	The same as I/O data area fo	r No. 1 loop			
(s)+29	Process value	PV					
(s)+30	Automatic manipulated value	M∨					
(s)+31	Process value after filtering	PVf	-				
(s)+32	Manual manipulated value	MV _{MAN}					
(s)+33	Manual/ automatic selection	MAN/ AUTO					
(s)+34	Alarm	ALARM		-			
(s)+35 : (s)+45	PID control w (reserved by t			_		-	-
I/O data area	a for No. n loop						·
(s)+(m+0)	Setting value	SV	The same as I/O data area for $m=(n-1) \times 18+10$	r No. 1 loop			
(s)+(m+1)	Process value	PV	n: number of loops				
(s)+(m+2)	Automatic manipulated value	MV					
(s)+(m+3)	Process value after filtering	PVf					
(s)+(m+4)	Manual manipulated value	MV _{MAN}					
(s)+(m+5)	Manual/ automatic selection	MAN/ AUTO					
(s)+(m+6)	Alarm	ALARM				1	
(s)+(m+7) : (s)+(m+17)	PID control wa (reserved by t			_		-	_

*1 For process value after filtering (PVf), the value calculated based on the process value of input data are stored. For the operational expression, refer to the following.

MELSEC-Q/L/QnA Programming Manual (PID Control Instructions)

Precautions

The following table shows the CPU modules applicable to the PID control instructions (inexact differential) and the PID control instructions (exact differential).

CPU module model		Inexact differential	Exact differential
Basic model QCPU	The first five digits of the serial number are '04121' or lower.	×	×
	The first five digits of the serial number are '04122' or higher	0	0
High Performance model	The first five digits of the serial number are '05031' or lower.	×	0
QCPU	The first five digits of the serial number are '05032' or higher.	0	0
Redundant CPU		0	0
Universal model QCPU		0	0
LCPU		0	0

PIDSTOP instruction and **PIDRUN** instruction

PIDSTOP, PIDRUN

Structured ladder/FBD	ST
EN ENO	ENO:= PIDSTOP (EN, n);

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. PIDSTOP, PIDSTOPP, PIDRUN, PIDRUNP

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
PIDSTOP, PIDRUN	
PIDSTOPP, PIDRUNP	

■Argument

Input/output argument	t	Name	D	Description				Dat	a type			
Input argumen	t	EN	Ex	Executing condition				Bit				
		n	Lo	Loop number for stop/start					ANY16			
Output argume	ent	ENO	Ex	xecution	result			Bit				
Setting	Internal	device	R, ZR	2	JD/D		UD\GD	G🛛 Zn C		Constant	Others	
data	Bit	Word			Bit	Word				К, Н		
(n)	0										—	

Processing details

• PIDSTOP(P)

This instruction stops the PID operation for the loop number specified by 'n'.

PIDRUN(P)

This instruction starts the PID operation for the loop number specified by 'n'.

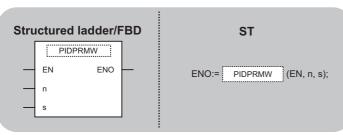
Precautions

The following table shows the CPU modules applicable to the PID control instructions (inexact differential) and the PID control instructions (exact differential).

CPU module model		Inexact differential	Exact differential
Basic model QCPU	The first five digits of the serial number are '04121' or lower.	×	×
	The first five digits of the serial number are '04122' or higher	0	0
High Performance model	The first five digits of the serial number are '05031' or lower.	×	0
QCPU	The first five digits of the serial number are '05032' or higher.	0	0
Redundant CPU		0	0
Universal model QCPU		0	0
LCPU		0	0

Operation parameter change

PIDPRMW(P)



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. PIDPRMW, PIDPRMWP

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
PIDPRMW	
PIDPRMWP	

■Argument

Input/outpu argument	t	Name		Descript	ion						
Input argument EN				Executing	condition			Bit			
n				Loop number to be changed ANY16							
	S			Start number of the device that stores PID control data to be changed				ANY16			
Output argum	ent	ENO		Execution result			Bit				
Setting	Internal	device	R,	ZR	JD/D U					Constant	Others
data Bit Wo		Word			Bit	Word				К, Н	
(n)	0	0			0					0	-
(S)	—	0			—					—	—

Processing details

This instruction changes the operation parameter of the loop number specified by 'n' to the PID control data stored in the devices starting from the device number specified by (s).

Device	Data item	Description	Setting range		Setting	Processing when the		
			With PID limits	Without PID limits	side	setting data are outside the setting range		
(s)+0	Operational expression selection	Select the PID operational expression.*1	0: Forward operation 1: Reverse operation	0: Forward operation 1: Reverse operation	User	An error occurs and the PID operation for the corresponding loop is not performed.		
(s)+1	Sampling cycle (T _S)	Set the PID operation cycle.	1 to 6000 (unit: 10ms)	1 to 6000 (unit: 10ms)	User			
(s)+2	Proportional constant (K _P)	Proportional gain of PID operation	1 to 10000 (unit: 0.01)	1 to 10000 (unit: 0.01)	User	An error occurs and the PID operation for the		
(s)+3	Integral constant (T _I)	Constant that expresses the magnitude of the integral action (I action) effect. Increasing the integral constant slows down the manipulated value change.	1 to 32767 (unit: 100ms) If setting value > 30000 Τ _I = Infinite (∞)	1 to 32767 (unit: 100ms) If setting value > 30000 $T_1 = Infinite (\infty)$	User	corresponding loop is not performed.		
(s)+4	Derivative constant (T _D)	Constant that expresses the magnitude of the derivative action (D action) effect. Increasing the derivative constant causes significant changes in the manipulated value even with a slight change of the control target.	0 to 30000 (unit: 10ms)	0 to 30000 (unit: 10ms)	User			
(s)+5	Filter coefficient (a)	Set the degree of filtering to be applied to the process value. The filtering effect decreases as the value gets closer to 0.	0 to 100	0 to 100	User			
(s)+6	MV lower limit (MVLL)	Set the lower limit for the manipulated value (MV) calculated in PID operation in automatic mode. If the MV is less than the set lower limit value (MVLL), the value is clipped to the MVLL.	-50 to 2050	-32768 to 32767	User	In the case of "With PID limits", the PID operation is not performed after values are replaced as follows: • If MVLL or MVHL value is less than -50, the value is clipped to -50.		
(s)+7	MV upper limit (MVHL)	Set the upper limit for the manipulated value calculated in PID operation in automatic mode. If the MV is greater than the set upper limit value (MVHL), the value is clipped to the MVHL.	-50 to 2050	-32768 to 32767	User	If MVLL or MVHL value is greater than 2050, the value is clipped to 2050.		
(s)+8	MV change rate limit (∆MVL)	Set the variation limit between the previous MV and the present MV. When the MV variation is greater than the limit value, bit 1 (b1) of the alarm device is set to '1'. MV variation is not limited. (Even if the MV variation exceeds the limit value, the actual MV variation is used as it is for calculating the MV.)	0 to 2000	-32768 to 32767	User	 In the case of "With PID limits", the PID operation is performed after values are replaced as follows: △MVL value is less than 0, the value is clipped to 0. △MVL value is greater than 2000, the value is clipped to 2000. 		

Device	Data item	Description	Setting range		Setting	Processing when the setting data are outside the setting range	
			With PID limits	Without PID limits	side		
(s)+9	PV change rate limit (ΔPVL)	Set the variation limit between the previous PV and the present PV. When the PV variation is greater than the limit value, bit 0 (b0) of the alarm device is set to '1'. PV variation is not limited. (Even if the PV variation exceeds the limit value, the actual PV variation is used as it is for performing the PID operation.)	0 to 2000	-32768 to 32767	User	 In the case of "With PID limits", the PID operation is performed values are replaced as follows: If the ΔPVL value is less than 0, the value is clipped to 0. If the ΔPVL value is greater than 2000, the value is clipped to 2000. 	

*1 For the PID operational expression set in the operational expression selection, refer to the following.

Precautions

The following table shows the CPU modules applicable to the PID control instructions (inexact differential) and the PID control instructions (exact differential).

CPU module model		Inexact differential	Exact differential
Basic model QCPU	The first five digits of the serial number are '04121' or lower.	×	×
	The first five digits of the serial number are '04122' or higher	0	0
High Performance model	The first five digits of the serial number are '05031' or lower.	×	0
QCPU	The first five digits of the serial number are '05032' or higher.	0	0
Redundant CPU	·	0	0
Universal model QCPU		0	0
LCPU		0	0

 \bigcirc : Applicable, \times : Not applicable

7 SOCKET COMMUNICATION FUNCTION INSTRUCTION

7.1 Opening/Closing Connection

SP_SOCOPEN

QnUDE(H) LCPU

Sti	uctured	ladder/f	BD	ST
	EN - Un - s1 - s2	ENO d		ENO:= SP_SOCOPEN (EN, Un, s1, s2, d);

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. SP_SOCOPEN

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
SP_SOCOPEN	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type	
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit	
	Un	Dummy ("U0")	String	
	s1	Connection number (1 to 16)	ANY16	
	s2	Variable that stores control data	Array of ANY16 [09]	
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit	
	d	Variable that turns ON during one scan upon completion of the instruction d[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of bit [01]	

Setting	Internal device		R, ZR J□\□		UD\GD	Zn	Constant	Others	
data	Bit	Word		Bit	Word			К, Н	
(s1)	—	0	0	—				0	_
(s2)	-	∆ ^{*1}	∆*1	—				—	—
(d)	∆ ^{*1}	-	∆ ^{*1}	—				—	—

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction establishes a connection.

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(\$2)[0]	Execution type/Completion type	Specify which to use the parameter values set by GX Works2 or the setting values of the following control data ((s2)[2] to (s2)[9]) at open processing of a connection. 0000H: Uses the parameter set in [Open settings] of GX Works2. 8000H: Uses the settings of control data (s2)[2] to (s2)[9].	0000H 8000H	User
(s2)[1]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	_	System
(s2)[2]	Application setting area	b15 b14 b9 b8 b0 (3) 0 (2) (1) 0 (1) Communication method (protocol) (b8) 0: TCP/IP 1: UDP/IP (2) With/without procedure in socket communication function (b9) 1: Nonprocedural communication (3) Open system (b15, b14) 00: Active open or UDP/IP 10: Unpassive open 11: Fullpassive open	(Refer to the left.)	User
(s2)[3]	Host station port No.	Specify the port number of the host station.	1H to 1387H 1392H to FFFEH (400H or later is recommended)	User
(s2)[4] (s2)[5]	Destination IP address ^{*2}	Specify the IP address of the external device.	1H to FFFFFFFH (FFFFFFFH : broadcast)	User
(s2)[6]	Destination port No.*2	Specify the port number of the external device.	1H to FFFFH (FFFFH: broadcast)	User
(s2)[7] to (s2)[9]	-	Unavailable	-	System

*2 "Destination IP address" and "Destination port No" are neglected at Unpassive open.

Precautions

- Use the Built-in Ethernet port QCPU of which the function version is B or later and the first five digits of the serial number are '11012' or higher.
- Use the LCPU other than L02SCPU and L02SCPU-P.

• The following program opens the connection 1.

[Structured ladder/FBD]

	Ver_Flag.Inst :SD1284.0 · SD1284.0 · SD1288.A · MOVP I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
	SP_SOCOPEN EN EN ENO Establishes "00" Un d Var_Result the connection var_ControlData s2 s2 s2 s2
2	Var_Result[0] Var_Result[1] SET I I Var_Result[1] Var_Result[1] Var_Result[1] Var_Result[1] Completion flag ON
	Var_Result[1] SET Turns error completion flag ON

[ST]

IF((LDP(TRUE, Var_Flag_Inst))

&(SD1282.0=FALSE) &(SD1284.0=FALSE) &(SD1288.A=TRUE))THEN

MOVP(TRUE, H0, Var_ControlData[0]); (* Sets execution type/completion type to 0H *)

SP_SOCOPEN(TRUE, "00", 1, Var_ControlData, Var_Result); (* Establishes the connection number 1 *) END_IF;

IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *)

IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *)

SET(FALSE, Var_Flag_Normal); (* Turns normal completion flag ON *)

ELSE (* Error completion *)

SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Error); (* Turns error completion flag ON *)

END_IF;

END_IF;

SP_SOCCLOSE

QnUDE(H) LCPU

St	ructured	ladder/l	BD	ST
-	EN Un s1 s2	ENO d		ENO:= SP_SOCCLOSE (EN, Un, s1, s2, d)

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. $\ensuremath{\mathsf{SP}_\mathsf{SOCCLOSE}}$

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
SP_SOCCLOSE	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Descrip	tion			Dat	a type			
Input argument	EN	Executin	g condition			Bit				
	Un	Dummy (Dummy ("U0")			String				
s1			Connection number (1 to 16)				ANY16			
	s2	Variable	Variable that stores control data				Array of ANY16 (01)			
Output argument	ENO	Executio	Execution result			Bit				
	d	completio	hat turns ON duri on of the instructio turns ON at the ti	on .		Array of bit [01]				
Setting Inte	ernal device	R, ZR		Mond	UD\GE]	Zn	Constant K. H	Others	

			,			 		
data	Bit	Word		Bit	Word		К, Н	
(s1)	—	0	0	—			0	—
(s2)	—	∆* 1	∆* 1	—			—	—
(d)	∆ ^{*1}	—	∆ ^{*1}	—			—	—

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction shuts off a specified connection.

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s2)[0]	System area	-	—	—
(s2)[1]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	_	System

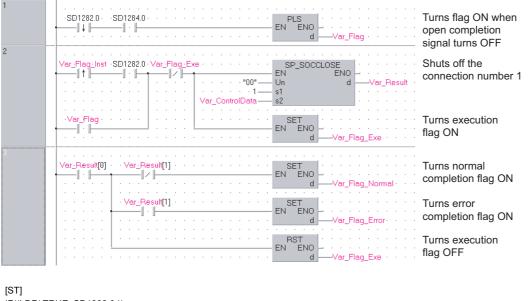
Precautions

- Use the Built-in Ethernet port QCPU of which the function version is B or later and the first five digits of the serial number are '11012' or higher.
- Use the LCPU other than L02SCPU and L02SCPU-P.

Program example

• The following program shuts off the connection 1 when the disconnect request flag turns ON or the external device closes the connection 1.

[Structured ladder/FBD]



IF((LDF(TRUE, SD1282.0))

&(SD1284.0=TRUE))THEN (* When open completion signal turns OFF *)

PLS(TRUE, Var_Flag); (* Turns flag ON *)

END_IF;

IF(((LDP(TRUE, Var_Flag_Inst) & SD1282.0) OR Var_Flag) & (NOT Var_Flag_Exe)) THEN SP_SOCCLOSE(TRUE, "00", 1, Var_ControlData, Var_Result); (* Shuts off the connection number 1 *) SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Exe); (* Turns execution flag ON *) ELSE SP_SOCCLOSE(FALSE, "00", 1, Var_ControlData, Var_Result); SET(FALSE, Var_Flag_Exe); END_IF;

```
IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *)

IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN

SET(FALSE, Var_Flag_Normal); (* Turns normal completion flag ON *)

ELSE (* Error completion *)

SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Error); (* Turns error completion flag ON *)

END_IF;

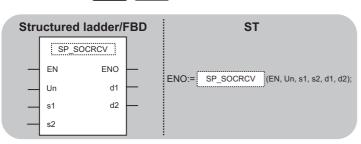
RST(TRUE, Var_Flag_Exe); (* Turns execution flag OFF *)

END IF;
```

7.2 SOCRCV Instruction

SP_SOCRCV

QnUDE(H) LCPU



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. SP_SOCRCV

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
SP_SOCRCV	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit
	Un	Dummy ("U0")	String
	s1	Connection number (1 to 16)	ANY16
	s2	Variable that stores control data	Array of ANY16 [01]
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit
	d1	Start number of the device that stores receive data	ANY16
	d2	Variable that turns ON during one scan upon completion of the instruction d2[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of bit [01]

Setting	Internal dev	ice	R, ZR	JD/D		UD\GD	Zn	Constant	Others
data	Bit	Word		Bit	Word			К, Н	
(s1)	—	0	0	—				0	_
(s2)	-	∆ ^{*1}	∆ ^{*1}	—				-	—
(d1)	-	∆ ^{*1}	∆ ^{*1}	—				-	—
(d2)	∆*1	—	∆ ^{*1}	—				-	—

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction reads receive data of a specified connection from the socket communication receive data area at the end process performed after the instruction execution.

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s2)[0]	System area	-	-	—
(s2)[1]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	-	System
Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(d1)+0	Receive data length	Data length of the data read from the socket communication	0 to 2046	System
		receive data area is stored. (number of bytes)		

Precautions

- Use the Built-in Ethernet port QCPU of which the function version is B or later and the first five digits of the serial number are '11012' or higher.
- Use the LCPU other than L02SCPU and L02SCPU-P.

Program example

• The following program reads data received from the external device. [Structured ladder/FBD]

1	Var_Flag_Inst SD1282:0 SD1286:0 Var_Result[0] SP_SOCRCV I I I I IIII IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	Reads data from the connection number 1
2	Var_Result[0] Var_Result[1] SET Image: Set in the set in th	Turns normal completion flag ON Turns error completion flag OFF

[ST]

IF((Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE) &(SD1282.0=TRUE) &(SD1286.0=TRUE) &(Var_Result[0]=FALSE))THEN

SP_SOCRCV (TRUE, "U0", 1, Var_ControlData, D500, Var_Result); (* Reads data from the connection number 1 *) END_IF;

IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *)

IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *)

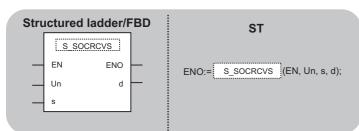
SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Normal); (* Turns normal completion flag ON *) ELSE (* Error completion *)

SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Error); (* Turns error completion flag ON *) END_IF;

END_IF;

S_SOCRCVS

QnUDE(H) LCPU



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. S_SOCRCVS

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
S_SOCRCVS	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit
	Un	Dummy ("U0")	String
	S	Connection number (1 to 16)	ANY16
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit
	d	Start number of the device that stores receive data	ANY16

Setting	Internal device		R, ZR	JD/D		JD/D		UD\GD	Zn	Constant	Others
data	Bit	Word		Bit	Word			К, Н			
(S)	—	0	0	—				0	—		
(d)	—	0	0	—				—	—		

Processing details

This instruction reads receive data of a specified connection from the socket communication receive data area.

Setting data

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(d)+0	Receive data length	Data length of the data read from the socket communication receive data area is stored. (number of bytes)	0 to 2046	System
(d)+1 to (d)+(n)	Receive data	Data read from the socket communication receive data area are stored in ascending address order.	—	System

Precautions

- Use the Built-in Ethernet port QCPU of which the function version is B or later and the first five digits of the serial number are '11012' or higher.
- Use the LCPU other than L02SCPU and L02SCPU-P.

• The following program reads data received from the external device. [Structured ladder/FBD]

1	Var_Flag_Inst SD1282:0 SD1286:0 S_SOCRCVS Reads data from the connection number 1 I </th <th>I</th>	I
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

[ST]

IF((Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE) &(SD1282.0=TRUE) &(SD1286.0=TRUE))THEN

S_SOCRCVS(TRUE, "U0", 1, D5000); (* Reads data from the connection number 1 *) END_IF;

SP_SOCSND

QnUDE(H) LCPU

Structi	ured ladder/	FBD	ST
I.	SP_SOCSND		
- EN	ENO		ENO:= SP_SOCSND (EN, Un, s1, s2, s3, d);
- Un	d	<u> </u>	
s1			
s2			
— s3			

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. SP_SOCSND

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition					
SP_SOCSND	f					

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit
	Un	Dummy ("U0")	String
	s1	Connection number (1 to 16)	ANY16
	s2	Variable that stores control data	Array of ANY16 [01]
	s3	Start number of the device that stores send data	ANY16
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit
	d	Variable that turns ON during one scan upon completion of the instruction d[1] also turns ON at the time of error completion.	Array of bit [01]

Setting	Internal device		R, ZR	JD/D	JD/D		Zn	Constant	Others
data	Bit	Bit Word Bit Word			К, Н				
(s1)	—	0	0	—				0	_
(s2)	-	∆ ^{*1}	∆*1	—				-	—
(s3)	-	0	0	—				-	—
(d)	∆*1	—	∆*1	—				-	—

*1 Local devices and file registers per program cannot be used as setting data.

Processing details

This instruction sends data to the external device of a specified connection.

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s2)[0]	System area	—	—	—
(s2)[1]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	—	System
Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s3)+0	Send data length	Data length of the data read from the fixed buffer data area is stored.	0 to 2046	User
		(number of bytes)		

Precautions

• Use the Built-in Ethernet port QCPU of which the function version is B or later and the first five digits of the serial number are '11012' or higher.

• Use the LCPU other than L02SCPU and L02SCPU-P.

• The following program sends data (1234, 5678, and 8901) to the external device using the socket communication function. [Structured ladder/FBD]

1	Var_Flag_Inst · · SD1282.0 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Sets data length by the byte
	Image: Move and the second	· · · ·
	SP_SOCSND SP_SOCSND EN EN EN EN EN SI S1 S2 S3	Sends data to the connection number 1
2	· Var_Result[0] · Var_Result[1] · EN ENO · Var_Flag_Normal · · · Var_Result[1] · · · EN ENO · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Turns normal completion flag ON Turns error completion flag ON

[ST]

IF((Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE)&(SD1282.0=TRUE))THEN

MOVP(TRUE, 6, Var_SendData[0]); (* Sets data length by the byte *)

MOVP(TRUE, 1234, Var_SendData[1]); (* Sets send data *)

MOVP(TRUE, 5678, Var_SendData[2]);

MOVP(TRUE, 8901, Var_SendData[3]);

SP_SOCSND(TRUE, "00", 1, Var_ControlData, Var_SendData[0], Var_Result); (* Sends data to the connection number 1 *) END_IF;

IF(Var_Result[0]=TRUE)THEN (* Execution finished *)

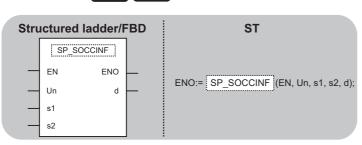
IF(Var_Result[1]=FALSE)THEN (* Normal completion *) SET(FALSE, Var_Flag_Normal); (* Turns normal completion flag ON *) ELSE (* Error completion *) SET(TRUE, Var_Flag_Error); (* Turns error completion flag OFF *) END_IF;

END_IF;

7.4 SOCCINF Instruction

SP_SOCCINF

QnUDE(H) LCPU



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. SP_SOCCINF

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
SP_SOCCINF	f

■Argument

Input/output Name argument			C	Description			Data type				
Input argumer	nt	EN	E	Executing	condition			Bit			
		Un	C	Dummy ("l	J0")			Strin	g		
		s1	C	Connectio	Connection number (1 to 16)			ANY16			
s2		s2	V	Variable that stores control data				Array of ANY16 [01]			
Output argument		ENO	E	Execution	ecution result Bit						
		d	l Variable			e that stores connection information		Array of ANY16 [04]			
Setting	Internal	rnal device F		R	JD/D		UD\GD		Zn	Constant	Others
data	Bit	Word			Bit	Word				К, Н	
(s1) — O		0	0						0	-	
(s2)	- 0		0		—					—	-
(d)	-	0	0		_					—	-

Processing details

This instruction reads connection information of a specified connection.

Device	Item	Item Setting data				
(s2)[0]	System area	-	—	—		
(s2)[1]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	-	System		
Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side		
(d)[0] (d)[1]	Destination IP address	The IP address of the external device is stored.	1H to FFFFFFFH 0H : No destination (FFFFFFFFH : broadcast)	System		
(d)[2]	Destination port No.	The port number of the external device is stored.	1H to FFFFH (FFFFH: broadcast)	System		
(d)[3]	Host station port No.	The port number of the host station is stored.	1H to 1387H 1392H to FFFEH	System		
(d)[4]	Application setting area	b15 b14 b9 b8 b0 (3) 0 (2)(1) 0 (1) Communication method (protocol) (b8) 0: TCP/IP 1: UDP/IP (2) With/without procedure in socket communication function (b9) 1: Nonprocedural communication (3) Open system (b15, b14) 00: Active open or UDP/IP 10: Unpassive open 11: Fullpassive open	_	System		

Precautions

- Use the Built-in Ethernet port QCPU of which the function version is B or later and the first five digits of the serial number are '11012' or higher.
- Use the LCPU other than L02SCPU and L02SCPU-P.

Program example

• The following program reads connection information of the connection number 1. [Structured ladder/FBD]

1		
	Var_Flag_Inst Contract Contract SP_SOCCINE Contract Contract	
	Und <mark>Var_Connection</mark>	
	s1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Reads data from the connection number 1

[ST]

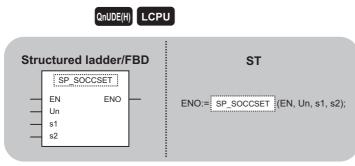
IF(Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE)THEN

SP_SOCCINF(TRUE, "U0", 1, Var_ControlData, Var_Connection); (* Reads data from the connection number 1 *) END_IF;

7.4 SOCCINF Instruction

7.5 Changing Destination

SP_SOCCSET



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. SP_SOCCSET

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition				
SP_SOCCSET					

■Argument

Input/outpu argument	it	Name		Descript	ion			Dat	a type		
Input argume	nt	EN		Executing	condition			Bit			
		Un		Dummy ("U0")			Strin	String			
s1 s2		s1		Connection number (1 to 16)				ANY16			
		s2		Variable that stores control data				Array of ANY16 [04]			
Output argum	ent	ENO		Execution result			Bit				
Setting	Internal	ernal device		R, ZR J□\□	JD/D		UE\GE]	Zn	Constant	Others
data	Bit	Word			Bit	Word				К, Н	
(s1)	-	0	0	0 –				0	-		
(s2)	—	0	0		_					—	—

Processing details

This instruction changes the IP address and port number of the external device of a specified connection. (Available only with a UDP/IP connection)

Setting data

Device Item		Setting data	Setting range	Setting side	
(s2)[0]	System area	-	—	-	
(s2)[1]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	-	System	
(s2)[2] (s2)[3]	Destination IP address	Destination IP address Specify the IP address of the external device.			
(s2)[4]	Destination port No.	Specify the port number of the external device.	1H to FFFFH (FFFFH: broadcast)	User	

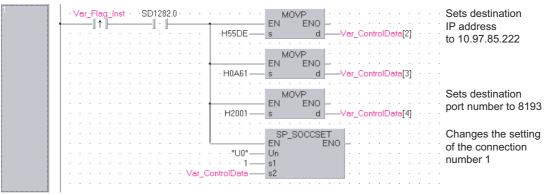
Precautions

- Use the Built-in Ethernet port QCPU of which the function version is B or later and the first five digits of the serial number are '11012' or higher.
- Use the LCPU other than L02SCPU and L02SCPU-P.

Program example

• The following program changes the destination (destination IP address and port number) of the connection number 1 which is being open.

[Structured ladder/FBD]



[ST]

IF((LDP(TRUE, Var_Flag_Inst)) &(SD1282.0=TRUE))THEN

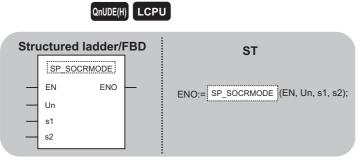
MOVP(TRUE, H55DE, Var_ControlData[2]);

MOVP(TRUE, H0A61, Var_ControlData[3]); (* Sets destination IP address to 10.97.85.222 *)

- MOVP(TRUE, H2001, Var_ControlData[4]); (* Sets destination port number to 8193 *)
- SP_SOCCSET(TRUE, "U0", 1, Var_ControlData); (* Changes the setting of the connection number 1 *) END_IF;

7.6 Changing Receive Mode

SP_SOCRMODE



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. SP_SOCRMODE

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
SP_SOCRMODE	f

■Argument

Input/output Name argument				Description			Data type				
Input argument EN Un s1		EN	Exe	ecuting condition			Bit				
		Un	Du	Dummy ("U0") S				ıg			
		Со	Connection number (1 to 16)				ANY16				
s2			Var	Variable that stores control data				Array of ANY16 [03]			
Output argum	ent	ENO	Exe	Execution result			Bit				
Setting	Interna	ernal device R		JD/D		UD\GE	1	Zn	Constant	Others	
data	Bit	Word		Bit	Word				К, Н		
(s1)	—	0	0	—					0	-	
(s2)	—	0	0	—	_				—	—	

Processing details

This instruction changes the TCP receive mode (unavailable for a UDP connection) and receive data size.

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s2)[0]	System area	-	—	-
(s2)[1]	Completion status	The instruction completion status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	_	System
(s2)[2]	TCP Receive Mode ^{*1}	Specify the TCP receive mode. 0: TCP normal receive mode 1: TCP fixed length receive mode	0, 1	User
(s2)[3]	Receive Data Size	Specify the receive data size of the socket communication. (number of bytes)	1 to 2046	User

*1 Unavailable for a UDP connection.

Precautions

- Use the Built-in Ethernet port QCPU of which the function version is B or later and the first five digits of the serial number are '11012' or higher.
- Use the LCPU other than L02SCPU and L02SCPU-P.

Program example

- The following program changes the receive mode of the connection number 1 to TCP fixed length receive mode and changes its receive data length to 256 bytes.
- After instruction execution, the connection number 1 turns the receive status signal ON when the length of receive data reaches 256 bytes.

[Structured ladder/FBD]

1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Var_Flag_Inst · · · · · MOVP · · · · · · · · Sets TCP receive
	↑ EN ENO · · · · · · · · · · mode to 1
	· · · · Î · · · · · · · · · · · · s dVar_ControlData[2] ·
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	MOVP Sets receive
	EN ENO data size to 256
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	SP_SOCRMODE CONTRACTOR Changes the receive
	EN EN EN Mode of the
	Un Connection number 1
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	New Yar_ControlData

[ST]

IF(Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE)THEN

MOVP(TRUE, 1, Var_ControlData[2]); (* Sets TCP receive mode to 1 *)

 $\label{eq:movP} MOVP(TRUE,\,256,\,Var_ControlData[3]);\,(* \;Sets\;receive\;data\;size\;to\;256\;*)$

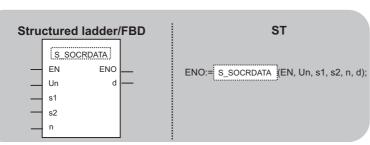
SP_SOCRMODE(TRUE, "00", 1, Var_ControlData); (*Changes the receive mode of the connection number 1 *) END_IF;

7

7.7 SOCRDATA Instruction

S(P)_SOCRDATA

QnUDE(H) LCPU



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares.

S_SOCRDATA, SP_SOCRDATA

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
S_SOCRDATA	
SP_SOCRDATA	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit
	Un	Dummy ("U0")	String
	s1	Connection number (1 to 16)	ANY16
	s2	Variable that stores control data	Array of ANY16 [01]
	n	Number of read data (1 to 1024 words)	ANY16
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit
	d	Variable that stores read data	ANY16

Setting	Internal device		R, ZR J□\□			UD\GD	Zn	Constant	Others
data	Bit	Word		Bit	Word			К, Н	
(s1)	-	0	0	—				0	—
(s2)	-	0	0	—				—	—
n	-	0	0	—				0	—
(d)	—	0	0	—				—	—

Processing details

This instruction reads data for the specified number of words from the socket communication receive data area of a specified connection, and stores it.

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s2)[0]	System area	-	—	—
(s2)[1]	Completion status	The instruction application status is stored. 0: Normal completion Other than 0: Error completion (error code)	—	System

Precautions

- Use the Built-in Ethernet port QCPU of which the function version is B or later and the first five digits of the serial number are '11012' or higher.
- Use the LCPU other than L02SCPU and L02SCPU-P.

Program example

• The following program reads the receive data length of the connection number 1. [Structured ladder/FBD]

Var_Flag_Inst · ·SD1282.0 · ·SD1286.0 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ads receive data gth of the nection number 1
---	--

[ST]

IF((Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE) &(SD1282.0=TRUE) &(SD1286.0=TRUE))THEN

SP_SOCRDATA(TRUE, "00", 1, Var_ControlData, 1, Var_Data); (* Reads receive data length of connection number 1 *) END_IF;

8 BUILT-IN I/O FUNCTION INSTRUCTION

8.1 Positioning Function Dedicated Instruction

Positioning start

IPPSTRT1, IPPSTRT2

LCPU

Structured ladder/FBD	ST
EN ENO	ENO:= IPPSTRT1 (EN, n);

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. IPPSTRT1, IPPSTRT1P, IPPSTRT2, IPPSTRT2P

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
IPPSTRT1 IPPSTRT2	
IPPSTRT1P IPPSTRT2P	

■Argument

Input/output argument	t	Nam	ne	Descript	Description Dat				a type			
Input argumen	iput argument EN				Executing condition Bit							
n			Positionin	Positioning data number (Setting range: 1 to 10) AN			ANY	NY16				
Output argument ENO			Execution	Execution result B			Bit	it				
Setting Internal device		e	R, ZR			UD\GD		Zn	Constant	Others		
data	Bit	١	Word		Bit	Word						
n	—	(0		—				0		—	

Processing details

This instruction specifies a data number to be executed for 'n' from the positioning data No. 1 to No. 10 which are previously set in GX Works2, and starts the specified axis (refer to the following).

- IPPSTRT1(P): Axis 1
- IPPSTRT2(P): Axis 2

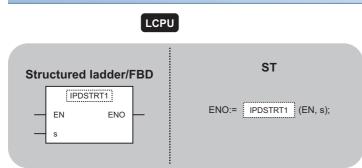
Program example

• The following program starts the "Positioning Data" No. 1 of the Axis 1 when M0 turns ON. [Structured ladder/FBD]



[ST] IPPSTRT1(M0, 1);

IPDSTRT1, IPDSTRT2



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. IPDSTRT1, IPDSTRT1P, IPDSTRT2, IPDSTRT2P

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
IPDSTRT1 IPDSTRT2	
IPPSTRT1P IPDSTRT2P	

■Argument

Input/output argument	t	Name		Descript	ion			Data	a type				
Input argumen	t	EN		Executing	Executing condition Bit								
		s		Start numb are stored	Start number of the device in which the control data Array of ANY16 [07] are stored								
Output argume	ent	ENO		Execution	result			Bit					
Setting	Internal	device	R	, ZR	JD/D		UE\GE	I	Zn	Constant	Others		
data	Bit	Word			Bit	Word							
(s)	—	0	· ·		_								

Processing details

Regardless of "Positioning Data" No. 1 to No. 10 which are previously set in GX Works2, this instruction starts the positioning of the specified axis (refer to the following) using the data stored in the devices starting from (s).

- IPDSTRT1(P): Axis 1
- IPDSTRT2(P): Axis 2

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s)[0]	Control system	 Positioning control (ABS) Positioning control (INC) Speed/position switching control (forward RUN) Speed/position switching control (reverse RUN) Current value change Speed control (forward RUN) Speed control (reverse RUN) 	1 to 7	User
(s)[1]	Acceleration/deceleration time	-	0 to 32767(ms)	
(s)[2]	Deceleration stop time	-	0 to 32767(ms)	
(s)[3]	Dwell time	_	0 to 65535(ms) ^{*1}	1
(s)[4]	Command speed	_	0 to 200000	1
(s)[5]			(pulse/s) ^{*2}	
(s)[6]	Positioning address/movement	-	-2147483648 to	1
(s)[7]	amount		2147483647(pul se)	

*1 Enter the setting value to the program as described below. 1 to 32767: Enter in decimal

32768 to 65535: Enter after converting it to hexadecimal

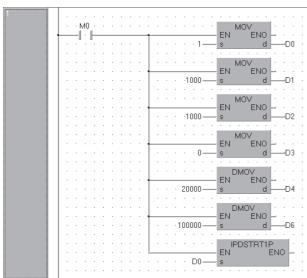
*2 The restricted speed value may be applied when the set value of the command speed is not within 0 to 200000.

Program example

• The following program sets the following positioning data and starts the axis 1 when M0 turns ON.

Device	Item	Setting data
D0	Control system	Positioning control (ABS)
D1	Acceleration/deceleration time	1000(ms)
D2	Deceleration stop time	1000(ms)
D3	Dwell time	0(ms)
D4, D5	Command speed	20000(pulse/s)
D6, D7	Positioning address/movement amount	100000(pulse)

[Structured ladder/FBD]



[ST]

MOV(M0, 1, D0); MOV(M0, 1000, D1); MOV(M0, 1000, D2); MOV(M0, 0, D3); DMOV(M0, 20000, D4); DMOV(M0, 100000, D6); IPDSTRT1P(M0, D0);

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. IPSIMUL, IPSIMULP

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
IPSIMUL	
IPSIMULP	

■Argument

Input/output argument	t	Name		Descript	ion			Dat	a type	ata type					
Input argumen	t	EN		Executing	condition		Bit	it							
		n1		Axis 1 pos	itioning data nu	ımber	ANY	'16							
		n2		Axis 2 pos	itioning data nu	ımber	ANY	ANY16							
Output argume	ent	ENO		Execution	result		Bit	Sit							
Setting	Internal	device	R,	ZR	JD/D		UE\GE]	Zn	Constant	Others				
data	Bit	Word			Bit	Word									
n1	—	0			—		·		0		-				
n2	—	0			—				0		—				

Processing details

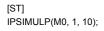
This instruction simultaneously starts the positioning of the axis 1 positioning data number specified by n1 and the axis 2 positioning data number specified by n2.

Program example

• The following program simultaneously starts the axis 1 positioning data No. 1 and the axis 2 positioning data No. 10 when M0 turns ON.

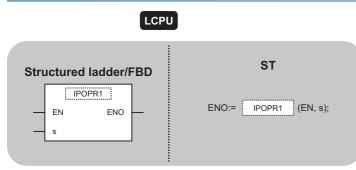
[Structured ladder/FBD]

1																										
		·	\cdot	vł0	÷	·	÷	·	÷	·	÷	·	÷	·	÷	·		·		IP:	SIN	101	P		· ·	
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		·		•	•		÷						÷			·	1—	_	n1						· ·	·
		•	÷	·	÷	·	÷	·	÷	·	÷	·	÷	·	÷	1	0 —	_	n2						· ·	·
		•	·	•	÷	·	÷	·	÷	·	÷	•	÷	·	÷	·		·		•					•	÷



OPR start

IPOPR1, IPOPR2



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. IPOPR1, IPOPR1P, IPOPR2P

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
IPOPR1 IPOPR2	
IPOPR1P IPOPR2P	

■Argument

Input/output argument	t	Name		Descrip	tion			Dat	a type				
Input argumen	t	EN		Executing	condition			Bit					
		S			Start number of the device in which the control data Array of ANY16 [02] are stored								
Output argume	ent	ENO		Executior	n result		Bit						
Setting	Internal	device		R, ZR	10/D		UD\G		Zn	Constant	Others		
data	Bit	Wo	ord		Bit	Word							
(S)	—	0			—		•						

Processing details

This instruction starts the OPR of which type is specified by (s) on the specified axis (refer to the following).

- IPOPR1(P): Axis 1
- IPOPR2(P): Axis 2

Setting data

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s)[0]	OPR type	1: Machine OPR 2: Fast OPR (OP address) 3: Fast OPR (standby address)	1 to 3	User
(s)[1]	Standby address	-	-2147483648 to	1
(s)[2]	(Set only when Fast OPR (standby address (3)) is set for the OPR type)		2147483647(pulse) (Ignored when other than standby address (3))	

• The following program starts the machine OPR of the axis 1 when M0 turns ON.

Device	Item	Setting data
D0	OPR type	Machine OPR
D1, D2	Standby address	0 (Ignored)

[Structured ladder/FBD]

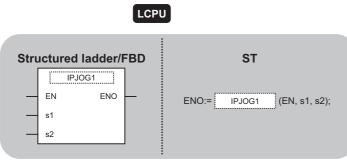
·	· Mi) - 		• •	•	• •		÷			• •		
1											_		
·				• •		·						· · · · · · · · · · ·	
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·	• •		·	• •		·	·	·	·		• •	in Origin	
1 ·				• •								EN ENO	
·	• •	•	•	• •	·	 • •	·		·	DO		·	
 ·	• •	·		• •	·	• •	•	•	·		• •		

[ST]

MOV(M0, 1, D0); DMOV(M0, 0, D1); IPOPR1P(M0, D0);

JOG start

IPJOG1, IPJOG2



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. IPJOG1, IPJOG2

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
IPJOG1 IPJOG2	

■Argument

Input/output argument	t	Name	[Descript	ion			Data type							
Input argumen	t	EN	E	Executing condition Bit											
		s1		Start numb are stored	ber of the device in which the control data d				Array of ANY16 [03]						
		s2	C	Direction specification of the JOG operation 0: Forward RUN 1: Reverse RUN					Bit						
Output argume	ent	ENO	E	Execution result					Bit						
Setting	Internal	device	R, Z	R	JD/D		UD\G		Zn	Constant	Others				
data	Bit	Word			Bit	Word									
(s1)	—	0			_										
(s2)	0	—	0		_										

Processing details

This instruction starts the JOG operation of the specified axis (refer to the following).

- IPJOG1: Axis 1
- IPJOG2: Axis 2

The JOG operation is executed in the direction specified by (s2), using the JOG speed, JOG acceleration/deceleration time stored in the devices starting from (s1).

Setting data

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s1)[0]	JOG speed	-	0 to	User
(s1)[1]			200000(pulse/ s) ^{*1}	
(s1)[2]	JOG acceleration time	-	0 to 32767(ms)	
(s1)[3]	JOG deceleration time	-		

*1 The restricted speed value may be applied when the set value of the JOG speed is not within 0 to 200000.

• The following program starts the forward JOG operation when M0 turns ON, and starts the reverse JOG operation when M1 turns ON.

Device	Item	Setting data
D0, D1	JOG speed	10000(pulse/s)
D2	JOG acceleration time	1000(ms)
D3	JOG deceleration time	

[Structured ladder/FBD]

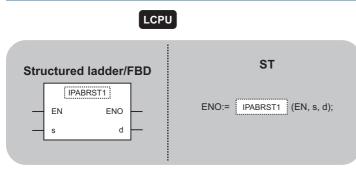
1	SM402 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	······································
	MOV
	EN ENO - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	MOV
	EN ENO
2	M0
3	M1
4	

[ST]

DMOV(SM402, 10000, D0); MOV(SM402, 1000, D2); MOV(SM402, 1000, D3); OUT(M0, M2); OUT(M1,M3); IPJOG1((M2 AND (NOT M3)) OR((NOT M2) AND M3), D0 , M3);

Absolute position restoration

IPABRST1, IPABRST2



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. IPABRST1, IPABRST2

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
IPABRST1 IPABRST2	

■Argument

Input/output argument	t	Name		Descript	ion			Data type						
Input argumen	t	EN		Executing	Executing condition Bit									
		s		Start number of the device for input				Array of bit [02]						
Output argume	ent	ENO		Execution result					Bit					
		d		Start number of the device for output					Array of bit [02]					
Setting	Internal	device	R,	ZR	JD/D		UD\GD		Zn	Constant	Others			
data	Bit	Word			Bit	Word								
(s)	0	—												
(d)	0	—												

Processing details

This instruction executes the absolute position restoration of the specified axis (refer to the following) by communicating with the servo amplifier using the input device specified by (s) and output device specified by (d).

- IPABRST1: Axis 1
- IPABRST2: Axis 2

Setting data

· Signals imported from servo amplifier

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s)[0]	Signals imported from servo	ABS send data bit0	0, 1	User
(s)[1]	amplifier	ABS send data bit1		
(s)[2]		ABS send data ready		

· Signals exported to servo amplifier

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(d)[0]	Signals exported to servo	Servo ON	—	System
(d)[1]	amplifier	ABS transfer mode		
(d)[2]		ABS request flag		

This instruction executes the absolute position restoration of the axis 1 when M0 turns ON.

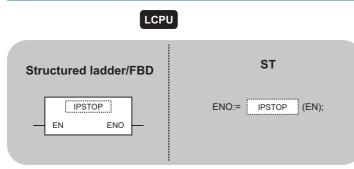
- · X20 to X22: Signals imported from the servo amplifier
- Y30 to Y32: Signals exported to the servo amplifier [Structured ladder/FBD]

	·		МO	Ŀ.	·	÷	÷	÷	·	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷		÷	·		PA	BRS	ЗT	1		÷	·	÷	÷
+	_	_	1 ×	⊢	_									_				EN			E	ENC	D	_			
	·		•	·		·		·		·		·		·	X2	0 —	_	s				- (d		-Y	30	

[ST] IPABRST1(M0 , X20, Y30);

IPSTOP instruction

IPSTOP1, IPSTOP2



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. IPSTOP1, IPSTOP2

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
IPSTOP1 IPSTOP2	

■Argument

Input/output argument	t	Name		Descript	Description Data type									
Input argumen	ıt	EN		Executing condition					Bit					
Output argument ENO				Execution result					Bit					
Setting	Internal	device	R,	, ZR	UE\GE]	Zn	Constant	Others					
data	Bit	Word		Bit Word		Word								
	_						- 1		I	1	1			

Processing details

This instruction stops the positioning of the specified axis (refer to the following).

- IPSTOP1: Axis 1
- IPSTOP2: Axis 2

Program example

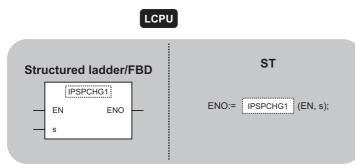
• The following program stops the axis 1 when M0 turns ON. [Structured ladder/FBD]



[ST]	
IPSTOP1(M0);	

Speed change

IPSPCHG1, IPSPCHG2



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. IPSPCHG1, IPSPCHG1P, IPSPCHG2, IPSPCHG2P

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
IPSPCHG1 IPSPCHG2	
IPSPCHG1P IPSPCHG2P	

Argument

Input/output argument		Nam	10		Description			Data type					
Input argumen	nput argument El		EN		Executing condition				Bit				
		s		Start number of the device in which the control data Array of ANY16 [03] are stored									
Output argume	ent	ENO	I		Execution result			Bit					
Setting	Internal	Internal device		R, ZR		J0/0		U⊟\G⊟ Zn Constant Othe			Others		
data	Bit	١	Word			Bit		Word					
(s)	—	(0			_							·

Processing details

This instruction changes the speed of the specified axis (refer to the following) using the acceleration/deceleration time at speed change, deceleration stop time at speed change, and new speed value stored in the devices starting from (s).

- IPSPCHG1(P): Axis 1
- IPSPCHG2(P): Axis 2

Setting data

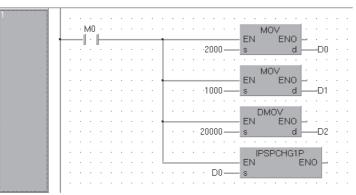
Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s)[0]	Acceleration/deceleration time at speed change	-	0 to 32767(ms)	User
(s)[1]	Deceleration stop time at speed change	_		
(s)[2]	New speed value	-	0 to 200000	
(s)[3]			(pulse/s) ^{*1}	

*1 The restricted speed value may be applied when the set value of the new speed is not within 0 to 200000.

• The following program changes the speed of the axis 1 when M0 turns ON.

Device	Item	Setting data
D0	Acceleration/deceleration time at speed change	2000(ms)
D1	Deceleration stop time at speed change	1000(ms)
D2, D3	New speed value	200000(pulse/s)

[Structured ladder/FBD]

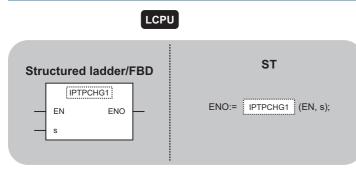


[ST]

MOV(M0, 2000, D0); MOV(M0, 1000, D1); DMOV(M0, 20000, D2); IPSPCHG1P(M0 , D0);

Target position change

IPTPCHG1, IPTPCHG2



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. IPTPCHG1, IPTPCHG1P, IPTPCHG2, IPTPCHG2P

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
IPTPCHG1 IPTPCHG2	
IPTPCHG1P IPTPCHG2P	

■Argument

Input/output argument	ł	Name	9	Descript	ion Data type							
Input argument		EN		Executing	Executing condition			Bit				
	s Target position change value (constant), or start ANY32 number of the device in which the control data are stored.											
Output argume	ent	ENO		Execution result Bit								
Setting	Internal o		•	R, ZR	JD/D	10/0		G⊡ Zn Constant Othe			Others	
data	Bit	W	/ord		Bit	Word						
(S)	—	0)		_			0		-		

Processing details

This instruction changes the position of the specified axis (refer to the following) to the new target position specified by (s).

- IPTPCHG1(P): Axis 1
- IPTPCHG2(P): Axis 2

Setting data

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side
(s)+0	Target position change value	-	-2147483648 to	User
(s)+1			2147483647(pulse/	
			s)	

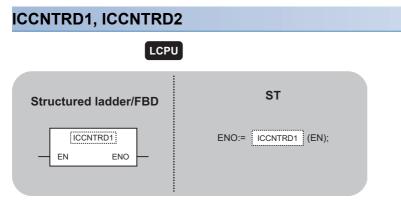
• The following program changes the target position of the axis 1 to 2000 when M0 turns ON. [Structured ladder/FBD]



[ST] IPTPCHG1P(M0 , 2000);

8.2 Counter Function Dedicated Instruction

Current value read



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. ICCNTRD1, ICCNTRD1P, ICCNTRD2, ICCNTRD2P

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
ICCNTRD1 ICCNTRD2	
ICCNTRD1P ICCNTRD2P	

■Argument

Input/output argument	t	Name		Descrip	tion		Data type							
Input argumen	t	EN		Executing	Executing condition Bit									
Output argume	ent	ENO		Execution	result			Bit						
Setting	Internal	device		R, ZR	JD/D		UD\GD		Zn	Constant	Others			
data	Bit	Wor	d		Bit	Word								
_	_													

Processing details

This instruction stores a value at the time of instruction execution to the current value of the specified CH (refer to the following).

Instruction	СН	Device in which the current value is stored
ICCNTRD1(P)	CH1	SD1880, SD1881
ICCNTRD2(P)	CH2	SD1900, SD1901

Program example

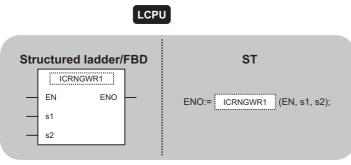
• The following program stores the most recent value to the CH 1 current value (SD1880, SD1881) when M0 turns ON. [Structured ladder/FBD]



[ST] ICCNTRD1(M0);

Ring counter upper/lower limit value write

ICRNGWR1, ICRNGWR2



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. ICRNGWR1, ICRNGWR1P, ICRNGWR2, ICRNGWR2P

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
ICRNGWR1 ICRNGWR2	
ICRNGWR1P ICRNGWR2P	

■Argument

Input/output argument		Nam	10	Descript	ion			Dat	a type						
Input argument	:	EN		Executing	condition		Bit								
		s1		number of lower limit • Constan 2147483 ((s2), (s2)	nt: Settings which 3648 to 2147483	stores the ring c n is within the ra 8647 and ((s1), (ANY	32							
		s2		number of upper limit • Constan 2147483 ((s2), (s2)	nt: Settings which 3648 to 2147483	stores the ring c n is within the ra 8647 and ((s1), (ounter nge of - s1)+1) ≤	ANY	32						
Output argume	nt	ENO		Execution	result			Bit							
Setting	Internal	devic	e	R, ZR	JD/D		UD\GD	I	Zn	Constant	Others				
data	Bit	١	Word		Bit	Word									

Processing details

_

0

0

(s1)

(s2)

This instruction sets the ring counter lower limit value and the ring counter upper limit value of the specified CH (refer to the following).

0

0

_

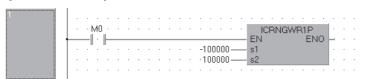
_

- ICRNGWR1(P): CH1
- ICRNGWR2(P): CH2

Program example

• The following program sets -100000 for the ring counter lower limit value and 100000 for the ring counter upper limit value of CH 1 when M0 turns ON.

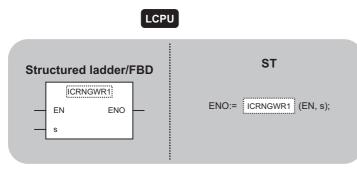
[Structured ladder/FBD]



[ST] ICRNGWR1P(M0 , -100000 , 100000);

Preset value write

ICPREWR1, ICPREWR2



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. ICPREWR1, ICPREWR1P, ICPREWR2, ICPREWR2P

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
ICPREWR1 ICPREWR2	
ICPREWR1P ICPREWR2P	

■Argument

Input/outpu argument	t	Name		Descript	ion			Dat	a type			
Input argumer	ıt	EN		Executing								
		S		device that • Constant 2147483	ue (constant), or t stores the pres t: Settings which 3648 to 2147483 Within the range	et value n is within the ra 3647	ANY	32				
Output argum	ent	ENO		Execution	result			Bit				
Setting data	Internal Bit	device Word	R	R, ZR	J⊡\⊡ Bit	Word]	Zn	(Constant	Others	

0

Processing details

0

This instruction sets a preset value of the specified CH (refer to the following).

• ICPREWR1(P): CH1

(s)

· ICPREWR2(P): CH2

Program example

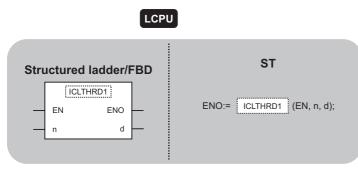
• The following program sets 10000 for the preset value of CH 1 when M0 turns ON. [Structured ladder/FBD]



[ST] ICPREWR1(M0 , 10000);

Latch counter value read

ICLTHRD1, ICLTHRD2



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. ICLTHRD1, ICLTHRD1P, ICLTHRD2, ICLTHRD2P

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
ICLTHRD1 ICLTHRD2	
ICLTHRD1P ICLTHRD2P	

■Argument

Input/output argument	t	Name	Descri	otion			Data	Data type								
Input argumen	t	EN	Executin	g condition		Bit										
		n	Latch co	unt value (1,2)		ANY	16									
Output argume	ent	ENO	Executio	n result			Bit	Bit								
		d	Start nur value is	nber of the device stored	e in which the late	ANY	ANY32									
Setting	Internal	device	R, ZR	JD/D		UD\G]	Zn	Constant	Others						
data	Bit	Word		Bit	Bit Word											
n	—	0		—				0		-						
(d)	—	0		—				0	—							

Processing details

This instruction stores a latch count value n of the specified CH (refer to the following) to (d).

- ICLTHRD1(P): CH1
- ICLTHRD2(P): CH2

Program example

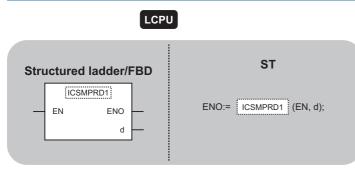
• The following program stores the latch count value 1 of CH 1 to D100 and D101 when M0 turns ON. [Structured ladder/FBD]

.																										
Ŀ	•	•	·		M0										EI			ΉF	RD) F	1 5 N II		•	·	÷	·	÷
•				- 11									1 —		_	N			-	-111	d		-D	10	0	
·			·	÷	÷	·	÷	·	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷		1	•		÷		•		·		÷	1

[ST] ICLTHRD1(M0 , 1 , D100);

Sampling counter value read

ICSMPRD1, ICSMPRD2



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. ICSMPRD1, ICSMPRD1P, ICSMPRD2P, ICSMPRD2P

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
ICSMPRD1 ICSMPRD2	
ICSMPRD1P ICSMPRD2P	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name		Descript	ion	Dat	a type							
Input argument	EN		Executing	condition		Bit							
Output argument	ENO		Execution	result		Bit							
	d		Start numb	per of the device in which the s e is stored	ampling	ANY32							
Sotting Inter	nal dovico	D	70			D Zn Constant Others							

Setting	Internal de	vice	R, ZR	10/D		UD\GD	Zn	Constant	Others
data	Bit	Word		Bit	Word				
(d)	—	0		—			0	—	

Processing details

This instruction stores a sampling count value of the specified CH (refer to the following) to (d).

- ICSMPRD1(P): CH1
- ICSMPRD2(P): CH2

Program example

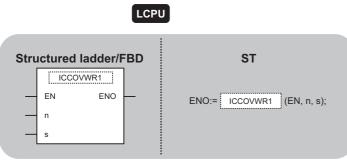
• The following program stores the sampling count value of CH 1 to D100 and D101 when M0 turns ON. [Structured ladder/FBD]

	1.1	ċ	÷	÷	·	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	- F			SM	PF	RD	1 EN 1	_			÷		
	_														15	1				IN	d	_		0		
	·	1	1	÷		÷	·	·	·	÷	÷	÷	÷				•	•		1			·		•	

[ST] ICSMPRD1(M0, D100);

Coincidence output point write

ICCOVWR1, ICCOVWR2



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. ICCOVWR1, ICCOVWR1P, ICCOVWR2, ICCOVWR2P

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
ICCOVWR1 ICCOVWR2	
ICCOVWR1P ICCOVWR2P	

■Argument

Input/output argument	1	Nai	me	Descript	tion			Dat	a type		
Input argumen	t	EN		Executing	condition			Bit			
		n		Coinciden	ce output No. n	point (1,2)		ANY	′16		
		S		number o No. n poir • Constat 214748	ce output No. n f the device in wh it is stored nt: Settings which 3648 to 2147483 Within the range	hich coincidence h is within the ra	e output inge of -	ANY	/32		
Output argume	ent	ENG	C	Execution result Bit							
Setting	Internal	devi	се	R, ZR	JD/D		UD\GD]	Zn	Constant	Others
data	Bit		Word		Bit	Word	1				

0

0

Processing details

0

0

This instruction stores a coincidence output No. n point of the specified CH (refer to the following).

_

• ICCOVWR1(P): CH1

n (s)

• ICCOVWR2(P): CH2

Program example

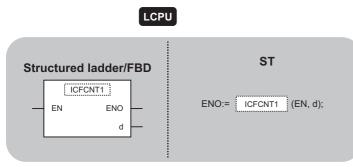
• The following program sets the value of D100 and D101 to the coincidence output No. 2 point of CH 1 when M0 turns ON. [Structured ladder/FBD]

- I -																								
·	M0	·														IC	СС	Ŵ	٧P	1				
+	 - II-	F	 												E	V.			E	ΕN	O ¦	_		
	- ·																					÷	÷	
•			·	·	·	·	·	·	·	·	D	10	0—	_	s							·	·	÷

[ST] ICCOVWR1(M0 , 2 , D100);

Frequency measurement

ICFCNT1, ICFCNT2



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. ICFCNT1, ICFCNT2

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
ICFCNT1 ICFCNT2	

■Argument

Input/outpu argument	t	Name		Descript	ion			Data	a type		
Input argumer	nt	EN		Executing	condition			Bit			
Output argum	ent	ENO		Execution	result			Bit			
		d			per of the devic frequency valu	e that stores the le		ANY:	32		
Setting	Internal	device	R,	ZR	JD/D		UD\GE]	Zn	Constant	Others
data	Bit	Word			Bit	Word					
(d)	—	0			—		0 –				

Processing details

This instruction measures a frequency of the specified CH (refer to the following) according to the settings such as the frequency measurement unit time setting.

- ICFCNT1: CH1
- ICFCNT2: CH2

The measured value is stored to (d) at the ICFCNT instruction execution. The measurement starts at the rising pulse of the ICFCNT instruction execution command, and ends at the falling pulse.

Program example

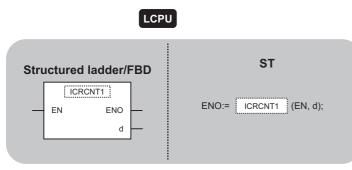
• The following program executes the frequency measurement of CH 1 while M0 is ON. [Structured ladder/FBD]

· · ·	MO						÷		÷			ICFCNT1
	l∶⊩											- EN ENO - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	• •	• •	÷	·	·	·	÷	·	÷	·	·	· · · · · · ·

[ST] ICFCNT1(M0 , D100);

Rotation speed measurement

ICRCNT1, ICRCNT2



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. ICRCNT1, ICRCNT2

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
ICRCNT1 ICRCNT2	

■Argument

Input/output argument	t	Name	Descrip	tion			Data type		
Input argumen	t	EN	Executing	g condition			Bit		
Output argume	ent	ENO	Execution	n result			Bit		
		d		ber of the device d rotation speed	e that stores the		ANY32		
Setting	Internal	device	R, ZR	JD/D		U⊟\GE	l Zn	Constant	Others
data	Bit	Word		Bit	Word				
(d)	—	0		-			0	—	•

Processing details

This instruction measures a rotation speed of the specified CH (refer to the following) according to the settings such as the rotation speed measurement unit time setting.

- ICRCNT1: CH1
- ICRCNT2: CH2

The measured value is stored to (d) at the ICRCNT instruction execution. The measurement starts at the rising pulse of the ICRCNT instruction execution command, and ends at the falling pulse.

Program example

1

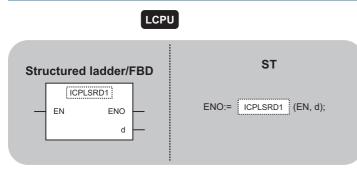
• The following program stores the rotation speed measurement value of CH 1 to D100 and D101 while M0 is ON. [Structured ladder/FBD]

······································		 	
EN ENO - · · · ·	• • M0 •	 	 ICBONT1
	 I · I		 EN ENO

[ST] ICRCNT1(M0 , D100);

Pulse measurement read

ICPLSRD1, ICPLSRD2



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. ICPLSRD1, ICPLSRD1P, ICPLSRD2, ICPLSRD2P

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
ICPLSRD1 ICPLSRD2	
ICPLSRD1P ICPLSRD2P	

■Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit
	d	Start number of the device that stores the measured pulse value	ANY32

	Setting	Internal dev	ice R, ZR J□\□			UD\GD	Zn	Constant	Others	
1	data	Bit	Word		Bit	Word				
	(d)	—	0		—			0		—

Processing details

This instruction stores a measured pulse value of the specified CH (refer to the following) to (d).

- ICPLSRD1(P): CH1
- ICPLSRD2(P): CH2

Program example

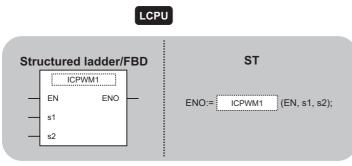
• The following program stores the measured pulse value of CH 1 to D100 and D101 when M0 turns ON. [Structured ladder/FBD]

· .	•	• •							· <u>· · · · · · · · ·</u> · · · · · ·	
· ·									ICPLSRD1	
<u> </u>	-1	· II-							- EN ENO - · · · ·	
·	. "	• •							dD100 · · ·	
·		• •						•		

[ST] ICPLSRD1(M0 , D100);

PWM output

ICPWM1, ICPWM2



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. ICPWM1, ICPWM2

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
ICPWM1 ICPWM2	

■Argument

Input/output argument		lame	Descript	ion			Dat	ata type						
Input argument	E	N	Executing	condition			Bit							
	s	1	start numb output ON • Constar of 10 to (s2)+1)	 PWM output ON time setting value (constant), or start number of the device that stores the PWM output ON time setting value Constant: Settings which is 0 or within the range of 10 to 10⁷ (0.1µs) and ((s1), (s1)+1) ≤ ((s2), (s2)+1) Device: Within the range of specified device 					ANY32					
	s	2	start numb output cyc • Constar of 50 to (s2)+1)	ber of the device le time setting v nt: Settings whic 10 ⁷ (0.1µs) and	tting value (cons that stores the f alue h is 0 or within th $ ((s1), (s1)+1) \leq$ e of specified de	PWM ne range ((s2),	ANY	'32						
Output argumen	nt E	NO	Execution	result			Bit							
data	Internal de Bit	wice	R, ZR					I Zn Constant Oth						
(s1)				Bit Word				0		_				

Processing details

0

This instruction outputs a PWM waveform of the specified CH (refer to the following).

• ICPWM1: CH1

(s2)

ICPWM2: CH2

The PWM waveform with the ON time ((s1)) and the cycle time ((s2)) is output from the coincidence output No.1 signal during the ICPWM instruction execution. The output of the PWM waveform starts from OFF.

0

Program example

• The following program outputs the PWM waveform with $1\mu s$ ON time and $5\mu s$ cycle time from CH 1 while M0 is ON. [Structured ladder/FBD]



[ST] ICPWM1(M0 , 10 , 50);

9 DATA LOGGING FUNCTION INSTRUCTION

9.1 Trigger Logging Set/Reset

LOGTRG Instruction, LOGTRGR Instruction

QnUDV LCPU

Structured ladder/FBD	ST
EN ENO	ENO:= LOGTRG (EN, n);

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. LOGTRG, LOGTRGR

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
LOGTRG	
LOGTRGR	

■Argument

Input/output argument	t	Name	Descrip	tion		Dat	ata type					
Input argumen	t	EN	Executing	Executing condition Bit								
		n	Data logo	Data logging configuration number A					ANY16			
Output argume	ent	ENO	Execution	n result			Bit	Bit				
Setting	Internal	device	R, ZR	JD/D	JD\D			Zn	Constant	Others		
data	Bit	Word		Bit	Word				К, Н	1		
n	—	0		-	_			0	-			

Processing details

LOGTRG

- The LOGTRG instruction generates a trigger in the trigger logging of the data logging configuration number specified by 'n'.
- A value from 1 to 10 is set for 'n'.
- When the LOGTRG instruction is executed, the special relay (data logging trigger) of the data logging configuration number specified by 'n' turns ON. After executing the trigger logging for the number of times set for "Number of records", the instruction latches the data and stops the trigger logging.
- · Validated when "When trigger instruction executed" is selected as the trigger condition.
- No processing is performed with the following condition.
- Specifying a data logging configuration number for which other than "When trigger instruction executed" is specified as the trigger condition.
- Specifying a data logging configuration number which is not configured.
- Specifying a data logging configuration number which is currently used for continuous logging.
- Executing the LOGTRG instruction again without executing the LOGTRGR instruction after the LOGTRG instruction.

■LOGTRGR

- The LOGTRGR instruction resets the LOGTRG instruction of the specified data logging configuration number.
- When the LOGTRGR instruction is executed, the special relay (data logging trigger, trigger logging complete) of the data logging configuration number specified by 'n' turns OFF.
- When the instruction is executed while transferring data in the buffer memory to the SD memory card, the instruction process is held until data transfer is complete.

Operation error

 In the following case, an operation error occurs, the error flag (SM0) is turned ON, and the corresponding error code is stored to SD0.

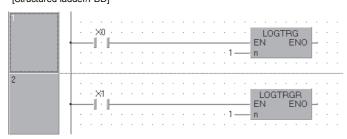
Error code	Description
4100	The value for n is outside the range of 1 to 10

Precautions

• Use the LCPU other than L02SCPU and L02SCPU-P.

Program example

 The following program executes the LOGTRG instruction on the data logging configuration No. 1 when X0 turns ON, and resets the trigger condition with the LOGTRGR instruction when X1 turns ON.
 [Structured ladder/FBD]



[ST] LOGTRG(X0,1); LOGTRGR(X1,1);

10 SFC CONTROL INSTRUCTION

10.1 SFC Step Comment Read

S(P)_SFCSCOMR

Darley

High Pro

performan		Redundan		
Stru	ctured l	adder/F	BD	ST
	SP_SFC EN n1 n2 n3	ENO d1 d2		ENO:= SP_SFCSCOMR (EN, n1, n2, n3, d1, d2)

The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. S_SFCSCOMR, SP_SFCSCOMR

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
S_SFCSCOMR	
SP_SFCSCOMR	

■Argument

Input/ou argumei			Na	me		Des	cription				Data type					
Input argu	iment		EN			Exec	uting condition				Bit					
			n1				No. of an SFC			nts	ANY16					
			n2				device number w ad or the numbe			ents	ANY16					
n3						number of comm vice number wh pred.		•		ANY16						
Output are	Output argument ENO				Exec	ution result				Bit						
	d1				The f read.	first number of d	:	ANY16								
			d2			A device that turns ON for 1 scan at completion of the instruction.					Bit					
Setting data		nternal R J⊡\⊡ levice U⊡\G⊡			Cons K, H	stant	Expansion SFC	Others	Sequence Program	SFC	Program	n Execution Site				
	Bit	Word		Zn			BLm\Sn			Step	Transition Condition	Block	Step	Transition Condition		
n1	-	0		—	0		—		0		-	0	-	—		
n2	—	0		—	0		—		0		—]	—	—		
n3	—	0		—	0				0 0		—		—	—		
(d1)	—	O*1		—	—						—		_	—		
(d2)	O*1	-		—	—		—		0		—		-	—		

*1 Local device cannot be used.

Processing details

This function reads step comments being activated in the SFC block specified at (n1), by the number of comment specified at (n2), and stores those to the device number of after specified at (d1).

Precautions

- For High Performance model QCPU, use the function version is B or later and the first five digits of the serial number are '07012' or higher.
- For Process CPU and Redundant CPU, use the first five digits of the serial number are '07032' or higher.
- For Universal CPU, use the first five digits of the serial number are '12052' or higher. Q00UJCPU, Q00UCPU, Q01UCPU, and Q02UCPU can not be used.

Program example

• This program reads 2 comments being activated at the SFC block No.1 when X1 is turned ON, and stores those to the storage device after D0. (The number of comment to be read (n3) in a single scan is also set in 2.) [Structured ladder/FBD]

1	·Var_Flag.Exe · SM735 · · · · SET · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	· Var_Flag.Inst · Var_Flag_Exe SP_SFCSCOMR · · · · · · · Execution command · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

[ST]

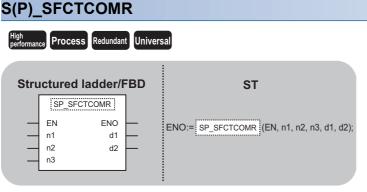
IF((Var_Flag_Exe=TRUE) & (SM735=FALSE))THEN (*Online program change execution command*) SET(TRUE, Var_Flag); (*Online program change enable flag*)

END_IF;

IF((Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE) & (Var_Flag=FALSE))THEN (*Execution command of SP_SFCSCOMR instruction*) SP_SFCSCOMR(TRUE, 1, D0, 2, D1, M1);

END_IF;

10.2 SFC Transition Condition Comment Read



The following instruction can go in the dotted squares. S_SFCTCOMR, SP_SFCTCOMR

■Executing condition

Instruction	Executing condition
S_SFCTCOMR	
SP_SFCTCOMR	

Argument

Input/output argument	Name	Description	Data type
Input argument	EN	Executing condition	Bit
	n1	Block No. of an SFC program that read comments or device number where block No. is stored.	ANY16
	n2	The device number where the number of comments to read or the number of comments is stored.	ANY16
	n3	The number of comments to read in a single scan or device number where the number of comments is stored.	ANY16
Output argument	ENO	Execution result	Bit
	d1	The first number of device that stores comment read.	ANY16
	d2	A device that turns ON for 1 scan at completion of the instruction.	Bit

Setting data	Intern devic		R	J0\0 U0\60	Constant K, H	Expansion SFC	Others	Sequence Program	SFC F	Program	Execut	ion Site	
	Bit	Word		Zn		BLm\Sn			Step	Transition Condition	Block	Step	Transition Condition
n1	-	0		—	0	—		0		—	0	—	—
n2	—	0		_	0	—		0		—		—	—
n3	—	0		_	0	—		0		—		—	—
(d1)	—	O*1		_	—	—		0		—		—	—
(d2)	0*1	—		—	—	—		0		—		—	—

*1 Local device cannot be used.

Processing details

This function reads comments of the transition condition 1 associated with steps activated in the SFC block specified at (n1) with the number of comments specified at (n2), and stores those to the device number of after specified at (d1).

Precautions

- For High Performance model QCPU, use the function version is B or later and the first five digits of the serial number are '07012' or higher.
- For Process CPU and Redundant CPU, use the first five digits of the serial number are '07032' or higher.
- For Universal CPU, use the first five digits of the serial number are '12052' or higher. Q00UJCPU, Q00UCPU, Q01UCPU, and Q02UCPU can not be used.

Program example

• This program reads 2 comments being activated at the SFC block No.1 when X1 is turned ON, and stores those to the storage device after D0. (The number of comment to be read (n3) in a single scan is also set in 2.) [Structured ladder/FBD]

1	· Var_Flag_Exe · SM735 SET change enable flag · I · I · I · I · I · I · I · I · I · I
2	Var_Flag.Inst Var_Flag SP_SFCTCOMR Execution command I I EN ENO of SP_SFCTCOMR I I II II III III I III III III III III I III III III III III III III III III IIII IIII IIII III III IIII IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII

[ST]

IF((Var_Flag_Exe=TRUE) & (SM735=FALSE))THEN (*Online program change execution command*)

SET(TRUE, Var_Flag); (*Online program change enable flag*) END IF;

IF((Var_Flag_Inst=TRUE) & (Var_Flag=FALSE))THEN (*Execution command of SP_SFCTCOMR instruction*) SP_SFCTCOMR(TRUE, 1, D0, 2, D1, M1);

END_IF;

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REVISIONS

*The manual number is given on the bottom left of the back cover.

Revision date	*Manual number	Description
July, 2008	SH(NA)-080785ENG-A	Due to the transition to the e-Manual, the details of revision have been deleted.
: June, 2013	: SH(NA)-080785ENG-K	
February, 2017	SH(NA)-080785ENG-L	Complete revision (layout change)
Japanese manual version SH-080738-Q		

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WARRANTY

Please confirm the following product warranty details before using this product.

1. Gratis Warranty Term and Gratis Warranty Range

If any faults or defects (hereinafter "Failure") found to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi occurs during use of the product within the gratis warranty term, the product shall be repaired at no cost via the sales representative or Mitsubishi Service Company.

However, if repairs are required onsite at domestic or overseas location, expenses to send an engineer will be solely at the customer's discretion. Mitsubishi shall not be held responsible for any re-commissioning, maintenance, or testing on-site that involves replacement of the failed module.

[Gratis Warranty Term]

The gratis warranty term of the product shall be for one year after the date of purchase or delivery to a designated place. Note that after manufacture and shipment from Mitsubishi, the maximum distribution period shall be six (6) months, and the longest gratis warranty term after manufacturing shall be eighteen (18) months. The gratis warranty term of repair parts shall not exceed the gratis warranty term before repairs.

[Gratis Warranty Range]

- (1) The range shall be limited to normal use within the usage state, usage methods and usage environment, etc., which follow the conditions and precautions, etc., given in the instruction manual, user's manual and caution labels on the product.
- (2) Even within the gratis warranty term, repairs shall be charged for in the following cases.
 - 1. Failure occurring from inappropriate storage or handling, carelessness or negligence by the user. Failure caused by the user's hardware or software design.
 - 2. Failure caused by unapproved modifications, etc., to the product by the user.
 - 3. When the Mitsubishi product is assembled into a user's device, Failure that could have been avoided if functions or structures, judged as necessary in the legal safety measures the user's device is subject to or as necessary by industry standards, had been provided.
 - 4. Failure that could have been avoided if consumable parts (battery, backlight, fuse, etc.) designated in the instruction manual had been correctly serviced or replaced.
 - 5. Failure caused by external irresistible forces such as fires or abnormal voltages, and Failure caused by force majeure such as earthquakes, lightning, wind and water damage.
 - 6. Failure caused by reasons unpredictable by scientific technology standards at time of shipment from Mitsubishi.
 - 7. Any other failure found not to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi or that admitted not to be so by the user.

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- (1) Mitsubishi shall accept onerous product repairs for seven (7) years after production of the product is discontinued. Discontinuation of production shall be notified with Mitsubishi Technical Bulletins, etc.
- (2) Product supply (including repair parts) is not available after production is discontinued.

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4. Exclusion of loss in opportunity and secondary loss from warranty liability

Regardless of the gratis warranty term, Mitsubishi shall not be liable for compensation to:

- (1) Damages caused by any cause found not to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi.
- (2) Loss in opportunity, lost profits incurred to the user by Failures of Mitsubishi products.
- (3) Special damages and secondary damages whether foreseeable or not, compensation for accidents, and compensation for damages to products other than Mitsubishi products.
- (4) Replacement by the user, maintenance of on-site equipment, start-up test run and other tasks.

5. Changes in product specifications

The specifications given in the catalogs, manuals or technical documents are subject to change without prior notice.

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 SH(NA)-080785ENG-L(1702)KWIX

 MODEL:
 Q-KP-TM-E

 MODEL CODE:
 13JW09

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION

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